Course outline

Week 1 - Basics of

casting process

Manufacturing Processes

Week 2 - Introduction to

Rate of solidification

Week 4 - Estimation of solidification time with

Week 5 - Machining

Week 6 - Cutting tool life

Week 7 - Introduction to

Micro-Systems Fabrication

Week 8 - Abrasive water jet machining and Ultrasonic

Week 9 - Introduction to Electrochemical Machining

Machining Process

Week 10 - Electro-discharge

Week 11 - Laser Beam and Electron Beam Machining

Effect of various parameters

Tool Electrodes and Dielectric

Mechanics of Electron Beam

O Functional Characteristics of

Introduction of Laser Beam

Material removal rate of LBM

Temperature rise during LBM

Modelling of LBM processes

Ouiz: Assignment 11

Assignment 11 solution

Manufacturing Process

Week 12 - Metal Forming

For Week 11

Text Transcripts

DOWNLOAD VIDEOS

Processes

Technology I and II: Feedback

Machining Process

Heat conduction and

fluids & Electron Beam

Machining Process

EBM Process

on EDM Process

Machining

Week 3 - Gating Systems and

different conditions and Riser

course work?

Week 0

design

Processes

estimation

Technology

Machining

Processes

How does an NPTEL online

NPTEL » Manufacturing Process Technology I and II

Unit 13 - Week 11 - Laser Beam and Electron Beam Machining Processes

The due date for submitting this assignment has passed. As per our records you have not submitted this assignment.	Due on 2020-04-15, 23:59 I
Assignment 11	
Which of the following controls the quality of the surface in EDM?	1
Gap between workpiece and tool	
Type of workpiece Size of the crater	
Type of tool	
No, the answer is incorrect. Score: 0	
Accepted Answers: Size of the crater	
2) In Electron beam machining, as the electrons strikes the work piece:	1
Their kinetic energy is converted into heat.	
O They get scattered.	
Mechanical erosion in work piece takes place. Electro-chemical etching takes place.	
No, the answer is incorrect.	
Score: 0 Accepted Answers:	
Their kinetic energy is converted into heat.	
3) Electron beam machining is most appropriate for:	1
Machining flat surfaces. Drilling holes and cutting parrow slots.	
Drilling holes and cutting narrow slots. Patterning large area in one step.	
○ All of the above.	
No, the answer is incorrect. Score: 0	
Accepted Answers: Drilling holes and cutting narrow slots.	
In Electron beam machining, the order in which electrons pass after being emitted by the filamer	it cathode:
Anode—Electromagnetic focusing lens—Beam control.	r oathode.
Electromagnetic focusing lens—Anode—Beam control.	
Beam control—Anode— Electromagnetic focusing lens. Any of the above.	
O Any of the above. No, the answer is incorrect.	
Score: 0 Accepted Answers:	
Anode—Electromagnetic focusing lens—Beam control.	
5) Emission current in Electron beam machining depends up on which of the following factors?	1
Cathode material	
Temperature Voltage supply	
All of the above	
No, the answer is incorrect. Score: 0	
Accepted Answers: All of the above	
6) In Electron beam machining, the depth of the penetration of the melting temperature is	to the melting temperature 1
the workpiece?	to the moting temperature r
O Directly proportional	
Inversely proportional Directly proportional of the square	
Inversely proportional of the square	
No, the answer is incorrect. Score: 0	
Accepted Answers: Inversely proportional	
7) The Laser Beam Machining process can be carried out, when the media for energy transfer between	veen tool and workpiece is: 1
○ Air ○ Liquid	
○ Vacuum	
O Any of the above.	
No, the answer is incorrect. Score: 0	
Accepted Answers: Any of the above.	
B) Which of the following are the properties of a laser?	1
Highly collimated.	•
Monochromatic.	
Coherent light beam.	
O All of the above. No, the answer is incorrect.	
Score: 0 Accepted Answers:	
All of the above.	
Laser beam machining uses which type of power sources for machining?	1
○ Very low power	
O High power	
Medium power Low power	
No, the answer is incorrect.	
Score: 0 Accepted Answers:	
High power	
10) The effective usable wavelength range (due to power requirement in machining) in laser beam n	nachining is:
0.1-70 microns	
○ 100-120 microns ○ 0.4-0.6 microns	
0.01-0.1 microns	
No, the answer is incorrect. Score: 0	
No, the answer is incorrect.	