

Error Control Coding: An Introduction to Convolutional Codes - - Unit 5 - Week-4

None of the above

No, the answer is incorrect. Score: 0

Accepted Answers:

 $\beta_l(0) = \gamma_l(0,2) * \beta_{l+1}(2) + \gamma_l(0,0) * \beta_{l+1}(0)$

3) What is the value of $max^*(0.3, 0.5, 0.6)$? All the notations are same as used in the lectures.

0.6
1.1
1.4
1.6

No, the answer is incorrect. Score: 0

Accepted Answers: 1.6

4) A tail-biting convolutional encoder has the same initial state as the final state. For a tail biting **1** point (n,1,m) convolutional encoder, what are the correct initial values for forward recursion ? All the notations are same as used in the lectures.

$$\alpha_0(s) = \frac{1}{2^m} \text{ for all states}$$

$$\alpha_0(s) = \frac{1}{m} \text{ for all states}$$

$$\alpha_0(s) = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if } s = 0\\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$
None of the above

No, the answer is incorrect. Score: 0

Accepted Answers: $\alpha_0(s) = \frac{1}{2^m}$ for all states

5) For a tail-biting (n,1,m) convolutional encoder of length N, what are the initial values for **1** point backward recursion ? All the notations are same as used in the lectures.

 $\beta_N(s) = \frac{1}{2^m} \text{ for all states}$ $\beta_N(s) = \frac{1}{m} \text{ for all states}$ $\beta_N(s) = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if } s = 0\\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$ None of the above

No, the answer is incorrect. Score: 0

Accepted Answers: $\beta_N(s) = \frac{1}{2^m}$ for all states

6) For a rate $R = \frac{1}{3}$ turbo code, what is the correct expression for computation of extrinsic **1** point information at the output of decoder 1? All the notations are same as used in the lectures.

$$L^{(1)}(u_l) = L^{1}(u_l) - L_c r_l^{(0)}$$

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$$L^{(1)}(u_l) - L_c r_l^{(0)} - L_c r_l^{(1)}$$

$$L^{(1)}(u_l) - L_c r_l^{(0)} - L_a^{(1)}(u_l)$$

No, the answer is incorrect. Score: 0

Accepted Answers: $L^{(1)}(u_l) - L_c r_l^{(0)} - L_a^{(1)}(u_l)$

7) Which of the following statements is incorrect about measures of convergence for turbo **1** point codes?

tenBrink's EXIT chart is based on mutual information.

Measure of convergence accurately predicts the performance of small to moderate block length turbo codes in the waterfall region.

Divsalar's density evolution method is based on tracking the actual density of extrinsic and apriori information.

Convergence threshold of rate R=1/2 turbo codes is more than 0 dB (Shannon capacity limit).

No, the answer is incorrect.

Score: 0

Accepted Answers:

Measure of convergence accurately predicts the performance of small to moderate block length turbo cod in the waterfall region.

8) For a (2,1,3) convolutional encoder, which of the following is feasible value for d_{free} ? **1** point

No, the answer is incorrect. Score: 0

Accepted Answers: 6

9) Which of the following statement is incorrect?

1 point

- GSM standard uses convolutional code for error control coding.
- Convolutional coding is mandatory for WiMAX standard.
- Galileo deep space mission to Jupiter used convolutional coding and BCJR decoding.

Trellis coded modulation that combines coding with modulation found its application in analog telephone modems.

No, the answer is incorrect. Score: 0

Accepted Answers:

Galileo deep space mission to Jupiter used convolutional coding and BCJR decoding.

10For reliable communication in presence of Gaussian noise, what is the minimum signal to **1** point noise ratio E_b/N_0 required if we are using a rate R = 4/5 code?

2.35 dB
 1.0368 dB
 ∞
 0 dB
 No, the answer is incorrect.
 Score: 0
 Accepted Answers:
 1.0368 dB

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