Mentor

NPTEL » Introduction to Robotics

Announcements

About the Course

Ask a Question

Progress

Course outline How does an NPTEL online course work? Week 0 Week 1 Week 2 Week 3 Week 4 Week 5 Week 6 Week 7 Week 8 Week 9 Week 10 Lecture 19 - Non Linear Control of Manipulators Lecture 20 - Force Control Week 10 - Lecture Notes Ouiz : Assignment 10 Feedback for Week 10

Assignment 10 Solutions

DOWNLOAD VIDEOS

Week 11

Week 12

Assignment 10	
The due date for submitting this assignment has passed.	Due on 2021-03-31, 23:59 IST
As per our records you have not submitted this assignment.	d main
In a trajectory tracking controller, a servo error is generated that is      Difference between the present position and desired position	1 poin
Square root of the absolute difference between the squares of the present position and desired position	
Mean of the cummulative errors     Difference between the mean position and present position	
No, the answer is incorrect. Score: 0	
Accepted Answers: Difference between the present position and desired position	
2) In the partitioned controller approach, the system is reduced to	1 poin
Cinear model	
Single input model  Time invariant model	
O Unit mass system  No, the answer is incorrect.	
Score: 0 Accepted Answers:	
Unit mass system	
In a PD controller the steady state error is	1 poin
Inversely proportional to the disturbance and directly proportional to $oldsymbol{K}_d$	
Directly proportional to disturbance and inversely proportional to the $K_d$	
Directly proportional to disturbance and inversely proportional to the $K_p$	
Inversely proportional to the disturbance and directly proportional to $oldsymbol{K}_p$	
No, the answer is incorrect. Score: 0 Accepted Answers:	
Directly proportional to disturbance and inversely proportional to the $K_p$	
4) If for a small disturbance, a system returns to its origin, it is	1 poin
Marginally stable     Asymptotically stable	
Absolutely stable	
Oconditionally stable  No, the answer is incorrect.	
Score: 0 Accepted Answers:	
Asymptotically stable	4 1
5) A spring, mass, damper system is stable because the Lyapunov function $V(x)$ is $\square$ Positive definite	1 poin
o positive definite o positive semi definite	
Negative definite     Negative semi definite	
No, the answer is incorrect. Score: 0	
Accepted Answers: Negative semi definite	
Simultaneous force and position control is possible only if force and position are	1 poin
Orthogonal to one another	
parallel to one another      linearly independent quantities	
mutually exclusive	
No, the answer is incorrect. Score: 0 Accepted Answers:	
orthogonal to one another	
7) Force control in a constrianed environment is associated with a total of how many natural and artificial contraint	ts 1 poin
○ 14 ○ 12	
O 10	
No, the answer is incorrect.	
Score: 0 Accepted Answers: 12	
8) Hybrid control is the control of	1 poin
Force only	r poin
O Position only	
Force and position  Force or postion	
No, the answer is incorrect. Score: 0	
Accepted Answers: Force or postion	
9) A robot and a human can be made to perform a task together using	1 poin
O Impedance control	
Hybrid control     Position control	
O Force control	
No, the answer is incorrect. Score: 0 Accepted Answers:	
Impedance control	
10) Although a spring, mass, damper system has negative semi definite Lyapunov function $\dot{V}(x)$ , it also can be pro	oved to be stable using 1 point
Routh–Hurwitz theorem     Nonlinear control theory	
Final Value theorem     La Salles theorem	
No, the answer is incorrect.	
Score: 0 Accepted Answers: La Salles theorem	