**Progress** 



NPTEL » Friction and Wear of materials: principle and case studies



Announcements

**About the Course** 

Ask a Question

Mentor

1 point

## Unit 2 - Week 1

urse outline	Accianment 1	
v does an NPTEL online	Assignment 1	
rse work?	The due date for submitting this assignment has passed.  As per our records you have not submitted this assignment.  Due on 2020-02-12	2, 23:59 IST.
ek 1	1) Tribology is dependent property	1 naint
ribology: Introduction	Tribology is dependent property.	1 point
Surfaces and contacts	System	
riction: Laws and	○ hardness ○ toughness	
echanisms	strength	
ntact temperature	No, the answer is incorrect. Score: 0	
ication	Accepted Answers:	
: Assignment 1	system	
on For Assignment 1	2) The statement "High friction ensures higher wear." is	1 point
	O Always true	
	O Always false	
	O Not always true	
	No, the answer is incorrect. Score: 0	
	Accepted Answers: Not always true	
	<ol> <li>Among the following, the most preferred surface roughness parameter for recording minute characteristics of surface roughness is</li> </ol>	1 point
	○ Ra	•
	○Rq	
	○Rp	
ts	No, the answer is incorrect. Score: 0	
VIDEOS	Accepted Answers: Rq	
EDDAOK	ng -	
EDBACK	4) During running-in-period of sliding, the coefficient of friction typically	1 point
	Oincreases	
	Odecreases	
	remains constant	
	O none of the above	
	No, the answer is incorrect. Score: 0	
	Accepted Answers:	
	increases	
	5) Typical characteristics of a lubricant in a sliding contact include:	1 point
	a) viscosity	
	Ob) surface tension	
	c. both a and b	
	d. none of the given options	
	No, the answer is incorrect. Score: 0	
	Accepted Answers:  c. both a and b	
		1 noint
	6) In lubricated sliding contact, the coefficient of friction is	1 point
	independent of surface roughness	
	dependent on sliding velocity     constant irrespective of sliding velocity	
	always higher for smoother surfaces	
	No, the answer is incorrect.	
	Score: 0	
	Accepted Answers: dependent on sliding velocity	
		4
	<ol> <li>Select the appropriate combination of material pair and flash temperature rise in dry unlubricated sliding conditions</li> <li>Material pair</li> <li>Flash temperature rise (in K)</li> </ol>	1 point
	(i). Steel vs. copper in ambient (I) 473	

(i). Steel vs. copper in ambient (I) 473
(ii). Steel vs. steel in vacuum (II)1273
(iii). Steel vs. steel in ambient (III)773

8) The coefficient of friction of ceramics under oil lubrication is typically low, because of

○ i- I ○ i-II ○ ii-III ○ iii-II

No, the answer is incorrect. Score: 0

Accepted Answers:

i- I

cracking

tribochemical reaction

abrasion

onone of the above

No, the answer is incorrect. Score: 0

Accepted Answers: tribochemical reaction

9) Choose correct contact radius for two steel balls sliding in dry unlubricated sliding conditions. The radii of the balls are 5 x 10^-3 m and 7.5 x 10^-3 *points* m; The normal force is 10N; The Young's modulus for both balls is 2 X 10^11 Pa; Poisson's ratio of steel is 0.3.

1.5 centi meters
 1.5 milli meters

1.5 milli meters

1.5 micron meters

No, the answer is incorrect. Score: 0

Accepted Answers: 1.5 milli meters