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A project of

National Programme on
Technology Enhanced Learning

In association with NASSCOM®

electrical conductivity

Introduction to crystal structure and their classifications

Direct Imaging of Atomic Structure, Diffraction of Waves by Crystals, Reciprocal lattice, Brillouin Zones

Vibrations of Crystals with Monatomic Basis, Acoustic modes

Two Atoms per Primitive Basis, Quantization of Elastic Waves, Phonon Momentum

Bloch's theorem for wavefunction of a particle in a periodic potential, nearly free electron model, origin of energy band gaps, discussion of Bloch wavefunction

Band theory of metals, insulators and semiconductors, Kronig-Penney model, tight binding method of calculating bands, and semi-classical dynamics of a particle in a band

Introductory Semiconductor Physics

Magnetism in materials

Superconductivity

Solutions of

5827

No, the answer is incorrect.

Score: 0

Accepted Answers:

7200

4) **1** point

Electrical conductivity (σ) and specific heat (C_v) are defined as (where symbols have their usual meanings):

$$\sigma = \frac{l}{RA}, \text{Cv} = \frac{dQ}{dT}$$

$$\sigma = \frac{RA}{l}, \text{ CV} = \frac{dQ}{dT}$$

$$\sigma = \frac{RA}{l}, \text{ CV} = -\frac{dQ}{dT}$$

$$\sigma = \frac{RA}{l}, \text{Cv} = \frac{dQ}{dt}$$

No, the answer is incorrect.

Score: 0

Accepted Answers:

$$\sigma = l/_{RA}$$
, $Cv = \frac{dQ}{dT}$

5) 1 point Specific heat of a non-interacting monoatomic gas at constant volume is given by

(where R = gas constant):

- 5R/2
- 3R/2
- R/2
- \bigcirc 3R

No, the answer is incorrect.

Score: 0

Accepted Answers:

3R/2

6) What is the Fourier expansion of the square wave given as

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} -1 & for - \pi < x < 0 \\ 1 & for 0 < x < \pi \end{cases}$$

where $f(x + 2\pi) = f(x)$

0 0

$$[\sin x + \frac{1}{3}\sin 3x + \frac{1}{5}\sin 5x + \frac{1}{7}\sin 7x + \dots \dots]$$

$$\frac{4}{\pi} \left[\sin x + \frac{1}{3} \sin 3x + \frac{1}{5} \sin 5x + \frac{1}{7} \sin 7x + \dots \right]$$

$$\int_{\pi}^{\pi} \left[\cos x + \frac{1}{3} \cos 3x + \frac{1}{5} \cos 5x + \frac{1}{7} \cos 7x + \dots \right]$$

No, the answer is incorrect.

Score: 0

Accepted Answers:

$$\frac{4}{\pi} \left[\sin x + \frac{1}{3} \sin 3x + \frac{1}{5} \sin 5x + \frac{1}{7} \sin 7x + \dots \right]$$

1 point

Assignments

7) Typical wavelength (in Å) range of X-rays is 1 point
1 - 10 100 - 1000 0.1 - 100 1 - 10
No, the answer is incorrect. Score: 0
Accepted Answers: 0.1 - 100
1 points The condition for the constructive interference from a soap water thin film in air of hickness t and reflective index μ and light incident at an angle i on the film(as shown in figure below) is
$2\mu t \cos i = (2n-1) N2$
$2\mu t \cos i = (2n) \lambda/2$
$ 2\mu t \cos i = (n^2) \lambda / 2 $
$ 2\mu t \cos i = (n+1) \lambda/2 $
No, the answer is incorrect. Score: 0 Accepted Answers:
$2\mu t \cos i = (2n-1) \lambda/2$
1 points Two particles each of mass m are attached through a spring having spring constant k as shown in figure below). The particles are confined to move only in x direction
Then the natural mode(s) of vibration is(are)
$ \sqrt{\frac{2k}{m}}, \sqrt{\frac{3k}{m}} $ $ \sqrt{\frac{k}{m}} $
$\sqrt{\frac{m}{m}}$
$\sqrt{\frac{3k}{m}}$ $\sqrt{\frac{k}{m}}, \sqrt{\frac{3k}{m}}$
No, the answer is incorrect. Score: 0

Accepted Answers:

$$\sqrt{\frac{k}{m}}, \sqrt{\frac{3k}{m}}$$

1 point

Hamiltonian of a simple harmonic oscillator in terms of creation (a[†]) and annihilation operator (a) is given as

- $H = \hbar\omega \left(aa^{\dagger} + \frac{1}{2} \right)$
- $H = \hbar\omega \left(a^{\dagger}a + \frac{1}{2}\right)$
- $H = \hbar\omega (a^{\dagger}a \frac{1}{2})$
- $H = \hbar\omega (aa^{\dagger} 1)$

No, the answer is incorrect.

Score: 0

Accepted Answers:

 $H = \hbar\omega (a^{\dagger}a + \frac{1}{2})$

1 point

Average energy of a classical 3-dimensional harmonic oscillator at temperature T is

- 1/2kT
- \bigcirc 3/2kT
- 0

No, the answer is incorrect.

Score: 0

Accepted Answers:

1 point

Wave function of a free electron moving in the x-direction given by the function

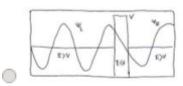
- ∫ sin²x
- e^{ikx}
- ekx
- 1

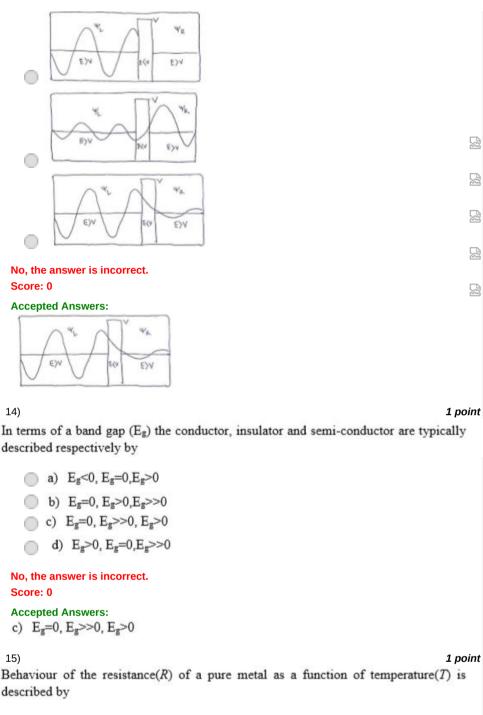
No, the answer is incorrect.

Accepted Answers: e^{ikx}

1 point

A particle with energy E (<V) is moving in the +ve x-direction. Which of the following best describes the wave function $\psi(x)$ in different regions





described by

- b) R ∝ T
- c) Ris independent of T
- d) None of the above

No, the answer is incorrect.

Score: 0

Accepted Answers:

b) $R \propto T$

1 point

Susceptibility of a diamagnetic (χ_d) and paramagnetic (χ_p) material are given respectively as

