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CERTIFICATION COURSE

Computer aided power system analysis

Error Analysis (cont.)

Prof. Biswarup Das
Department of Electrical Engineering



$$\Rightarrow E[\hat{\hat{e}}\hat{\hat{e}}^T] = (I - H\bar{G}^{-1}H^TW)(R - H\bar{G}^{-1}H^T)$$

$$\Rightarrow E[\hat{\hat{e}}\hat{\hat{e}}^T] = (I - H\bar{G}^{-1}H^TW)(I - H\bar{G}^{-1}H^TR^{-1})R$$

$$= \underbrace{(I - H\bar{G}^{-1}H^TW)}_{\text{Idempotent}} (I - H\bar{G}^{-1}H^TW)R \quad [\text{as } W = R^{-1}]$$

Now,

$$\begin{aligned} & (I - H\bar{G}^{-1}H^TW)(I - H\bar{G}^{-1}H^TW) \\ &= I - H\bar{G}^{-1}H^TW - H\bar{G}^{-1}H^TW + H\bar{G}^{-1}H^TW \underbrace{H\bar{G}^{-1}H^TW}_I \\ &= I - H\bar{G}^{-1}H^TW - \cancel{H\bar{G}^{-1}H^TW} + \cancel{H\bar{G}^{-1}H^TW} \\ &= (I - H\bar{G}^{-1}H^TW) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} E[\hat{\hat{e}}\hat{\hat{e}}^T] &= (I - H\bar{G}^{-1}H^TW)R \\ &= R - H\bar{G}^{-1}H^T \quad [\text{as } WR = I] \end{aligned}$$

$$E[\hat{\hat{e}}\hat{\hat{e}}^T] = R - H\bar{G}^{-1}H^T$$



$$E[\hat{\mathbf{e}}\hat{\mathbf{e}}^T] = R - H\hat{G}^{-1}H^T = \hat{R}'$$

$$H \rightarrow (m \times n) : \hat{G}^{-1} \rightarrow (n \times n) : H^T \rightarrow n \times m$$

$$\Rightarrow H\hat{G}^{-1}H^T \rightarrow (m \times n)(n \times n)(n \times m) = (m \times m)$$

$$\hat{\mathbf{e}} = [\hat{e}_1 \quad \hat{e}_2 \quad \dots \quad \hat{e}_m]^T$$

$$\hat{\mathbf{e}}\hat{\mathbf{e}}^T = \begin{bmatrix} \hat{e}_1 \\ \hat{e}_2 \\ \vdots \\ \hat{e}_m \end{bmatrix} [\hat{e}_1 \quad \hat{e}_2 \quad \dots \quad \hat{e}_m] = \begin{bmatrix} \hat{e}_1^2 & \hat{e}_1\hat{e}_2 & \dots & \hat{e}_1\hat{e}_m \\ \hat{e}_2\hat{e}_1 & \hat{e}_2^2 & \dots & \hat{e}_2\hat{e}_m \\ \vdots & \vdots & \ddots & \vdots \\ \hat{e}_m\hat{e}_1 & \hat{e}_m\hat{e}_2 & \dots & \hat{e}_m^2 \end{bmatrix} \rightarrow (m \times m)$$

$R \rightarrow$ is a diagonal matrix

$H\hat{G}^{-1}H^T \rightarrow$ is not a diagonal matrix



$R' = R - H\bar{U}^{-1}H^T$ is not a diagonal matrix

$E[\bar{e}\bar{e}^T] = R \rightarrow \text{diagonal} \quad \therefore E[e_i e_j] = 0$

$E[\hat{\bar{e}}\hat{\bar{e}}^T] = R' \Rightarrow \text{is not diagonal} \Rightarrow E[\hat{e}_i \hat{e}_j] \neq 0$

Observation: Although the meters are independent, but the estimated errors of all the meters are NOT independent.

$\hat{\bar{x}} = K\bar{z} \Rightarrow$ Any estimated state depends on all measurements
 $\nwarrow$



$$\hat{\bar{z}} = H \hat{\bar{x}}$$

Estimated measurement

As $\hat{\bar{x}}$ depends on all measurements, $\hat{\bar{z}}$ also depends on all measurements.

$\hat{\bar{e}} = \bar{z} - \hat{\bar{z}} \Rightarrow$ As $\hat{\bar{z}}$ depends on all measurements, $\hat{\bar{e}}$ also depends on all measurements.

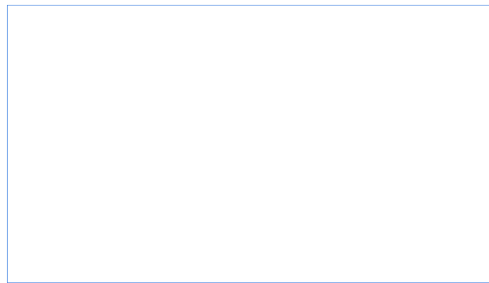
$$\hat{e}_i$$

$$f = \sum e_i^2 w_i$$

→ original objective function

$$\hat{f} = \sum \hat{e}_i^2 w_i$$

→ Estimated value of the objective function



$$\hat{f} = \sum_{i=1}^m \hat{e}_i^2 \omega_i = \sum_{i=1}^m \frac{(\bar{z}_i - \hat{\bar{z}}_i)^2}{\sigma_i^2} \rightarrow \hat{f} \text{ is random}$$

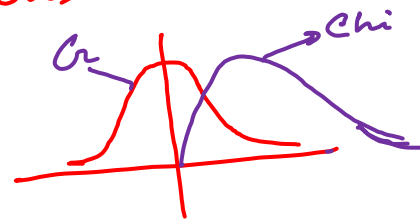
$\hat{f}$ follows chi-square probability distribution function

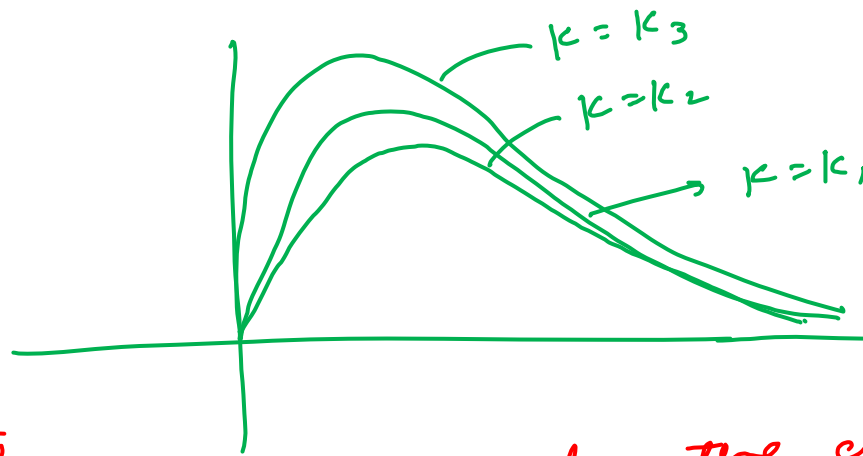
Note : characteristics about chi-square distribution

- 1) It is a one-sided distribution
- 2) It is quite similar to Gaussian distribution function

3) It is characterised by the
 $k = m - n$
 $m \rightarrow$ no. of measurement
 $n \rightarrow$ no. of state

degree of freedom



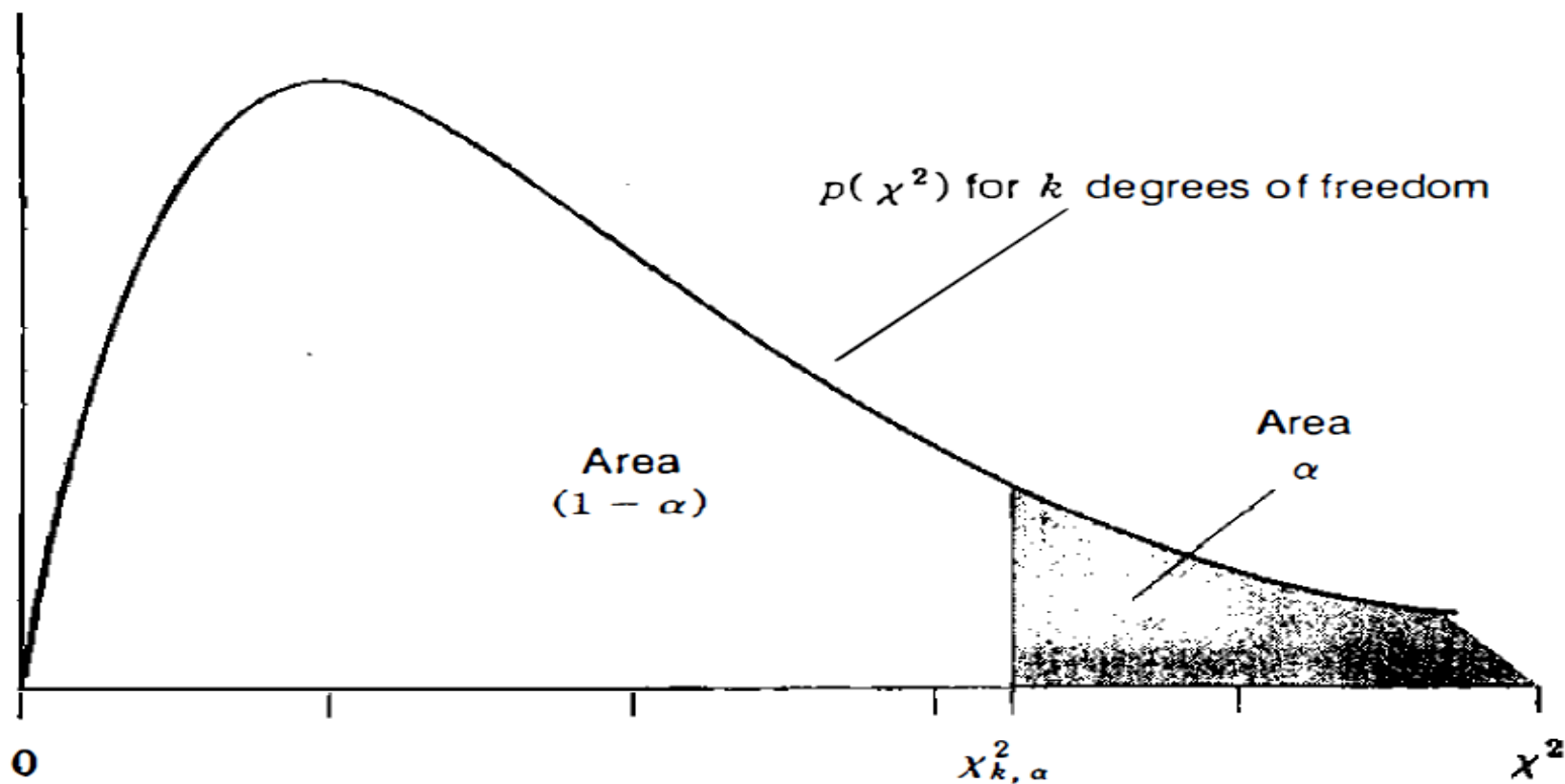


Note

4) Total area under the curve = 1



Chi-square distribution



Chi-square distribution

Values of area α to the right of $\chi^2 = \chi^2_{k, \alpha}$ in Fig. 15.3

k	α				k	α			
	0.05	0.025	0.01	0.005		0.05	0.025	0.01	0.005
1	3.84	5.02	6.64	7.88	11	19.68	21.92	24.73	26.76
2	5.99	7.38	9.21	10.60	12	21.03	23.34	26.22	28.30
3	7.82	9.35	11.35	12.84	13	22.36	24.74	27.69	29.82
4	9.49	11.14	13.28	14.86	14	23.69	26.12	29.14	31.32
5	11.07	12.83	15.09	16.75	15	25.00	27.49	30.58	32.80
6	12.59	14.45	16.81	18.55	16	26.30	28.85	32.00	34.27
7	14.07	16.01	18.48	20.28	17	27.59	30.19	33.41	35.72
8	15.51	17.54	20.09	21.96	18	28.87	31.53	34.81	37.16
9	16.92	19.02	21.67	23.59	19	30.14	32.85	36.19	38.58
10	18.31	20.48	23.21	25.19	20	31.41	34.17	37.57	40.00