

Unit 3 - Week 1

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Week 1
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Assignment Solution

Assignment 1

The due date for submitting this assignment has passed. **Due on 2019-08-14, 23:59 IST.**
 As per our records you have not submitted this assignment.

1) In the Lagrangian description, the position of a fluid particle in a flow field is given by 1 point

$$\begin{aligned} x &= x_0 e^{kt} \\ y &= y_0 e^{-kt} \\ z &= z_0 \end{aligned}$$

where (x_0, y_0, z_0) is the initial position of the fluid particle at time $t = 0$ and k is a known dimensional constant. This flow field is

- (A) steady and uniform (B) steady but non-uniform
 (C) unsteady but uniform (D) unsteady and non-uniform

- a
 b
 c
 d

No, the answer is incorrect.
 Score: 0

Accepted Answers:
 b

2) For a two-dimensional velocity field, $\vec{V} = u(x, y)\hat{i} + v(x, y)\hat{j}$, the slope of a streamline is given by 1 point

- (A) $\left(\frac{dy}{dx}\right)_{\text{streamline}} = \frac{u}{v}$
 (B) $\left(\frac{dy}{dx}\right)_{\text{streamline}} = -\frac{u}{v}$
 (C) $\left(\frac{dy}{dx}\right)_{\text{streamline}} = \frac{v}{u}$
 (D) $\left(\frac{dy}{dx}\right)_{\text{streamline}} = -\frac{v}{u}$

- a
 b
 c
 d

No, the answer is incorrect.
 Score: 0

Accepted Answers:
 c

3) Streamlines, streaklines and pathlines are always identical for a 1 point

- (A) steady flow
 (B) uniform flow
 (C) incompressible flow
 (D) They are never identical for any flow field

- a
 b
 c
 d

No, the answer is incorrect.
 Score: 0

Accepted Answers:
 a

4) Which among the following is the MOST GENERAL expression for the acceleration of a fluid particle in a flow field where $\vec{V}(x, y, z, t)$ represents the velocity field in the Eulerian description? 1 point

- (A) $\frac{\partial \vec{V}}{\partial t}$ (B) $\frac{\partial \vec{V}}{\partial t} + \vec{V}(\nabla \cdot \vec{V})$
 (C) $\frac{\partial \vec{V}}{\partial t} + (\vec{V} \cdot \nabla)\vec{V}$ (D) $\frac{\partial \vec{V}}{\partial t} + \nabla(\vec{V} \cdot \vec{V})$

- a
 b
 c
 d

No, the answer is incorrect.
 Score: 0

Accepted Answers:
 c

5) Consider a two-dimensional velocity field: 1 point

$$\vec{V} = \frac{x}{1+t}\hat{i} + \frac{2y}{1+2t}\hat{j}$$

The acceleration of a fluid particle located at the point (4,9) at time $t = 1$ s is

- (A) $-\hat{i} - 4\hat{j}$
 (B) $-2\hat{i} - 8\hat{j}$
 (C) $\hat{i} + 4\hat{j}$
 (D) $\vec{0}$

- a
 b
 c
 d

No, the answer is incorrect.
 Score: 0

Accepted Answers:
 d

6) The material acceleration is always zero for a/an 1 point

- (A) steady and uniform flow
 (B) steady and non-uniform flow
 (C) unsteady and uniform flow
 (D) unsteady and non-uniform flow

- a
 b
 c
 d

No, the answer is incorrect.
 Score: 0

Accepted Answers:
 a

7) Consider the flow represented by the velocity field, $\vec{V} = (Ay + B)\hat{i} - Ax\hat{j}$, where $A = 10 \text{ s}^{-1}$ and $B = 3 \text{ m/s}$ and the coordinates are measured in meters. The circulation about the "curve" bounded by $y = 0$, $x = 1$, $y = 1$ and $x = 0$ is 1 point

- (A) $10 \text{ m}^2/\text{s}$ (B) $20 \text{ m}^2/\text{s}$
 (C) $-20 \text{ m}^2/\text{s}$ (D) 0

- a
 b
 c
 d

No, the answer is incorrect.
 Score: 0

Accepted Answers:
 c

8) Which among the following velocity fields represents a rigid body motion? 1 point

- (A) $u = x + 2y + 3z; v = 2x + y - z; w = 3x - y - 2z$
 (B) $u = x + 2y + 3z; v = -2x + y + z; w = -3x - y - 2z$
 (C) $u = 2y + 3z; v = 2x - z; w = 3x - y$
 (D) $u = 2y + 3z; v = -2x + z; w = -3x - y$

- a
 b
 c
 d

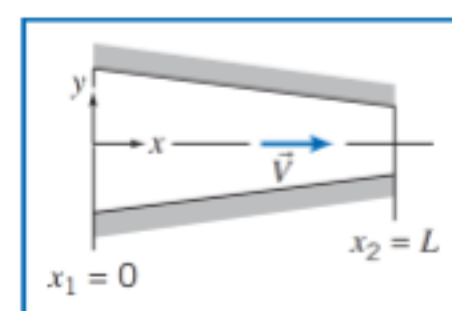
No, the answer is incorrect.
 Score: 0

Accepted Answers:
 d

9) Consider two-dimensional, steady, incompressible flow through the plane converging channel as shown in figure below. The velocity on the horizontal centerline (x -axis) is given by 1 point

$$\vec{V} = V_0 \left(1 + \frac{x}{L}\right)\hat{i}$$

The time taken by a fluid particle on the horizontal axis to travel from $x = 0$ to $x = L$ is



- (A) $\frac{2L}{3V_0}$ (B) $\frac{L}{V_0} \ln(2)$
 (C) $\frac{L}{2V_0}$ (D) $\frac{L}{2V_0} \ln(2)$

- a
 b
 c
 d

No, the answer is incorrect.
 Score: 0

Accepted Answers:
 b

10) A two-dimensional velocity field is given by 1 point

$$\vec{V} = xy\hat{i} + \frac{1}{2}(x^2 - y^2)\hat{j}$$

The flow field represents

- (A) an incompressible, irrotational flow
 (B) an incompressible, rotational flow
 (C) a compressible, irrotational flow
 (D) a compressible, rotational flow

- a
 b
 c
 d

No, the answer is incorrect.
 Score: 0

Accepted Answers:
 a

11) A two-dimensional velocity field is given by 1 point

$$\vec{V} = 2xy\hat{i} + (2y^2 - x^2)\hat{j}$$

The rate of angular deformation of a fluid element ($\dot{\gamma}_{xy}$) and vorticity of the flow field (Ω_z) respectively are

- (A) $\dot{\gamma}_{xy} = 0$ and $\Omega_z = 0$
 (B) $\dot{\gamma}_{xy} = 0$ and $\Omega_z = 4x$
 (C) $\dot{\gamma}_{xy} = -4x$ and $\Omega_z = 0$
 (D) $\dot{\gamma}_{xy} = 0$ and $\Omega_z = -4x$

- a
 b
 c
 d

No, the answer is incorrect.
 Score: 0

Accepted Answers:
 d

12) The stream function of a flow field is $\psi = Ax^2y - By^3$, where $A = 1$ (with appropriate dimensions). The value of B for which the flow becomes irrotational is 1 point

- (A) $-\frac{1}{3}$ (B) $\frac{1}{3}$
 (C) 3 (D) -3

- a
 b
 c
 d

No, the answer is incorrect.
 Score: 0

Accepted Answers:
 b