## Assignment 5



## Accepted Answers:

## $\Sigma 5$

2) Guinier Preston zones have $\qquad$ interface with matrix.

1 point
coherent
semi-coherent
incoherent
none of these

## Accepted Answers: <br> coherent

3) A CSL boundary obtained by 21.8 degrees rotation across a (111) plane is

1 point

## $\Sigma 3$

## $\Sigma 5$

- 


## $\Sigma 7$

None of these
## Accepted Answers:

## $\Sigma 7$

4) If alpha and beta phases have same crystal structure and similar lattice parameter, they can 1 point form $\qquad$ interface.
low energy coherenthigh energy coherent
semi-coherent
incoherent

## Accepted Answers:

low energy coherent
5) Partially coherent precipitate have a $\qquad$ shape.

1 pointsphericalcuboidalcylindrical

## Accepted Answers:

disc
6) Which one is a correct statement:

1 point
(A) Severe supercooling is necessary for homogeneous nucleation.
(B) Nucleus forms spontaneously in the melt by random atomic motion by a cluster of a few atoms.
(C) Foreign matter in melt serves as nucleation catalyst.

A and B$B$ and $C$$A, B$ and $C$
A and C

## Accepted Answers:

$A, B$ and $C$
7) Fine grain size are obtained by :
very slow cooling
decreasing nucleation rate
fast cooling
none of these

## Accepted Answers:

fast cooling
8) When the contact angle is 60 degrees, the heterogeneous nucleation barrier expressed as a 1 point function of homogeneous barrier is
(1/2

- $1 / 4$
-1/8
none of these


## Accepted Answers:

none of these
9) If the product phase does not wet at all the parent phase, the contact angle between the two 1 point phases is $\qquad$ degrees.

0

- 45
- 90
- 180


## Accepted Answers:

180

10For a spherical nucleus of radius $r$, the volume to surface area ratio is
1 point

## Accepted Answers:

$r / 3$

11
twin boundary in FCC
grain boundary
tilt boundary
twist boundary

## Accepted Answers:

twin boundary in FCC
12)The structure of a low angle tilt grain boundary can be described as

1 point
screw dislocationsedge dislocations
stacking faults
mixed dislocations

## Accepted Answers:

edge dislocations
13Critical radius and critical Gibbs free energy change $\qquad$ with undercooling.

1 pointdecreasesincreasesno effect
not related

## Accepted Answers:

decreases
14The homogeneous nucleation rate $\qquad$ as a function of undercooling.

1 pointdecreases exponentiallyincreases exponentiallyincreases linearlydecreases linearly

## Accepted Answers:

increases exponentially

