Control System Design - - Unit 10 - Week 6: 2-Degree of freedom control design for robustness Х reviewer3@nptel.iitm.ac.in ▼ Courses » Control System Design Announcements Course Ask a Question Progress FAQ Unit 10 - Week 6: 2-Degree of freedom control design fo robustness Week-6 Assessment Course outline The due date for submitting this assignment has passed. Due on 2018-09-12. 23:59 As per our records you have not submitted this assignment. How to access the portal Week-6 Assessment Prerequisite 1) Consider a plant whose transfer function is given by 1 point Assignment  $129K_{p}$  $P(s) = \frac{1-2Kp}{s(s/p+1)(s/264+1)}$ . Although the nominal gain of the plant  $K_p$  is 10.75, it could MATI AB Download and drift to any value between 4.3 and 43. The nominal value of p is 43. We wish to employ a Introduction 2 DOF control system such that, for the nominal plant, the dominant closed-loop poles lie at  $s = -86 \pm j215$ . We also desire that when the gain of the plant varies between the MATLAB aforesaid values, the closed-loop poles vary at most by 4.3. Find out the location of the Learning controller zeros that will have to be added in order to achieve the desired objective if the Modules transfer function of the designed controller C(s) and pre-filter F(s) are of the following Week 1: Linear form  $C(s) = \frac{K_c(s+z_c)(s+\bar{z_c})}{(s+p_c)^2}, F(s) = \frac{z_c\bar{z_c}}{(s+z_c)(s+\bar{z_c})}$ , where p<sub>c</sub> is a far-off pole located l System Theory, Fourier and Laplace Transforms

Week 2: Introduction to feedback control, Nyquist stability theory

Week 3 : Bode plots, Steps for performing control design, General controllers

Week 4: Bodeplot and rootlocus based control design

Week 5: Control of systems with some known parameters. Introduction to 2dearee of freedom control

Week 6: 2-Degree of

# distant away from the origin.

 $z_c = 87.9 \pm j215.2$  $z_c = 91 \pm j205.2$  $z_c = 101.1 \pm j305.2$  $z_c = 87.9 \pm j150$ 

No, the answer is incorrect. Score: 0

**Accepted Answers:**  $z_c = 87.9 \pm j215.2$ 

2) For Q1, calculate the distance (*l*) of the two far-off poles from the origin if it is **1** point desired that all the closed loop poles have to be stable.

No, the answer is incorrect. Score: 0		
$\bigcirc l$	4900	
$\bigcirc l$	2000	
$\bigcirc l$	t = 1000	
$\bigcirc l$	49000	)

Accepted Answers:

1/4

#### 27/07/2020

freedom control design for robustness

- 2-Degree of freedom robust control design for plants with gain uncertainty (Part 1/2)
- 2-Degree of freedom robust control design for plants with uncertain gain (Part 2/2)
- 2-Degree of freedom robust control design for plants with uncertain pole
- 2-Degree of freedom robust control design for plants with multiple uncertainties in their structure

 Quiz : Week-6 Assessment

Week 7: Quantitative feedback theory (Part 1/2)

Week 8 : Quantitative feedback theory (Part 2/2)

Lecture Notes(Week 1 -8)

Week 9: Fundamental properties of feedback systems

Week 10 :Nonminimum phase system

Week 11: Unstable systems

Week 12 Describing functions

Assignment solutions

# Control System Design - - Unit 10 - Week 6: 2-Degree of freedom control design for robustness l = 49000

3) For Q1, identify the correct pre-filter's transfer function

$$F(s) = \frac{54040}{s^2 + 175.8s + 54040}$$

$$F(s) = \frac{50388}{s^2 + 182s + 50388}$$

$$F(s) = \frac{10335}{s^2 + 202s + 10335}$$

$$F(s) = \frac{30226}{s^2 + 175.7s + 30226}$$

No, the answer is incorrect. Score: 0

Accepted Answers:

$$F(s) = \frac{54040}{s^2 + 175.8s + 54040}$$

4) For Q1 what was the reason to add two poles in the controller transfer function **1** point far away from the origin?

- To make the controller transfer function causal
- In order to make sure that the root locus passes through the desired location
- To make sure that the root locus branch emanating from them do not affect the desired closed loop performance.

To ensure robust performance

## No, the answer is incorrect. Score: 0

#### Accepted Answers: To make the controller transfer function causal

5) Consider the plant given in Q1. Assume that the gain of the plant is fixed at **1** point 10.75. Although the nominal position of the dominant open loop pole is p = 43 it varies between 4.3 to 107.5. A unity feedback control system with a controller C(s) along with a pre-filter F(s) is designed to achieve the following specifications:

(i) The dominant poles of the closed loop system should be situated at  $-86 \pm j215$ (ii) The variation in the dominant closed loop pole due to variations of the plant pole should be less than 4.3.

(iii) All closed loop poles have to be stable.

The transfer function of the designed controller and pre-filter are  $K_c(s+z_c)(s+\bar{z_c}) = \frac{z_c\bar{z_c}}{z_c}$ 

 $C(s) = \frac{K_c(s+z_c)(s+\bar{z_c})}{(s+p_c)^2} \text{ and } F(s) = \frac{z_c \bar{z_c}}{(s+z_c)(s+\bar{z_c})}.$  Identify the value of  $z_c$  among the following:

 $z_c = 95.1 \pm j216.03$  $z_c = 85 \pm j104.23$  $z_c = 15.2 \pm j25.87$  $z_c = 65.2 \pm j102.8$ 

No, the answer is incorrect. Score: 0 Accepted Answers: f > In 8\*

1 point

Control System Design - - Unit 10 - Week 6: 2-Degree of freedom control design for robustness  $z_c = 95.1 \pm j216.03$ 

6) Identify the values of  $p_c \& K_c$  for the controller C(s) designed in Q5. **1** point

 $p_c = 1100 \& K_c = 1045.52$   $p_c = 1200 \& K_c = 1045.56$   $p_c = 2600 \& K_c = 387.25$  $p_c = 1600 \& K_c = 8035.61$ 

No, the answer is incorrect. Score: 0

# Accepted Answers: $p_c = 2600 \& K_c = 387.25$



7) For the plant given in Q1, although the nominal value of the plant gain  $K_p$  is 1 pc  $3^+$  10.75 it varies between 4.3 to 43. Similarly, the dominant pole whose nominal location i  $3^+$  = 43 varies between 4.3 to 107.5. A unity feedback control system with a controller C(s) along with a pre-filter F(s) is designed to achieve the following specifications:

(i) The dominant poles of the closed loop system should be situated at  $-86 \pm j215$ 

(ii) The variation in the dominant closed loop pole due to variations of the plant gain and pole should be less than 4.3.

(iii) All closed loop poles are stable.

The transfer function of the designed controller and pre-filter are

 $C(s) = \frac{K_c(s+z_c)(s+\bar{z_c})}{s(s+p_c)^2} \text{ and } F(s) = \frac{z_c \bar{z_c}}{(s+z_c)(s+\bar{z_c})}. \text{ Identify the value of } z_c$ among the following:

 $z_c = 97.8 \pm j316.02$ 

 $z_c = 87.8 \pm j215.2$   $z_c = 19.2 \pm j359.87$   $z_c = 95.2 \pm j480.9$ 

No, the answer is incorrect. Score: 0

Accepted Answers:  $z_c = 87.8 \pm j215.2$ 

8) Identify the value of  $p_c$  for the controller C(s) designed in Q7.

1 point

 $p_c = 3600$   $p_c = 10000$   $p_c = 53000$  $p_c = 8000$ 

No, the answer is incorrect. Score: 0 Accepted Answers:  $p_c = 53000$  27/07/2020

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### Control System Design - - Unit 10 - Week 6: 2-Degree of freedom control design for robustness

9) Identify the value of  $K_c$  for the controller C(s) designed in Q7.

 $K_c = 3.3X10^6$  $K_c = 5.6X10^4$  $K_c = 4.231X10^4$  $K_c = 9.521X10^3$ 

No, the answer is incorrect. Score: 0

**Accepted Answers:**  $K_c = 3.3X10^6$ 

f V I pc in 10)What will be the shape of the region within which the closed-loop pole would wander when both the gain and pole of a plant varies?

- Triangular
- Circle
- A trapezoid
- It would wander along a straight line

## No, the answer is incorrect. Score: 0 **Accepted Answers:**

A trapezoid

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End

1 point

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