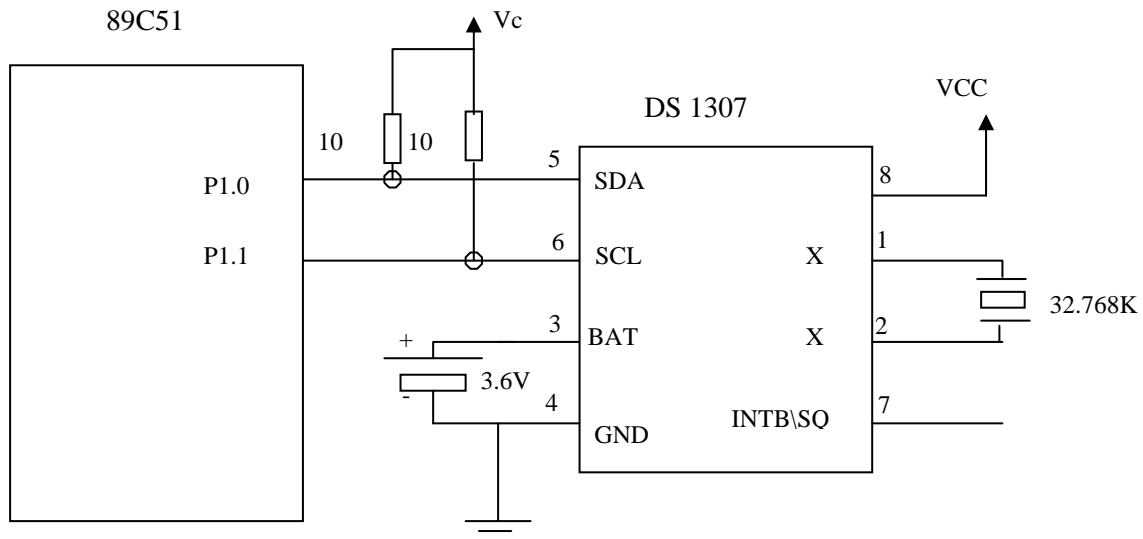
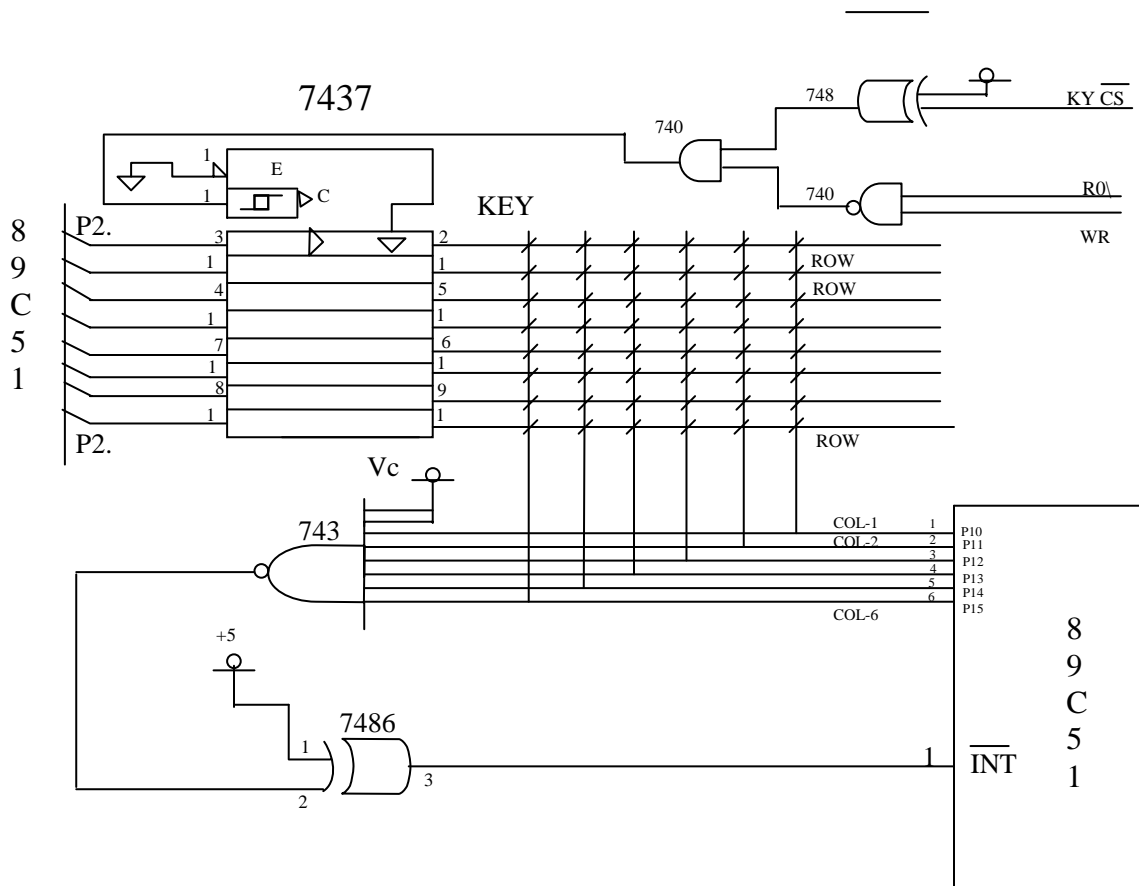


RTC Interface



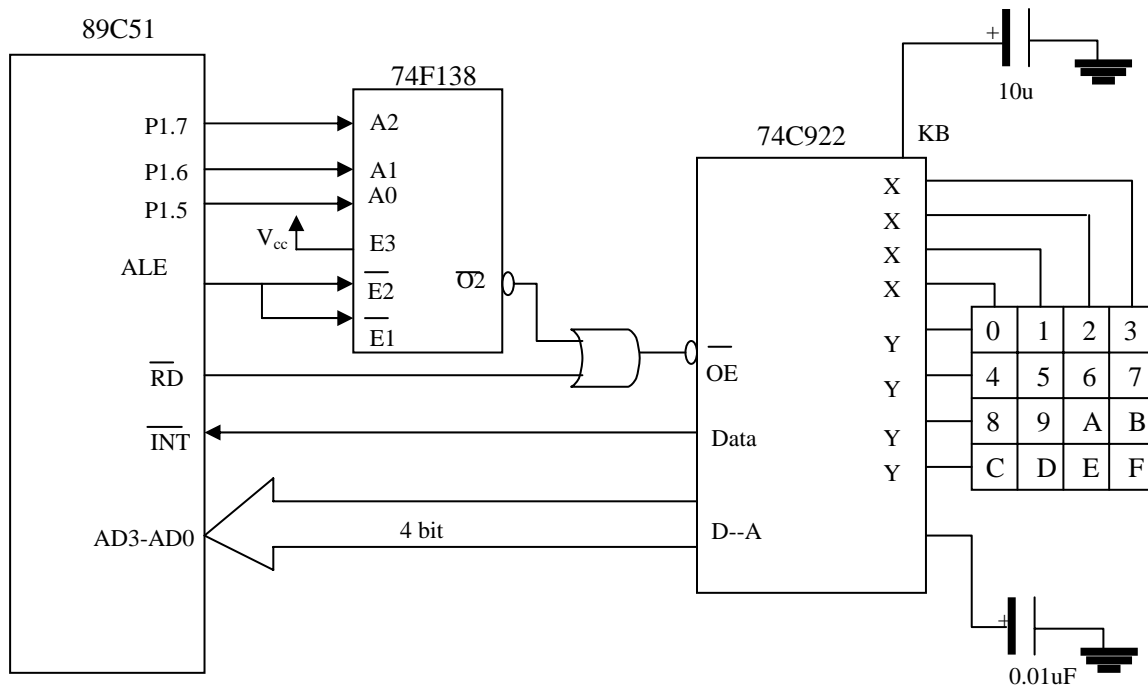
- DS 1307 is a real time clock chip
- Maintains real time clock once powered up Year, Month, Day, Time in hours, Minutes and seconds can be written into or read out serially
- Has 56 bytes of data space to save or retrieve data of importance like settings
- Consumes very low power 2 or 3 μ W @ 32.768KHz with a backup battery of 2.5 to 3.6V
- Has SDA, SCL pins to send data and clock respectively
- SDA, SCL are directly interfaced to I/O pins of 89C51

Keyboard Interface-1



- Outputs 8 bit row code (0FEH, 0FDH etc.), on port0
- Interrupts micro-controller when a key is pressed
- Interrupt software to find which column and key is pressed

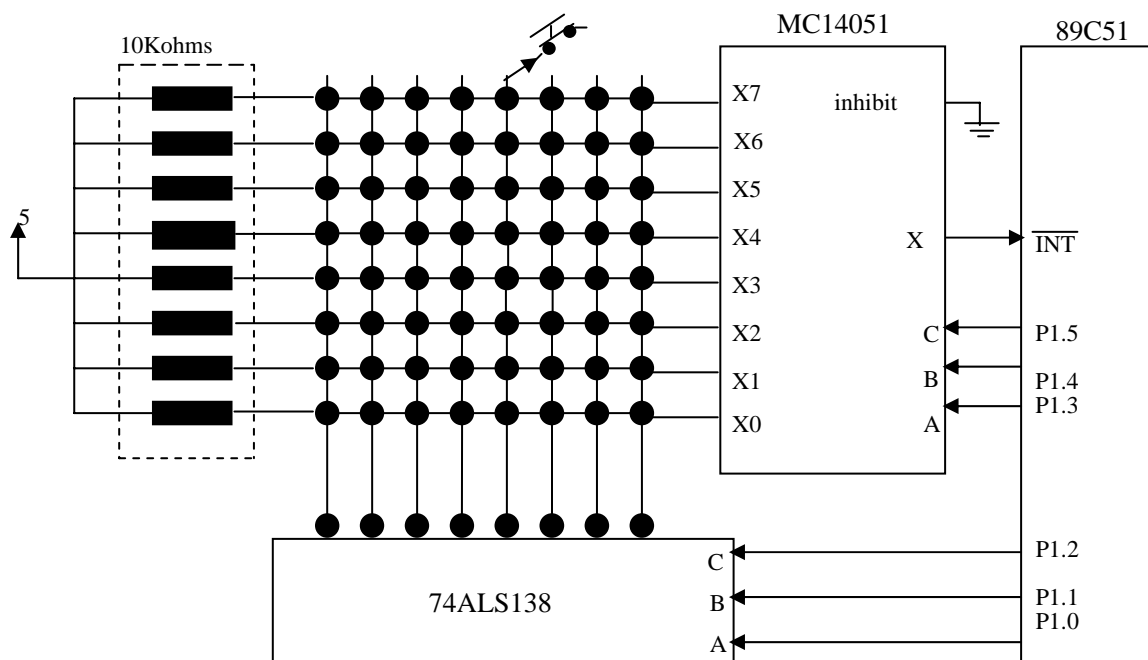
Keyboard Interface -2



Keyboard Interface-2

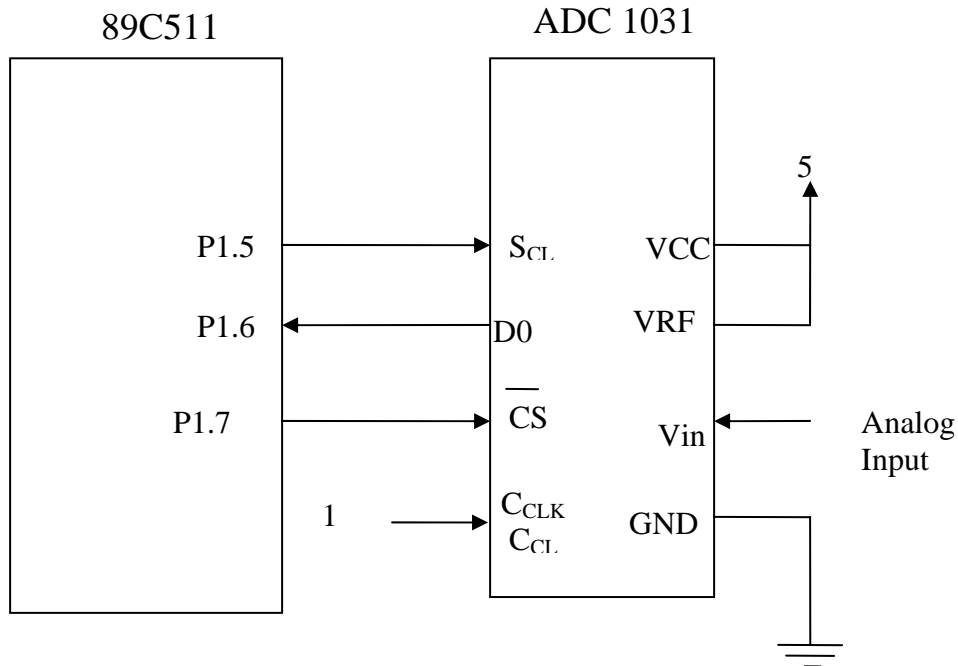
- 74C922 is a 16 key encoder that performs keypad scanning and de-bouncing
- When key is pressed it outputs a 4 bit code
- When interfaced to micro-controller, it reads the code through its port pins
- Has key De-bouncing and key mask features
- It has a data available output that interrupts the micro-controller
- Interrupt software to find the key pressed

Keyboard Interface-3



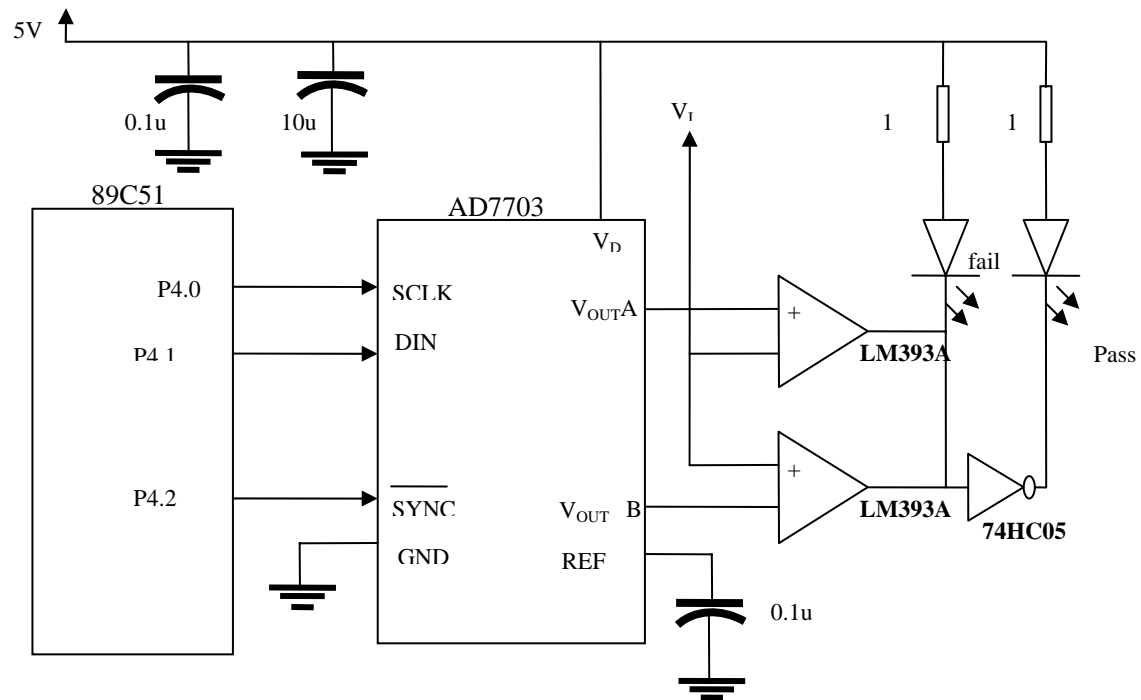
- The circuit interfaces 64 keys
- It consists of 14051 a 8:1 multiplexer and 74138 a 3:8 decoder
- When a key is pressed 89C51 is interrupted
- The 3 bit input of multiplexer and 3 bit input of the decoder gives the key code
- which is read in the interrupt routine

Serial ADC Interface



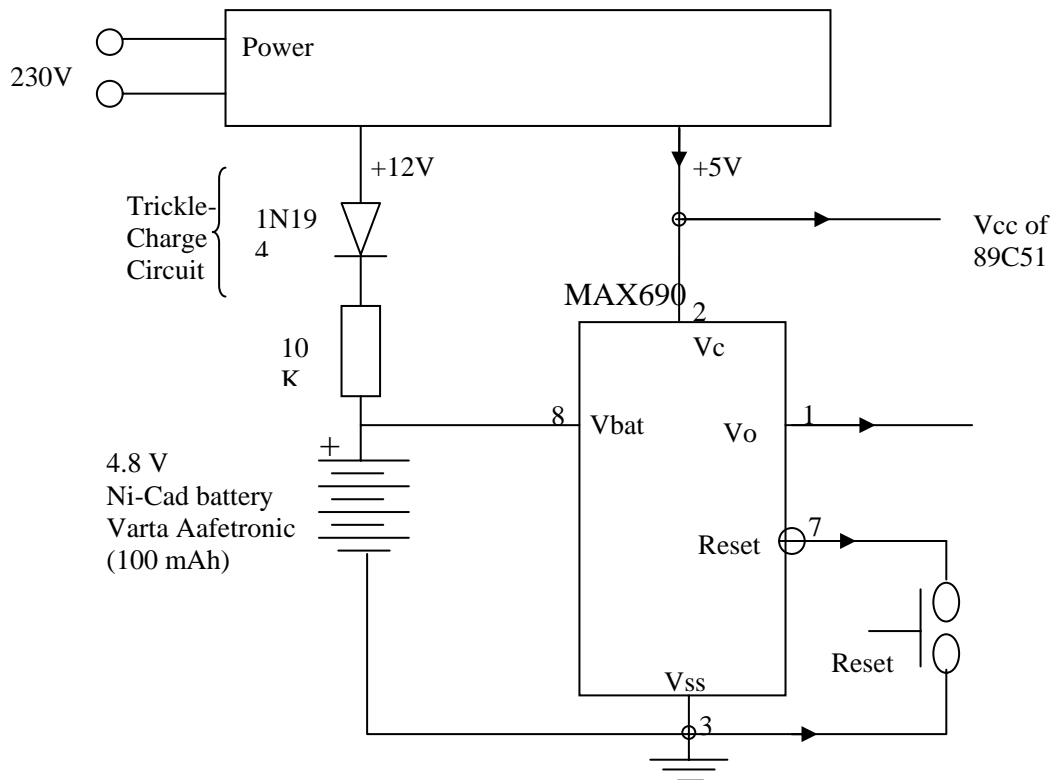
- ADC1031 from National semiconductor is a 10 bit ADC
- with Serial interface
- Conversion time is 13.7 us @ 3MHz.
- Conversion starts as soon as CS is enabled
- External clock 1MHz is connected to CCLK

Serial DAC Interface



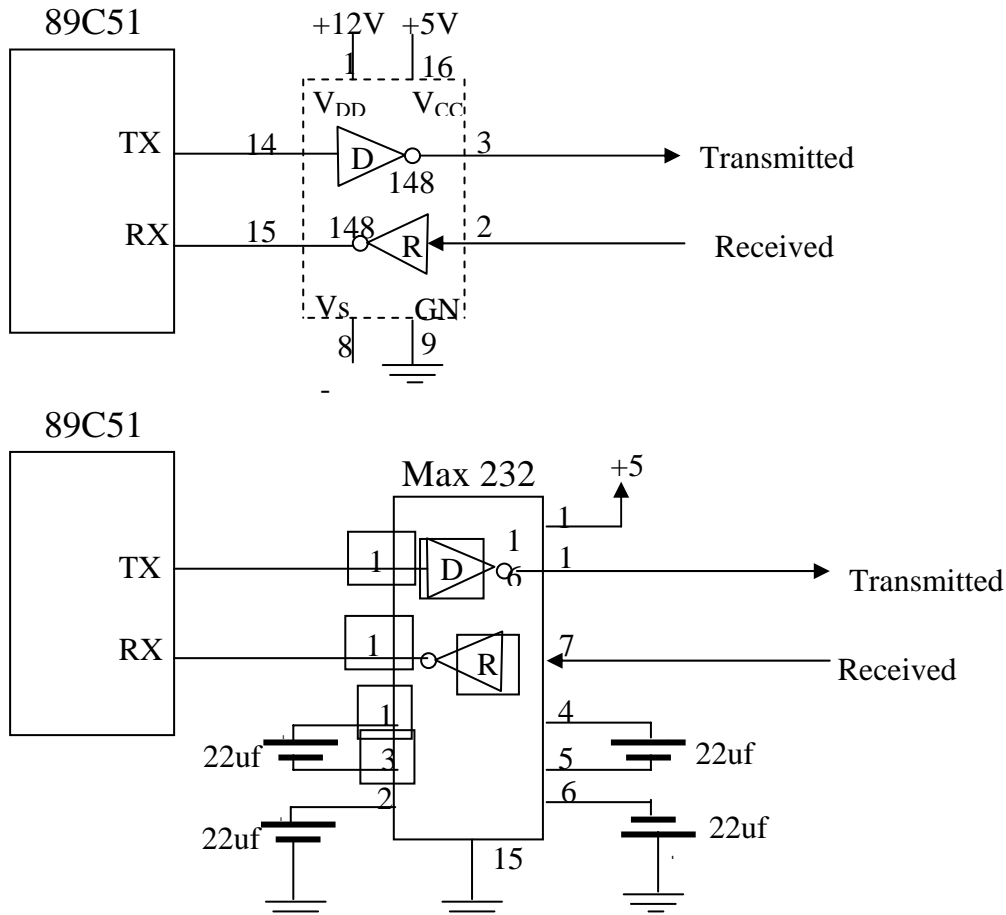
- AD7303 is dual channel 8 bit DAC
- Has 16 bit input registers, 8 bit for data and 8 bit for control
- Out put voltage = $(2 \cdot V_{ref} \cdot N) / 255$.
- Interface is shown to realize window detector
- If the data is between upper limit and lower limit pass LED glows else fail LED glows

Battery Backup



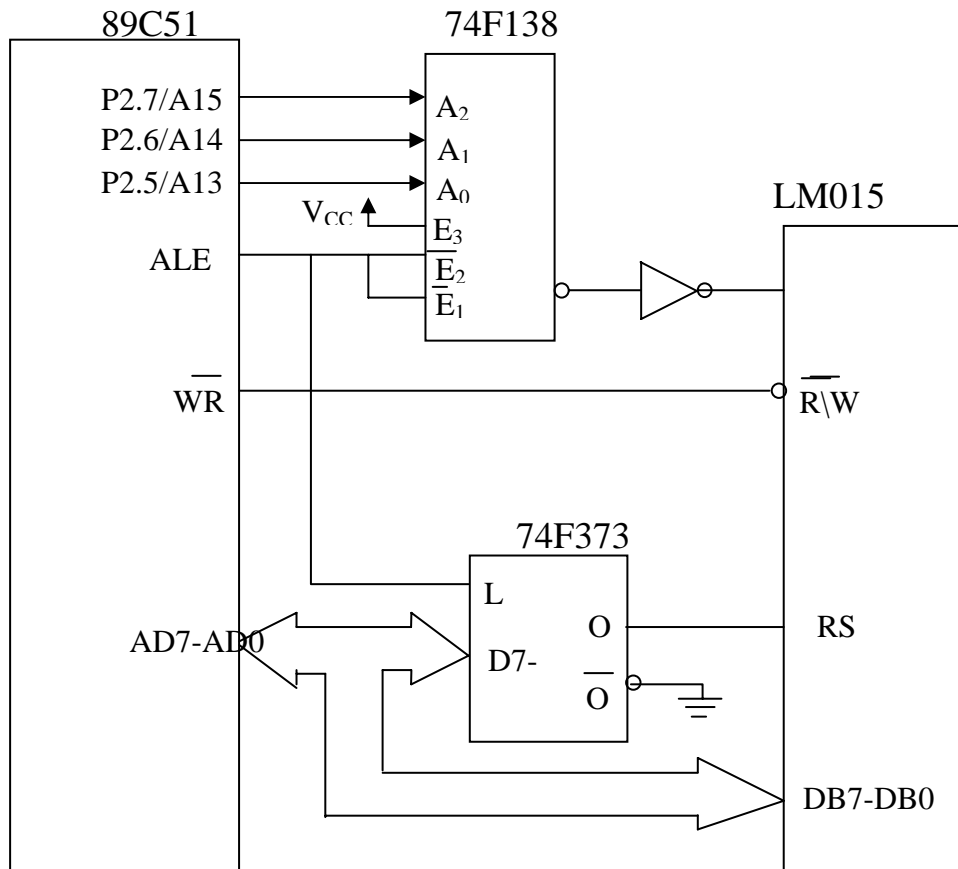
- Max 690 is a battery switchover/reset generator chip
- It provides a voltage threshold mechanism for bringing the chip out of reset at startup and for returning it to reset at power down
- The reset out is connected to the reset pin of 89C51 through an inverter
- V_{OUT} is connected to the V_{CC} of any memory chip which requires battery backup

Serial Interface



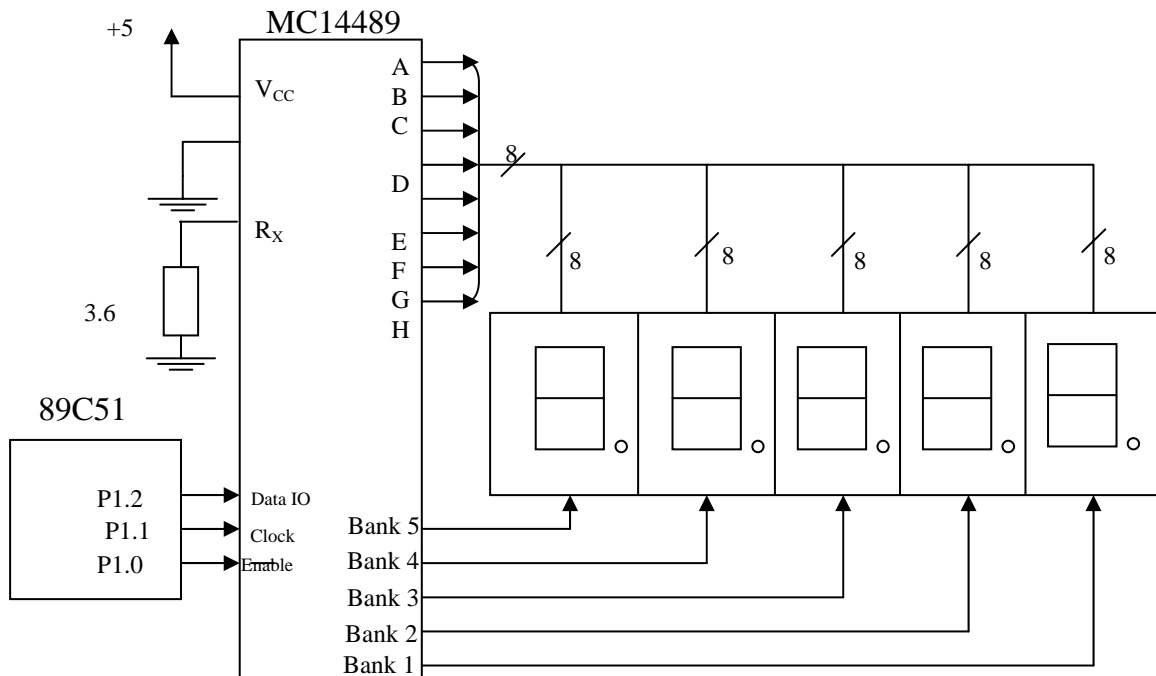
- RS 232 interface can be realised with 1488 (transmitter) and 1489 (receiver) level translator ICs
- These ICs require $\pm 12V$ supplies
- Max 232 IC require only 5V and four external capacitors

LCD Interface



- LCD module LM015 displays one line of 16 characters.
- LM015 is initialized with some command words through its control register
- The data to be displayed is written into its data register in ASCII format
- RS pin distinguishes the control and data registers when E is logic high

LED Interface-1



- MC14489 is a multi character LED driver
- With out additional ICs 89C51 can be interfaced to drive five 7 Segment LED displays.
- 24 bit data is serially transmitted to the driver by the 89C51 to display five digits with decimal point option
- MC14489s can be cascaded for more number of displays
- The brightness is controlled by the external resistor 3.6K