

# Unit 11 - Week 10

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## Assignment 10

The due date for submitting this assignment has passed.  
As per our records you have not submitted this assignment.

**Due on 2019-10-09, 23:59 IST.**

- 1) Using big  $M$  – method, the problem  
 $Max. Z = 4x_1 + 3x_2$   
 subject to  $x_1 + x_2 \leq 50$   
 $x_1 + 2x_2 \geq 80$   
 $3x_1 + 2x_2 \geq 140,$   
 $x_1, x_2 \geq 0$   
 has
- an unique solution  
 no feasible solution  
 unbounded solution  
 none of these
- No, the answer is incorrect.**  
**Score: 0**  
**Accepted Answers:**  
**no feasible solution**
- 2) Using big –  $M$  method, the solution of the problem  
 $Min. Z = x_1 + x_2$   
 subject to  $2x_1 + x_2 \geq 4$   
 $x_1 + 7x_2 \geq 7$   
 $x_1, x_2 \geq 0$   
 is
- $x_1 = \frac{21}{13}, x_2 = \frac{10}{13}, Z = \frac{31}{13}$   
  $x_1 = \frac{21}{13}, x_2 = \frac{10}{13}, Z = \frac{-31}{13}$   
  $x_1 = \frac{10}{13}, x_2 = \frac{21}{13}, Z = \frac{31}{13}$   
  $x_1 = \frac{10}{13}, x_2 = \frac{21}{13}, Z = \frac{-31}{13}$
- No, the answer is incorrect.**  
**Score: 0**  
**Accepted Answers:**  
 $x_1 = \frac{21}{13}, x_2 = \frac{10}{13}, Z = \frac{31}{13}$
- 3) Using big –  $M$  method, the solution of the problem  
 $Max. Z = x_1 + 2x_2 + 3x_3 - x_4$   
 subject to  $x_1 + 2x_2 + 3x_3 = 15$   
 $2x_1 + x_2 + 5x_3 = 20$   
 $x_1 + 2x_2 + x_3 + x_4 = 10$   
 $x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4 \geq 0$   
 is
- $x_1 = \frac{5}{2}, x_2 = \frac{3}{4}, x_3 = \frac{11}{3}, x_4 = 0, Z = 15$   
  $x_1 = \frac{5}{2}, x_2 = \frac{5}{2}, x_3 = \frac{5}{2}, x_4 = 0, Z = 15$   
  $x_1 = 5, x_2 = \frac{5}{2}, x_3 = 0, x_4 = 0, Z = 10$   
  $x_1 = 0, x_2 = 0, x_3 = 5, x_4 = 10, Z = 5$
- No, the answer is incorrect.**  
**Score: 0**  
**Accepted Answers:**  
 $x_1 = \frac{5}{2}, x_2 = \frac{5}{2}, x_3 = \frac{5}{2}, x_4 = 0, Z = 15$
- 4) Using big –  $M$  method, the problem  
 $Max. Z = 3x_1 + 5x_2$   
 subject to  $x_1 - 2x_2 \leq 6$   
 $x_1 \leq 10$   
 $x_2 \geq 1$   
 $x_1, x_2 \geq 0$   
 has
- infeasible solution  
 an optimal solution  
 unbounded solution  
 none of these
- No, the answer is incorrect.**  
**Score: 0**  
**Accepted Answers:**  
**unbounded solution**
- 5) By using two phase method, the solution of the following L. P. P.  
 $Min. Z = 40x_1 + 24x_2$   
 subject to  $20x_1 + 50x_2 \geq 4800$   
 $80x_1 + 50x_2 \geq 7200$   
 $x_1, x_2 \geq 0$   
 is given by
- $x_1 = 0, x_2 = 144, Min. Z = 3456$   
  $x_1 = 38, x_2 = 84, Min. Z = 3536$   
  $x_1 = 40, x_2 = 84, Min. Z = 3616$   
  $x_1 = 42, x_2 = 80, Min. Z = 3600$
- No, the answer is incorrect.**  
**Score: 0**  
**Accepted Answers:**  
 $x_1 = 0, x_2 = 144, Min. Z = 3456$
- 6) By using two phase method, the following L. P. P.  
 $Min. Z = x_1 - 2x_2 - 3x_3$   
 subject to  $-2x_1 + x_2 + 3x_3 = 2$   
 $2x_1 + 3x_2 + 4x_3 = 1$   
 $x_1, x_2 \geq 0.$
- has optimal solution given by  $x_1 = 0, x_2 = 1, x_3 = 1, Min. Z = -5$   
 has optimal solution given by  $x_1 = 1, x_2 = 3, x_3 = 0, Min. Z = -5$   
 has an unbounded solution  
 does not have any feasible solution.
- No, the answer is incorrect.**  
**Score: 0**  
**Accepted Answers:**  
**does not have any feasible solution.**
- 7) By using two phase method, the solution of the following L. P. P.  
 $Max. Z = 3x_1 - x_2$   
 subject to  $2x_1 + x_2 \geq 2$   
 $x_1 + 3x_2 \leq 2$   
 $x_1, x_2 \geq 0$   
 is given by
- $x_1 = 1, x_2 = 0, Max. Z = 3$   
  $x_1 = 2, x_2 = 0, Max. Z = 6$   
  $x_1 = 3/2, x_2 = 1/6, Max. Z = 13/3$   
  $x_1 = 5/4, x_2 = 1/4, Max. Z = 7/2$
- No, the answer is incorrect.**  
**Score: 0**  
**Accepted Answers:**  
 $x_1 = 2, x_2 = 0, Max. Z = 6$
- 8) By using two phase method, the solution of the following L. P. P.  
 $Min. Z = 3x_1 - x_2$   
 subject to  $2x_1 + x_2 \geq 2$   
 $x_1 + 3x_2 \leq 5$   
 $x_2 \leq 4$   
 $x_1, x_2 \geq 0.$   
 is given by
- $x_1 = 1, x_2 = 1, Min. Z = 2$   
  $x_1 = 1, x_2 = 4/3, Min. Z = 5/3$   
  $x_1 = 1/5, x_2 = 8/5, Min. Z = 1/5$   
  $x_1 = 3/2, x_2 = 1/6, Min. Z = 13/3$
- No, the answer is incorrect.**  
**Score: 0**  
**Accepted Answers:**  
 $x_1 = 1/5, x_2 = 8/5, Min. Z = 1/5$
- 9) The dual of the following problem  
 $Min. Z = x_1 + x_2 + x_3$   
 subject to  
 $x_1 - 3x_2 + 4x_3 = 5$   
 $x_1 - 2x_2 \leq 3$   
 $2x_2 - x_3 \geq 4$   
 and  $x_1, x_2 \geq 0, x_3$  is unrestricted  
 is
- $Max. Z_D = -5y_1 - 3y_2 + 4y_3$   
 subject to  
 $-y_1 - y_2 \leq 1$   
 $3y_1 + 2y_2 + 2y_3 \leq 1$   
 $-4y_1 - y_3 = 1$   
 and  $y_2, y_3 \geq 0, y_1$  is unrestricted  
  $Max. Z_D = -5y_1 - 3y_2 + 4y_3$   
 subject to  
 $-y_1 - y_2 \leq 1$   
 $3y_1 + 2y_2 + 2y_3 \leq 1$   
 $-4y_1 - y_3 \leq 1$   
 and  $y_2, y_3 \geq 0, y_1$  is unrestricted  
  $Max. Z_D = 5y_1 + 3y_2 - 4y_3$   
 subject to  
 $-y_1 - y_2 \leq 1$   
 $3y_1 + 2y_2 + 2y_3 \leq 1$   
 $-4y_1 - y_3 = 1$   
 and  $y_2, y_3 \geq 0, y_1$  is unrestricted  
  $Max. Z_D = -5y_1 - 3y_2 + 4y_3$   
 subject to  
 $-y_1 - y_2 \leq 1$   
 $3y_1 + 2y_2 + 2y_3 \leq 1$   
 $-4y_1 - y_3 \geq 1$   
 and  $y_2, y_3 \geq 0, y_1$  is unrestricted
- No, the answer is incorrect.**  
**Score: 0**  
**Accepted Answers:**  
 $Max. Z_D = -5y_1 - 3y_2 + 4y_3$   
 subject to  
 $-y_1 - y_2 \leq 1$   
 $3y_1 + 2y_2 + 2y_3 \leq 1$   
 $-4y_1 - y_3 = 1$   
 and  $y_2, y_3 \geq 0, y_1$  is unrestricted
- 10) The dual of the following L. P. P.  
 $Max. Z = 3x_1 + 5x_2 + 7x_3$   
 subject to  
 $x_1 + x_2 + 3x_3 \leq 10$   
 $4x_1 - x_2 + 2x_3 \geq 15$   
 and  $x_1, x_2 \geq 0, x_3$  is unrestricted  
 is
- $Min. Z_D = 10y_1 - 15y_2$   
 subject to  
 $y_1 - 4y_2 \geq 3$   
 $y_1 + y_2 \geq 5$   
 $3y_1 - 2y_2 \geq 7$   
 and  $y_1, y_2 \geq 0$   
  $Min. Z_D = 10y_1 - 15y_2$   
 subject to  
 $y_1 - 4y_2 \geq 3$   
 $y_1 + y_2 \geq 5$   
 $3y_1 - 2y_2 \leq 7$   
 and  $y_1, y_2 \geq 0$   
  $Min. Z_D = 10y_1 - 15y_2$   
 subject to  
 $y_1 - 4y_2 \geq 3$   
 $y_1 + y_2 \leq 5$   
 $3y_1 - 2y_2 = 7$   
 and  $y_1, y_2 \geq 0$   
  $Min. Z_D = 10y_1 - 15y_2$   
 subject to  
 $y_1 - 4y_2 \geq 3$   
 $y_1 + y_2 \geq 5$   
 $3y_1 - 2y_2 = 7$   
 and  $y_1, y_2 \geq 0$
- No, the answer is incorrect.**  
**Score: 0**  
**Accepted Answers:**  
 $Min. Z_D = 10y_1 - 15y_2$   
 subject to  
 $y_1 - 4y_2 \geq 3$   
 $y_1 + y_2 \geq 5$   
 $3y_1 - 2y_2 = 7$   
 and  $y_1, y_2 \geq 0$