## Unit 8 - UNIT-7 (Week 7)

## Course outline <br> How to access the portal

Unit-1 (Week 1)

UNIT-2 (Week 2)
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UNIT-5 (Week 5)
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## UNIT-7 (Week 7)

Lecture-1: Cost Estimation: Methods of Cost Estimation, Adjustment of Data, Learning

Lecture-2: Cost Estimating Relationships

Lecture-3:
Introduction to Decision Under Risk Criteria for Decision Under Risk

Lecture-4:
Expected Value
Decision
Making Under
Risk
Lecture-5:
Expected
Variance,
Decision
Making Under
Risk
Quiz:
Assignment 7
Feedback Week-7

## Assignment 7

The due date for submitting this assignment has passed. Due on 2018-03-28, 23:59 IST As per our records you have not submitted this assignment.

1) Which of the following statement is true with respect to estimation by analogy $\mathbf{1}$ point

Cost are assigned to each element at lowest level of details

The estimator begins with set of drawings and specifies about each kind of requirement

It is useful when a firm is venturing into new area

It is useful and sufficient in long range planning

No, the answer is incorrect.
Score: 0
Accepted Answers:
It is useful when a firm is venturing into new area
A2)mathematical model that explains the phenomenon of worker efficiency with 1 point repetitive production of a good or service is known as

Learning curve

Functional relationship

Order of magnitude estimates

Power law and sizing model
No, the answer is incorrect.
Score: 0
Accepted Answers:
Learning curve
WBhile dealing with cost estimating relationship, the functions in which price 1 point quantity relationship is better represented in small non-continuous increments are

Solutions of Assignment 7

## UNIT-8 (Week 8)

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Linear functions

Exponential functions

## Parabolic functions

## Step functions

No, the answer is incorrect.
Score: 0

## Accepted Answers:

## Step functions

Thide table below gives the net profit calculated for five investment opportunities 1 pm under three possible futures. The alternatives that should be selected under the mot+ probable future criterion and the expected value criterion respectively are

| Alternative | $(0.3)$ <br> $F_{1}(R s)$ | $(0.2)$ <br> $F_{2}(R s)$ | $(0.5)$ <br> $F_{3}(R s)$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | $30,00,000$ | $20,00,000$ | $38,00,000$ |
| $\mathrm{~A}_{2}$ | $-20,00,000$ | $16,00,000$ | $59,00,000$ |
| $\mathrm{~A}_{3}$ | 0 | $18,00,000$ | $50,00,000$ |
| $\mathrm{~A}_{4}$ | $11,00,000$ | $28,00,000$ | $20,00,000$ |
| $\mathrm{~A}_{5}$ | $40,00,000$ | $9,00,000$ | $18,00,000$ |

$\mathrm{A}_{2}$ and $\mathrm{A}_{1}$
$\mathrm{A}_{3}$ and $\mathrm{A}_{1}$
$\mathrm{A}_{3}$ and $\mathrm{A}_{4}$
$\mathrm{A}_{2}$ and $\mathrm{A}_{4}$
No, the answer is incorrect.
Score: 0
Accepted Answers:
$A_{2}$ and $A_{1}$
5) In cash estimation involving learning, the term learning implies that to

1 point

Direct-Labour hours will increase per unit when production quantity is doubled

Direct-Labour hours will decrease per unit when production quantity is doubled

Direct-Material cost per unit will increase when production quantity is doubled

Direct-Material cost per unit will decrease when production quantity is doubled
No, the answer is incorrect.
Score: 0
Accepted Answers:
6) For Q 6 TO 8:

A student team is designing a formula car. Estimated time required to assemble the first car is 100 hours. Learning rate is 0.8 .

Time required to assemble $4^{\text {th }}$ car is

80 Hours


64 Hours
51.2 Hours

56 Hours
No, the answer is incorrect.
Score: 0
Accepted Answers:
64 Hours
7) Time required to assemble tenth car is
45.2 Hours
47.6 Hours
49.3 Hours
2.5 Hours

No, the answer is incorrect.
Score: 0
Accepted Answers:
47.6 Hours
8) Time required to assemble first ten cars is

658 Hours

631 Hours

605 Hours

692 Hours
No, the answer is incorrect.
Score: 0
Accepted Answers:
631 Hours
9) For Q 9 TO 10 :

1 point

Cost per kilometer, X , is a random variable and is described in the table below:

| $\operatorname{Cost}(\mathrm{X})$ in Rupees | Probability that cost is X |
| :--- | :--- |
| 8000000 | 0.1 |
| 10000000 | 0.3 |
| 12000000 | 0.3 |
| 14000000 | 0.2 |
| 16000000 | 0.1 |

Expected value of the cost per kilometer will be

11600000

11800000

11200000

11300000
No, the answer is incorrect.
Score: 0

## Accepted Answers:

11800000
10If the contractor wishes to be $90 \%$ sure that the cost will not exceed the income, 1 point the bid selected should be for Rupees

16000000

14000000
○
12000000

10000000

## No, the answer is incorrect.

Score: 0
Accepted Answers:
14000000

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