

Assignment NPTEL  
06-02-2022





The complex  $[\text{Ag}(\text{NH}_3)_2]^+$  has the coordination number :

- a) 3
- b) 2
- c) 1
- d) 6

- a
- b
- c
- d

Ans. (b)



What will be geometry when four cyanides are attached to the nickel (Ni) centre?

- a) Tetrahedral
- b) Square planar
- c) Trigonal bipyramidal
- d) Square pyramidal

- a
- b
- c
- d

Ans. (b)



What is coordination number and the oxidation state of Pd in the  $\text{Pd}(\text{PPh}_3)_4$  complex?

- a) 4, 0
- b) 4, +2
- c) 2, 0
- d) 2, +2

- a
- b
- c
- d

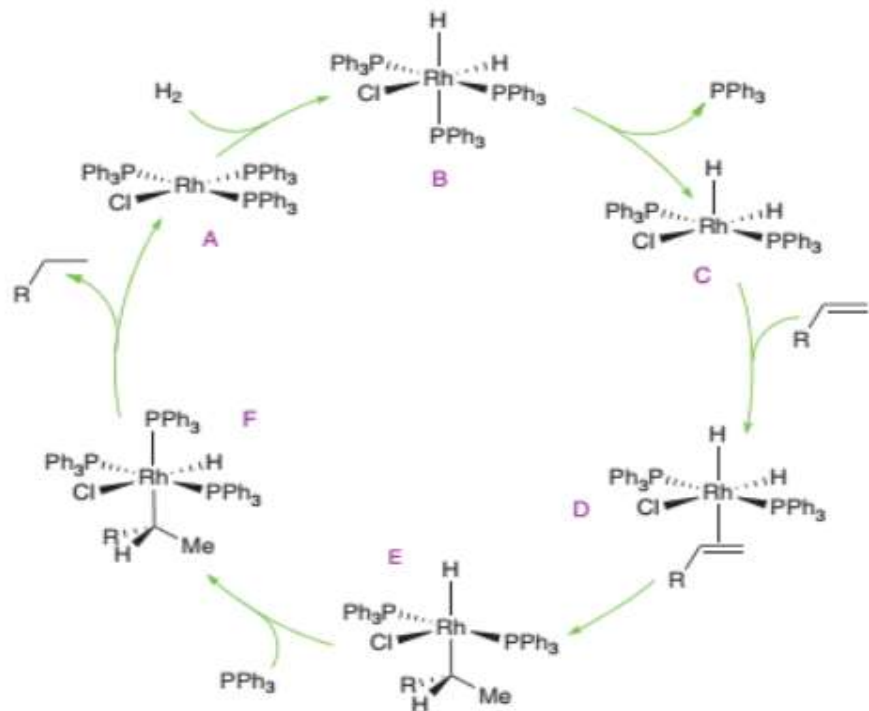
Ans. (a)



Which one of the given compounds is known as Wilkinson's catalyst?

- a)  $[\text{RhCl}(\text{PPh}_3)_3]$
- b)  $[\text{RhCO}(\text{PPh}_3)_3]$
- c)  $[\text{IrCl}(\text{PPh}_3)_2]$
- d)  $[\text{IrCl}(\text{CO})_2]$

- a
- b
- c
- d



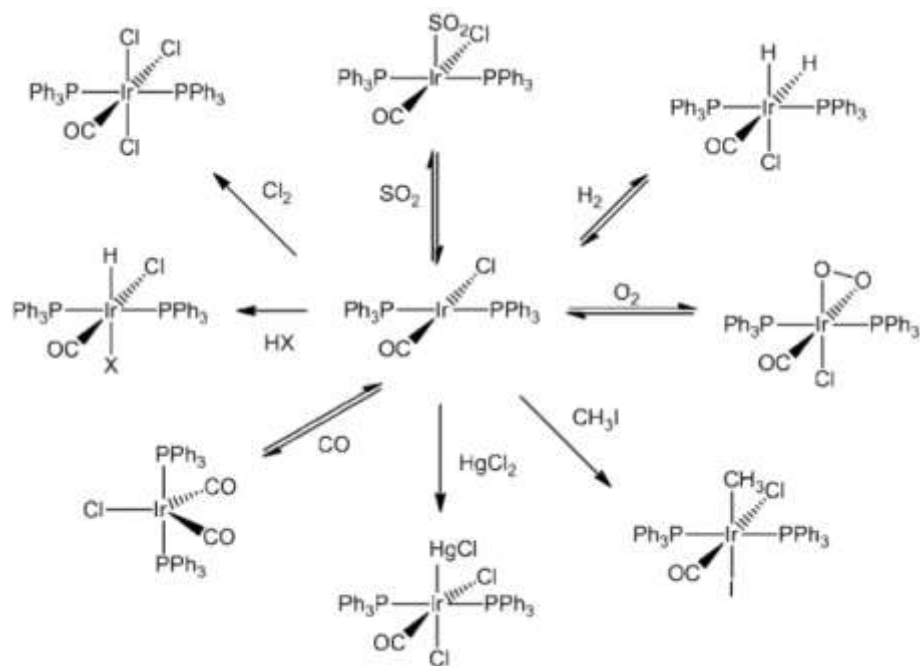
Ans. (a)



The INCORRECT statement of Vaska's complex is:

- a) It has trans geometry
- b) Its coordination number is 4
- c) It has affinity to react with the molecular oxygen
- d) It is a rhodium-based complex

- a
- b
- c
- d



Ans. (d)

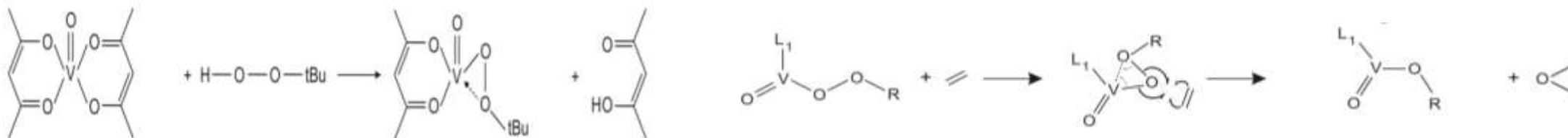


In which reactions  $\text{VO}(\text{acac})_2$  is used as a reagent?

- a) epoxidation of allylic alcohols by tert-butyl hydroperoxide (TBHP)
- b) chlorination reactions
- c) alkylation reactions
- d) sulphonation reactions by tert-butyl hydroperoxide (TBHP)

- a
- b
- c
- d

Ans. (a)



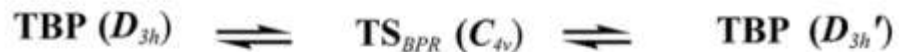


Fill in the blanks with suitable option given below.

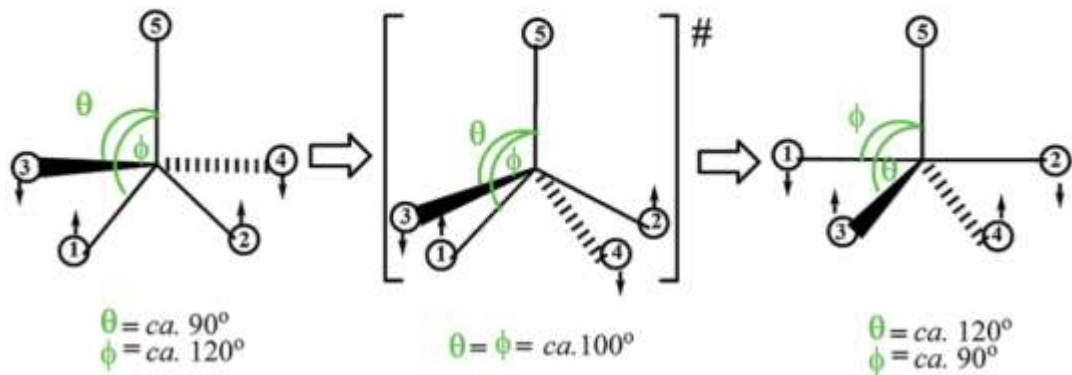
Berry pseudorotation present in \_\_\_\_\_ geometry.

- a) Tetrahedral
- b) Octahedral
- c) Trigonal bipyramidal
- d) Trigonal planar

- a
- b
- c
- d



Ans. (c)







What is the condition for isotropic nature in octahedral geometry?

- a)  $x = y = z$
- b)  $x = y \neq z$
- c)  $x \neq y = z$
- d)  $x \neq y \neq z$

- a
- b
- c
- d

Table 1: Crystal Field Stabilization Energies (CFSE) for high and low spin octahedral complexes

Total d-electrons	Isotropic Field	Octahedral Complex				Crystal Field Stabilization Energy	
		High Spin		Low Spin		High Spin	Low Spin
		$E_{\text{isotropic field}}$	Configuration	$E_{\text{ligand field}}$	Configuration		
$d^0$	0	$t_{2g}^0 e_g^0$	0	$t_{2g}^0 e_g^0$	0	0	0
$d^1$	0	$t_{2g}^1 e_g^0$	$-2/5 \Delta_o$	$t_{2g}^1 e_g^0$	$-2/5 \Delta_o$	$-2/5 \Delta_o$	$-2/5 \Delta_o$
$d^2$	0	$t_{2g}^2 e_g^0$	$-4/5 \Delta_o$	$t_{2g}^2 e_g^0$	$-4/5 \Delta_o$	$-4/5 \Delta_o$	$-4/5 \Delta_o$
$d^3$	0	$t_{2g}^3 e_g^0$	$-6/5 \Delta_o$	$t_{2g}^3 e_g^0$	$-6/5 \Delta_o$	$-6/5 \Delta_o$	$-6/5 \Delta_o$
$d^4$	0	$t_{2g}^3 e_g^1$	$-3/5 \Delta_o$	$t_{2g}^4 e_g^0$	$-8/5 \Delta_o + P$	$-3/5 \Delta_o$	$-8/5 \Delta_o + P$
$d^5$	0	$t_{2g}^3 e_g^2$	$0 \Delta_o$	$t_{2g}^5 e_g^0$	$-10/5 \Delta_o + 2P$	$0 \Delta_o$	$-10/5 \Delta_o + 2P$
$d^6$	P	$t_{2g}^4 e_g^2$	$-2/5 \Delta_o + P$	$t_{2g}^6 e_g^0$	$-12/5 \Delta_o + 3P$	$-2/5 \Delta_o$	$-12/5 \Delta_o + P$
$d^7$	2P	$t_{2g}^5 e_g^2$	$-4/5 \Delta_o + 2P$	$t_{2g}^6 e_g^1$	$-9/5 \Delta_o + 3P$	$-4/5 \Delta_o$	$-9/5 \Delta_o + P$
$d^8$	3P	$t_{2g}^6 e_g^2$	$-6/5 \Delta_o + 3P$	$t_{2g}^6 e_g^2$	$-6/5 \Delta_o + 3P$	$-6/5 \Delta_o$	$-6/5 \Delta_o$
$d^9$	4P	$t_{2g}^6 e_g^3$	$-3/5 \Delta_o + 4P$	$t_{2g}^6 e_g^3$	$-3/5 \Delta_o + 4P$	$-3/5 \Delta_o$	$-3/5 \Delta_o$
$d^{10}$	5P	$t_{2g}^6 e_g^4$	$0 \Delta_o + 5P$	$t_{2g}^6 e_g^4$	$0 \Delta_o + 5P$	0	0

Ans. (a)

$$CFSE = \Delta E = E_{\text{ligand field}} - E_{\text{isotropic field}}$$



The geometry of the  $[\text{W}(\text{CO})_4(\text{Br})_3]^-$  compound is:

- a) Capped trigonal prism
- b) Pentagonal bipyramidal
- c) Capped octahedron
- d) Square planar

- a
- b
- c
- d

Ans. (c)

## Seven-Coordination. A Molecular Orbital Exploration of Structure, Stereochemistry, and Reaction Dynamics

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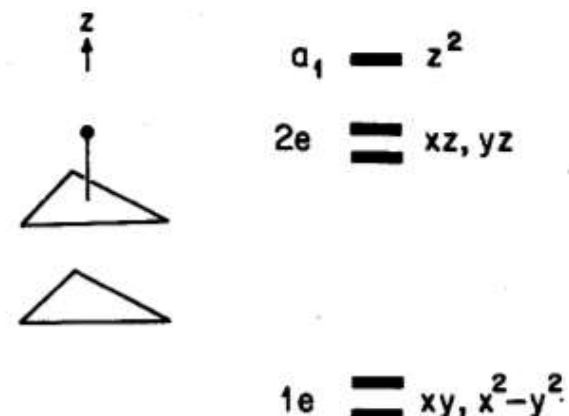
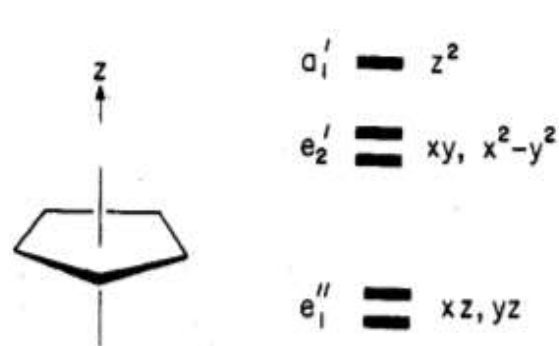
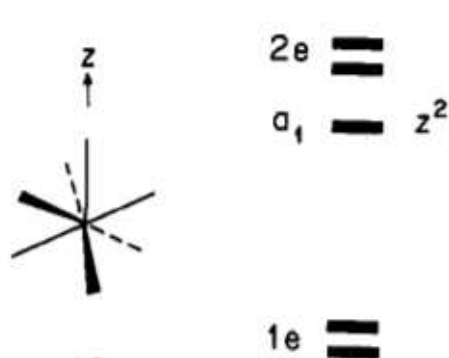


Table II. Structures of the ML<sub>5</sub>L'<sub>2</sub>L''<sub>2</sub> Type, with Seven Mixed Monodentate Ligands

Complex <sup>a</sup>	x in d <sup>n</sup>	Structure <sup>b</sup>	Ref	Geometrical details <sup>c</sup>
UO <sub>2</sub> F <sub>3</sub> <sup>3+</sup>	0 <sup>d</sup>	PB	31	O:FFFF:F
NbOF <sub>5</sub> <sup>+</sup>	0	PB	32	F:FFOFF:F
UO <sub>2</sub> (urea) <sub>3</sub> (H <sub>2</sub> O)	0 <sup>d</sup>	PB	33	O:OOOOO:O
UO <sub>2</sub> (NCS) <sub>3</sub> <sup>2+</sup>	0 <sup>d</sup>	PB	34	O:NNNNN:O
UCl(tmpo) <sub>3</sub> <sup>2+</sup>	0 <sup>e</sup>	CO	35	Cl:OOO:OOO
MoCl <sub>2</sub> P <sub>3</sub>	2	CO	36	Cl:PPP:ClClCl; θ <sub>2</sub> = 74.6°, θ <sub>3</sub> = 127.2°
MoBr <sub>2</sub> P <sub>3</sub>	2	CO	37	Br:PPP:BrBrBr; θ <sub>2</sub> = 74.5°, θ <sub>3</sub> = 127.4°
W(CO) <sub>4</sub> Br <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup>	4	CO	38	C:CCC:BrBrBr; θ <sub>2</sub> = 74.1°, θ <sub>3</sub> = 125.5°
Mo(CNR) <sub>4</sub> l <sup>+</sup>	4	CTP	39	l:CCCC:CC
W(CO) <sub>3</sub> P <sub>3</sub> l <sup>+</sup>	4	CO/CTP	40	as CO P:CCC:PPI as CTP l:CCPP:CP
MoCl <sub>2</sub> (CO) <sub>2</sub> P <sub>3</sub>	4	CO/CTP	41	as CO C:CPP:PClCl as CTP Cl:CPPCl:PC
MoCl <sub>2</sub> (CO) <sub>2</sub> P <sub>2</sub>	4	CO	42	C:CCP:PClCl
MoBr <sub>2</sub> (CO) <sub>2</sub> P <sub>3</sub>	4	CO	42	C:PPP:CBBr
WBr <sub>2</sub> (CO) <sub>2</sub> As <sub>2</sub>	4	CO	43	C:CCAs:AsBrBr

<sup>a</sup> P = phosphine, As = arsine, R = alkyl. <sup>b</sup> Where two structures are indicated, the geometry is intermediate. <sup>c</sup> Partitioning of ligands is indicated in an obvious way: 1:5:1 for PB, 1:3:3 for CO, 1:4:2 for C<sub>3v</sub> CTP. <sup>d</sup> U(VI). <sup>e</sup> U(IV).

Table I. ML<sub>7</sub> Structures

Species	Config	Structure	Ref
IF <sub>7</sub>	d <sup>0 a</sup>	D <sub>5h</sub>	23
ZrF <sub>7</sub> <sup>3-</sup>	d <sup>0</sup>	D <sub>5h</sub>	24
NbF <sub>7</sub> <sup>2-</sup>	d <sup>0</sup>	C <sub>3v</sub>	25
ReF <sub>7</sub>	d <sup>0</sup>	D <sub>5h</sub>	26
V(CN) <sub>7</sub> <sup>4-</sup>	d <sup>2</sup>	D <sub>5h</sub>	27
Mo(CN- <i>t</i> -Bu) <sub>7</sub> <sup>2+</sup>	d <sup>4</sup>	C <sub>3v</sub>	28
Mo(CN) <sub>7</sub> <sup>5-</sup>	d <sup>4</sup>	D <sub>5h</sub>	29

<sup>a</sup> Or d<sup>10</sup>.

Table III. C<sub>2v</sub> Capped Trigonal Prism Parameters<sup>a</sup>

Structure	θ <sub>1</sub> , deg	φ <sub>2</sub> , deg	θ <sub>6</sub> , deg
Points on a sphere <sup>b</sup> n = 1	80.8	49.0	144.2
n = 6	79.4	48.7	143.3
n = 12	78.3	48.7	142.6
Calcd L <sub>7</sub> <sup>7-</sup>	79	48	142
ML <sub>7</sub> d <sup>0</sup>	68	52	118
ML <sub>7</sub> d <sup>2</sup>	80	54	122
ML <sub>7</sub> d <sup>4</sup>	82	46	148
MCl <sub>7</sub> d <sup>0</sup> -d <sup>4</sup>	80	48	145
M(CO) <sub>7</sub> d <sup>4</sup>	85	48	150
NbF <sub>7</sub> <sup>2-</sup> c d <sup>0</sup>	78.6	48	143.0
Mo(CN- <i>t</i> -Bu) <sub>7</sub> <sup>2+</sup> d d <sup>4</sup>	82.0	50	144.0

<sup>a</sup> The last two entries are experimental structure determinations. <sup>b</sup> Reference 10. <sup>c</sup> Reference 25. <sup>d</sup> Reference 28.