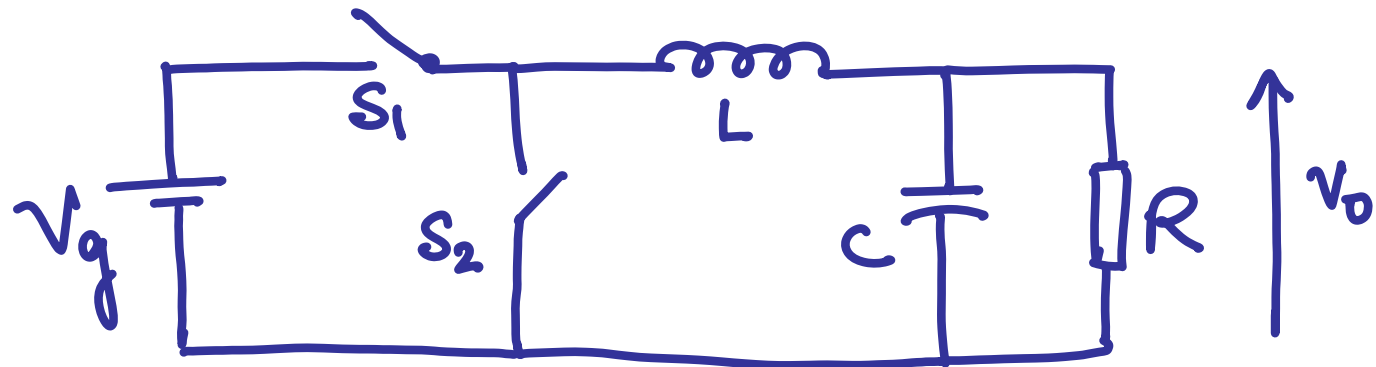
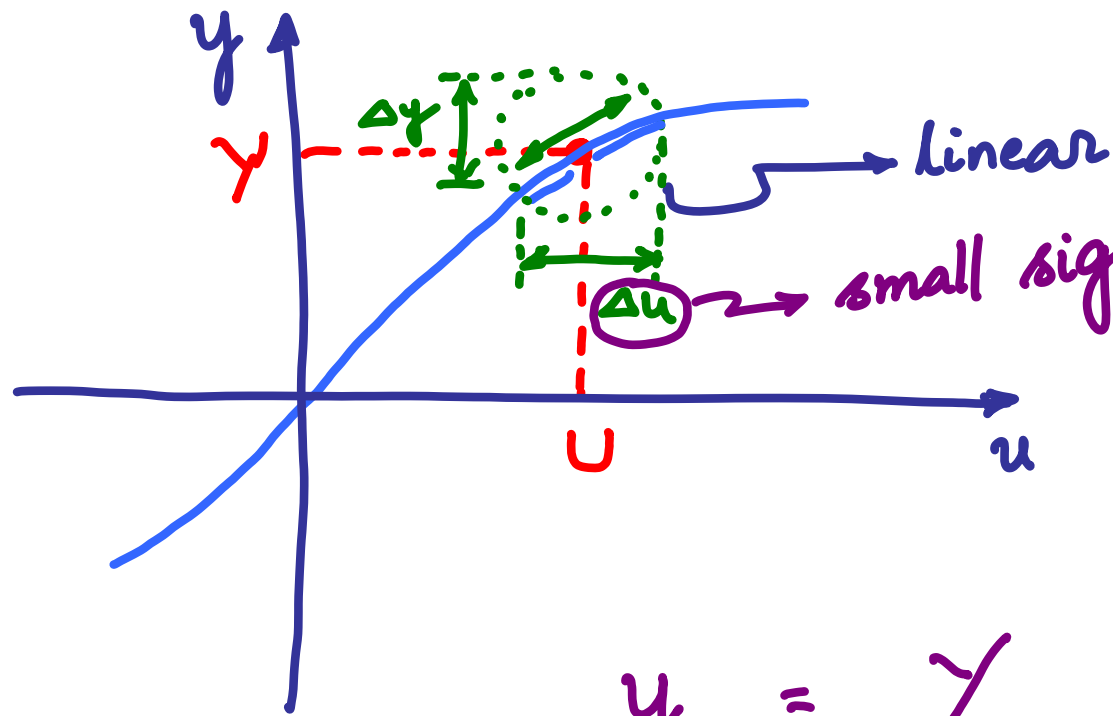


# Circuit Averaging Method ...



Large Signal System  
(MODEL)

Small Signal (MODEL)  
(Linear)  $\Rightarrow$  CONTROL



linear

small signal deviations  
about  
the operating point

$$y = Y + \Delta y \hat{y}$$

$$u = U + \Delta u \hat{u}$$

$$y = Y + \hat{y}$$

$$u = U + \hat{u}$$

$$x = X + \hat{x}$$

$$d = D + \hat{d}$$

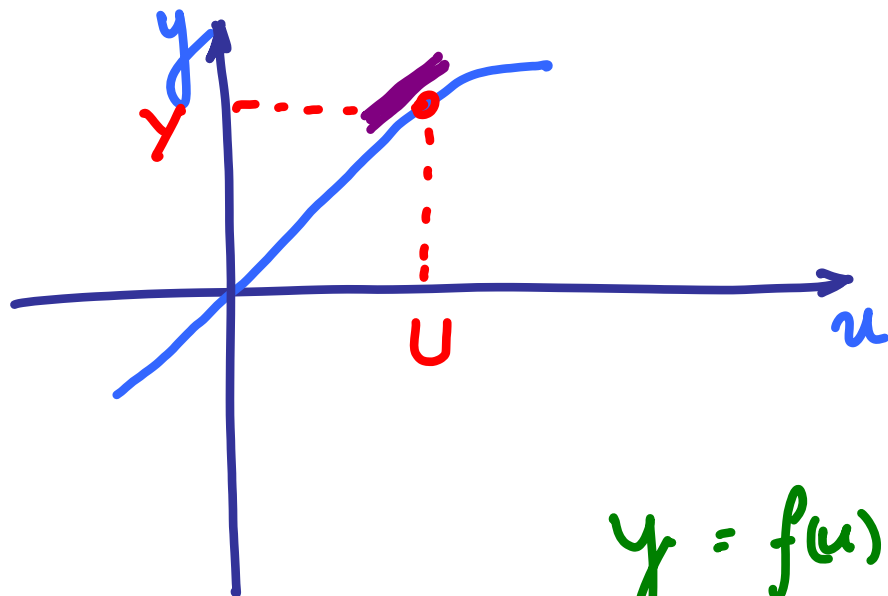
Large signal :  $\dot{x} = Ax + Bu$  | actual system

Steady State :  $\dot{X} = 0 = AX + BU$  | **Equilibrium**  
**DESIGN**  
of converter

Small signal :  $\hat{\dot{x}} = A\hat{x} + B\hat{u}$  | **CONTROLLER**  
**DESIGN**

linear model

dynamics  
variations about  
OPERATING POINT



deviations

$$y = f(u) = f(U) + ( \quad )$$

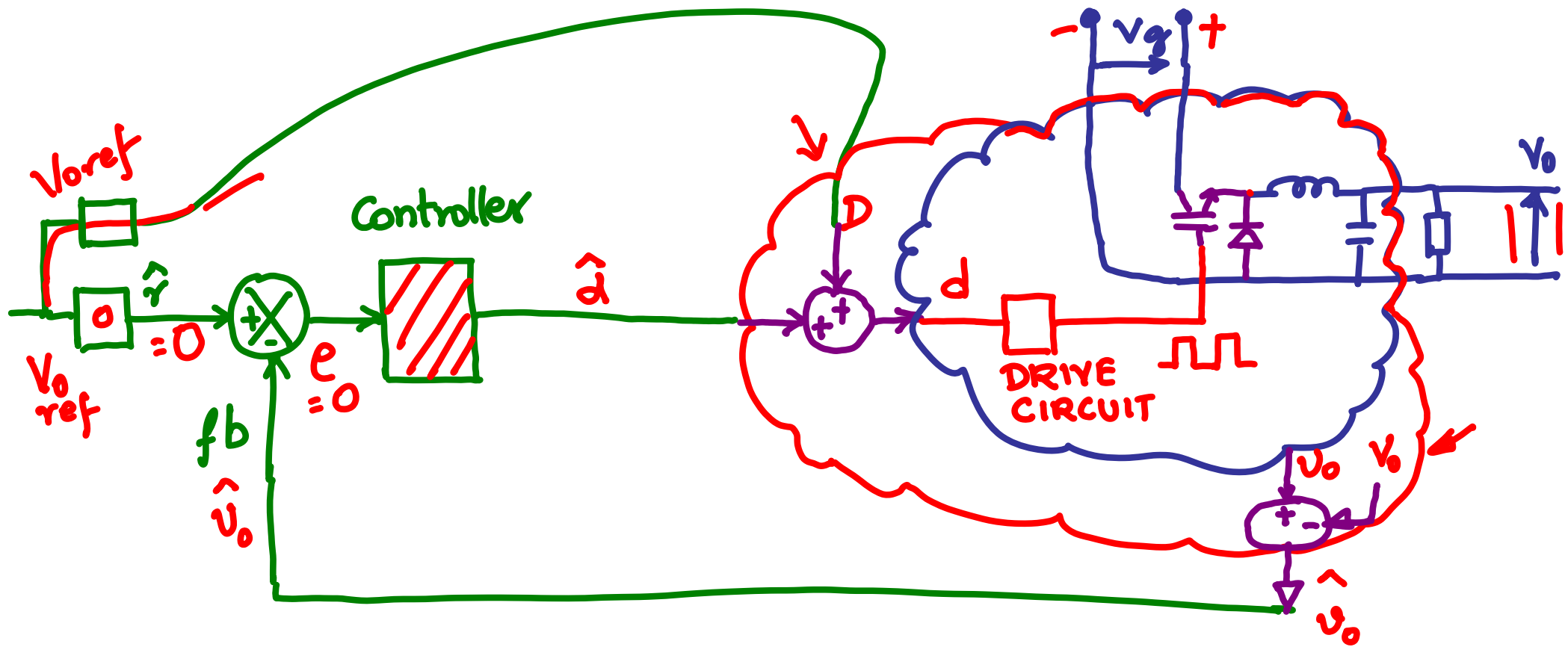
$$\frac{df}{du} \bigg|_{u=U} (u-U) + \frac{1}{2!} \frac{d^2f}{du^2} \bigg|_{u=U} (u-U)^2 + \dots$$

TAYLOR SERIES

$$y = f(U) + \frac{df}{du} (u-U)$$

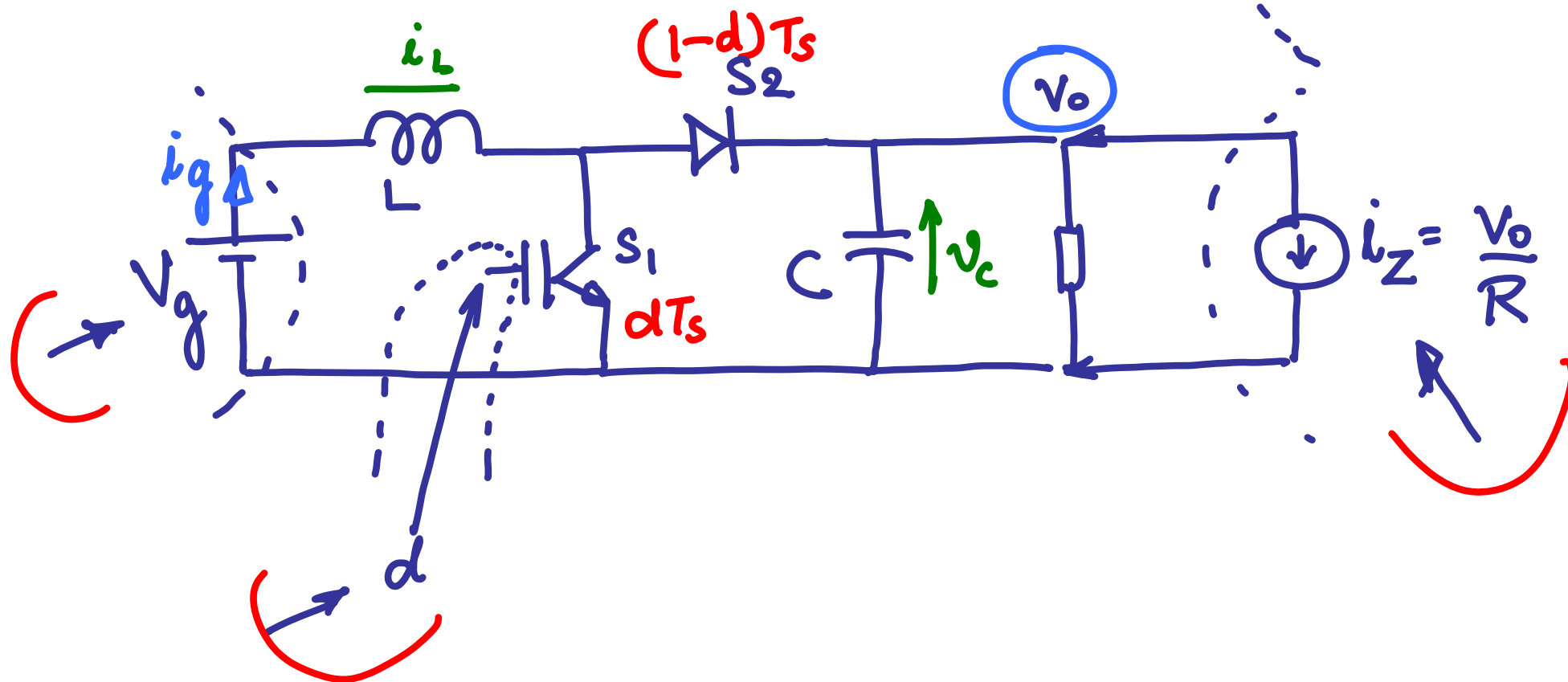
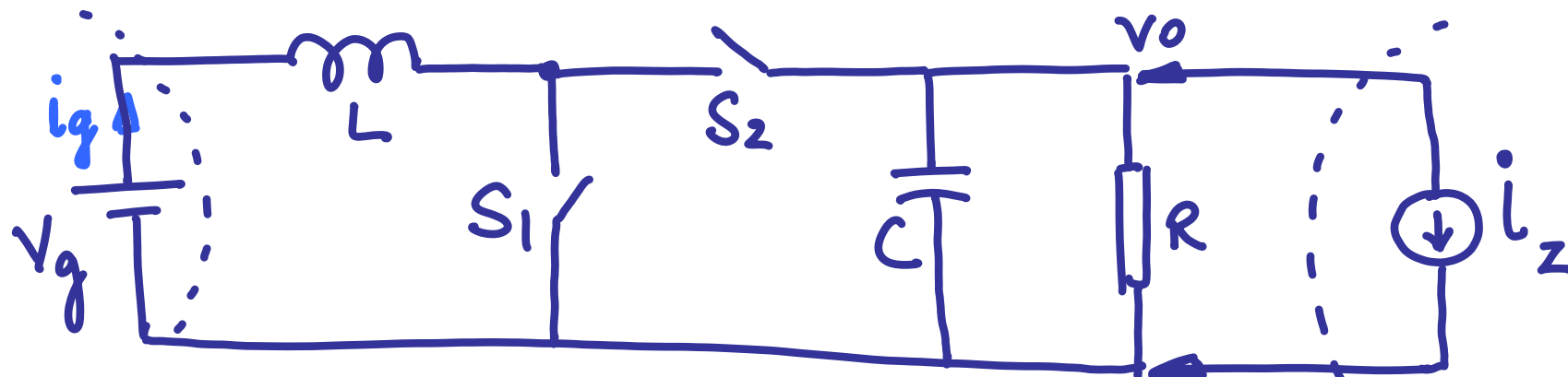
$$(y - Y) = k (u - U)$$

$$\boxed{\hat{y}} = k \hat{u} \quad \underline{\text{linear}}$$



# BOOST CONVERTER

State Space representation  
by Circuit Averaging  
Method





$dT_s$  :

$$\begin{bmatrix} \dot{i}_L \\ \dot{v}_C \end{bmatrix} = \overset{A_1}{\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -\frac{1}{RC} \end{bmatrix}} \begin{bmatrix} i_L \\ v_C \end{bmatrix} + \overset{B_1}{\begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{L} \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}} [v_g] + \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ -\frac{1}{C} \end{bmatrix} [i_z]$$

## STATE EQUATIONS

$(1-d)T_s$  :

$$\begin{bmatrix} \dot{i}_L \\ \dot{v}_C \end{bmatrix} = \overset{A_2}{\begin{bmatrix} 0 & -\frac{1}{L} \\ \frac{1}{C} & -\frac{1}{RC} \end{bmatrix}} \begin{bmatrix} i_L \\ v_C \end{bmatrix} + \overset{B_2}{\begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{L} \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}} [v_g] + \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ -\frac{1}{C} \end{bmatrix} [i_z]$$

$dT_s :$

$$\begin{aligned} v_o &= \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} i_L \\ v_c \end{bmatrix} \\ i_g &= \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} i_L \\ v_c \end{bmatrix} \end{aligned} \Rightarrow \overset{\mathcal{C}_1}{\begin{bmatrix} v_o \\ i_g \end{bmatrix}} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} i_L \\ v_c \end{bmatrix}$$

$(1-d)T_s :$

$$\overset{\mathcal{C}_2}{\begin{bmatrix} v_o \\ i_g \end{bmatrix}} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} i_L \\ v_c \end{bmatrix}$$

OUTPUT  
EQUATIONS

$$\mathcal{D}_1 = \mathcal{D}_2 = \{0\}$$

# AVERAGED LARGE SIGNAL MODEL

$$A = A_1 d + A_2(1-d)$$

$$B = B_1 d + B_2(1-d)$$

$$C = C_1 d + C_2(1-d)$$

$$D = D_1 d + D_2(1-d)$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} i_L \\ v_c \end{bmatrix} = \overset{A}{\begin{bmatrix} 0 & -\frac{(1-d)}{L} \\ \frac{(1-d)}{C} & -\frac{1}{RC} \end{bmatrix}} \begin{bmatrix} i_L \\ v_c \end{bmatrix} + \overset{B}{\begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{L} \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}} [v_g] + \overset{C}{\begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ -\frac{1}{C} \end{bmatrix}} [i_z]$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} v_o \\ i_g \end{bmatrix} = \overset{C}{\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}} \begin{bmatrix} i_L \\ v_c \end{bmatrix}$$

Averaged Large Signal Model

# Steady state Model

$$\dot{x} = 0$$

$$d = D$$

$$v_g = V_g$$

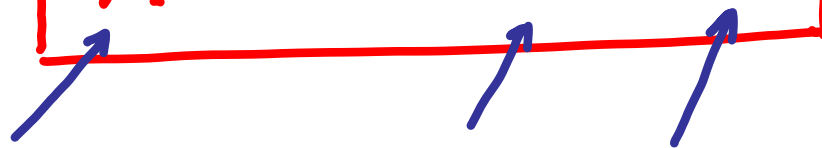
$$i_g = I_g$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} = \overset{A}{\begin{bmatrix} 0 & -\frac{(1-D)}{L} \\ \frac{(1-D)}{C} & -\frac{1}{RC} \end{bmatrix}} \begin{bmatrix} I_L \\ V_C \end{bmatrix} + \overset{B}{\begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{L} \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}} [V_g] + \overset{C}{\begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ -\frac{1}{C} \end{bmatrix}} [I_z]$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} V_o \\ I_g \end{bmatrix} = \overset{C}{\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}} \begin{bmatrix} I_L \\ V_C \end{bmatrix}$$

Steady State Model

$$0 = AX + BU$$

$$X = -A^{-1}BU$$


$$y = CX = - \underline{\underline{CA^{-1}BU}}$$

$$\frac{y}{u}$$

$$Y = CX$$

$$V_o = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} I_L \\ V_o \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\frac{V_o}{V_g} \swarrow V_o = -C A^{-1} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} V_g$$

assume  $I_z = 0$

$$\frac{V_o}{I_z} \swarrow V_o = -C A^{-1} \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ -\frac{1}{C} \end{bmatrix} I_z$$

assume  $V_g = 0$



$$V_o = - \overset{A}{[0 \ 1]} \overset{= A^{-1}}{\begin{bmatrix} 0 & x \\ -(\frac{L}{1-D}) & x \end{bmatrix}} \overset{B}{\begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{L} \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}} V_g$$

$$= -1 \cdot \left( \frac{L}{1-D} \right) \cdot \frac{1}{L} = \underline{\underline{\frac{1}{1-D}}}$$

$$\frac{V_o}{V_g} = \frac{1}{1-D}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \dot{\hat{i}_L} \\ \dot{\hat{v}_C} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & -\frac{(1-D-\hat{d})}{L} \\ \frac{(1-D-\hat{d})}{C} & -\frac{1}{RC} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} I_L + \hat{i}_L \\ V_C + \hat{v}_C \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{L} \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} [V_g + \hat{v}_g] + \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ -\frac{1}{C} \end{bmatrix} [I_Z + \hat{i}_Z]$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} V_o + \hat{v}_o \\ I_g + \hat{i}_g \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} I_L + \hat{i}_L \\ V_C + \hat{v}_C \end{bmatrix}$$

Small Signal Model  
+ Steady state

$$d = D + \hat{d}$$

$$v_o = V_o + \hat{v}_o$$

$$v_g = V_g + \hat{v}_g$$

$$i_z = I_z + \hat{i}_z$$

$$i_L = I_L + \hat{i}_L$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \dot{\hat{i}}_L \\ \dot{\hat{v}}_C \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & -\frac{(1-D-\hat{d})}{L} \\ \frac{(1-D-\hat{d})}{C} & -\frac{1}{RC} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} I_L + \hat{i}_L \\ V_C + \hat{v}_C \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{L} \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} \cancel{[V_g + \hat{v}_g]} + \begin{bmatrix} -\frac{1}{C} \\ \end{bmatrix} [I_2 + \hat{i}_2]$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 0 & -\frac{(1-D)}{L} \\ \frac{1-D}{C} & -\frac{1}{RC} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} I_L \\ V_C \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 0 & -\frac{(1-D)}{L} \\ \frac{1-D}{C} & -\frac{1}{RC} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \hat{i}_L \\ \hat{v}_C \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 0 & \frac{\hat{d}}{L} \\ -\frac{\hat{d}}{C} & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} I \\ V_0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$\cancel{A}X$

$$\cancel{A}X + U\hat{B}U = 0$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} V_0 \\ \frac{1}{L} \\ -\frac{1}{C} \end{bmatrix} \hat{d}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \dot{\hat{i}_L} \\ \dot{\hat{v}_c} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & -\frac{(1-D)}{L} \\ \frac{(1-D)}{C} & -\frac{1}{RC} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \hat{i}_L \\ \hat{v}_c \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} B_1 & B_2 & B_3 \\ \frac{1}{L} & 0 & \frac{V_0}{L} \\ 0 & -\frac{1}{C} & -\frac{I_L}{C} \end{bmatrix} \cdot \begin{bmatrix} \hat{v}_g \\ \hat{i}_2 \\ \hat{d} \end{bmatrix}$$

$\ddot{x} = A \hat{x} + B u$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \hat{v}_o \\ \hat{i}_g \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \hat{i}_L \\ \hat{v}_c \end{bmatrix}$$

$$y = C x$$

~~Small  
Signal Model~~

# 1. Temporal operative modes

$$dT_s, (1-d)T_s$$

$$\dot{x} = A_1 x + B_1 u$$

$$\dot{x} = A_2 x + B_2 u$$

$$\left| \begin{array}{l} A_1 d + A_2 (1-d) \\ B_1 d + B_2 (1-d) \end{array} \right.$$

## 2. Averaged large signal model.

3. derivatives of equilibrium variables  $\Rightarrow 0$   
all variables represent steady state quantities.

$$d \Rightarrow D \quad x \Rightarrow X, \quad y \Rightarrow Y$$

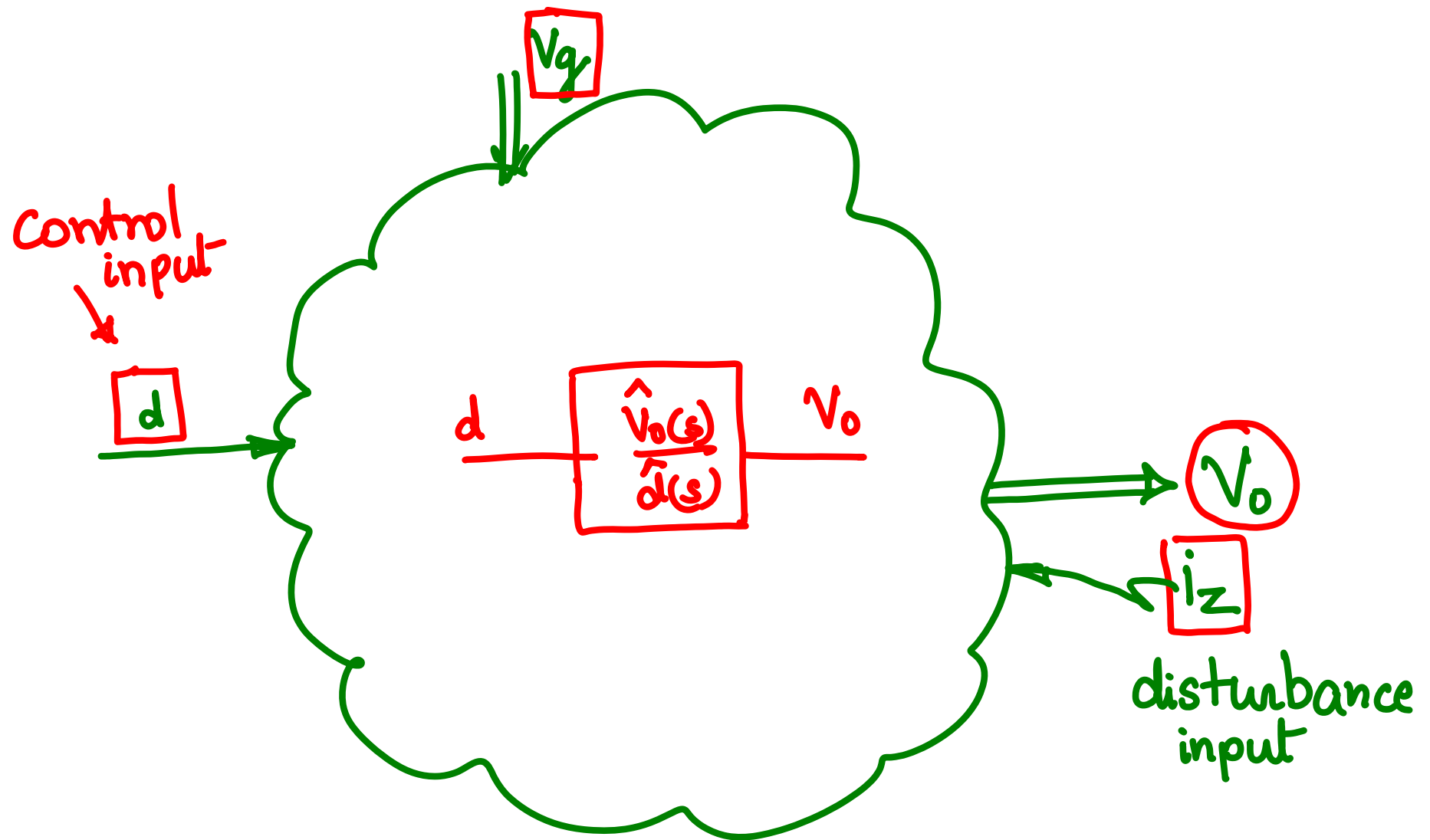
$$0 = AX + BU$$

$$4. \quad \begin{aligned} d &= D + \hat{d} \\ x &= X + \hat{x} \\ y &= Y + \hat{y} \end{aligned}$$

$\hat{d} \hat{x} \Rightarrow$  neglected

5. Small Signal model.

$\Downarrow$   
Control      controller design.





$$\underline{\dot{x} = Ax + Bu}$$

$$y = Cx$$

$$X(s) = (sI - A)^{-1} B U(s)$$

$$sI X(s) = A X(s) + B U(s)$$

$$Y(s) = C X(s)$$

$$Y(s) = C (sI - A)^{-1} B U(s)$$

$$\underline{\underline{\hat{Y}(s)}} = \mathbb{C} (s\mathbb{I} - A)^{-1} \mathbb{B} \underbrace{u(s)}_{\underline{\underline{\hat{u}}}}$$

$\begin{bmatrix} \frac{v_c}{s} \\ \frac{v_L}{s} \\ -\frac{I_L}{s} \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$

$$\underline{\underline{\hat{u}}}_{\hat{u}} = \mathbb{C} (s\mathbb{I} - A)^{-1} \mathbb{B}_3$$

$$\underline{\underline{\hat{u}}}_{\hat{u}} = \mathbb{C} (s\mathbb{I} - A)^{-1} \mathbb{B}_1$$

$$\frac{\hat{v}_0}{\hat{v}_z} = C (8I - A)^{-1} B_2$$

$$\frac{\hat{v}_g(s)}{\hat{i}_g(s)} \Rightarrow \text{Input Impedance @ } \hat{d}=0, \hat{i}_z=0$$

$$\hat{i}_g = [1 \ 0] x$$

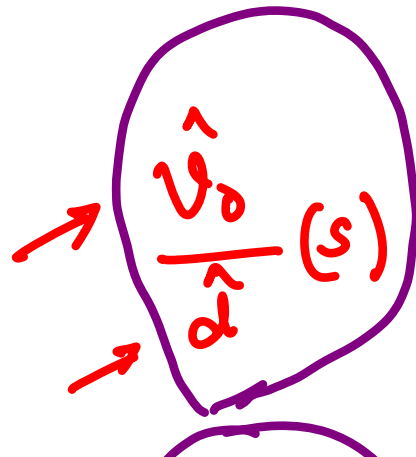
$$= \underline{\underline{[1 \ 0] (sI - A)^{-1} B_1 \hat{v}_g}}$$

$$\frac{\hat{v}_o(s)}{\hat{i}_z(s)} = \text{Output Impedance @ } \hat{d}=0, \hat{v}_g=0$$

$$C (sI - A)^{-1} B_2$$

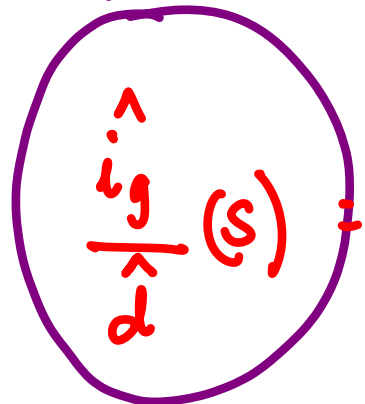
$$\frac{\hat{v}_o}{\hat{v}_g}(s) = \text{Audio Susceptibility} @ \hat{d}=0; \hat{i}_2=0$$

$$\underline{C(sI - A)^{-1}B_1}$$



$$\frac{\hat{v}_o}{\hat{d}}(s) = \text{Control voltage gain} @ \hat{v}_g=0, \hat{i}_2=0$$

$$C(sI - A)^{-1}B_3$$



$$\frac{\hat{i}_g}{\hat{d}}(s) = \text{Control current gain} @ \hat{v}_g=0, \hat{i}_2=0$$

$$[1 \ 0](sI - A)^{-1}B_3$$

