

Unit 4 - Week 3

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Assignment 3

The due date for submitting this assignment has passed.
As per our records you have not submitted this assignment.

Due on 2019-08-21, 23:59 IST.

1) Consider the relation R of divisibility on the set \mathbb{Z} of integers. Then the relation R is 1 point

- reflexive and antisymmetric
 reflexive but not antisymmetric
 antisymmetric but not reflexive
 neither reflexive nor antisymmetric

No, the answer is incorrect.

Score: 0

Accepted Answers:

reflexive but not antisymmetric

2) Let $A = \{2, 3, 6, 8, 9, 18\}$ be ordered by divisibility. Then the non comparable pairs of elements of A are 1 point

- $(2, 6), (2, 8), (2, 18), (3, 6), (3, 9), (3, 18), (6, 18), (9, 18)$
 $(6, 2), (8, 2), (18, 2), (6, 3), (9, 3), (18, 3), (18, 6), (18, 9)$
 $(2, 3), (2, 9), (3, 8), (6, 8), (6, 9), (8, 9), (8, 18)$
 $(2, 3), (2, 6), (2, 8), (2, 9), (2, 18), (3, 6), (3, 8), (3, 9), (3, 18)$

No, the answer is incorrect.

Score: 0

Accepted Answers:

$(2, 3), (2, 9), (3, 8), (6, 8), (6, 9), (8, 9), (8, 18)$

3) Let $S = \{2, 3, 4, 5, 12, 16, 24, 36, 48\}$ be ordered by divisibility. Then the immediate predecessor and immediate successor of 16 are given by 1 point

- 2, 48
 12, 24
 4, 48
 12, 48

No, the answer is incorrect.

Score: 0

Accepted Answers:

4, 48

4) Let $X = \{2, 3, 6, 12, 24\}$ be ordered by divisibility. Then the number of edges in the Hasse diagram of $(X, |)$ is 1 point

- 3
 4
 5
 6

No, the answer is incorrect.

Score: 0

Accepted Answers:

4

5) Let $T = \{2, 3, 4, 16\}$ be ordered by divisibility. Then the maximal and minimal elements of T are, respectively, given by 1 point

- 16, 2
 3, 16 and 2, 3
 4, 16 and 2, 3
 4, 16 and 2

No, the answer is incorrect.

Score: 0

Accepted Answers:

3, 16 and 2, 3

6) Consider the poset $A = (\{1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 9, 12, 18, 36\}, |)$. Then the greatest lower bound and the least upper bound of the set $\{4, 6, 9\}$ are 1 point

- 18, 2
 12, 3
 9, 4
 36, 1

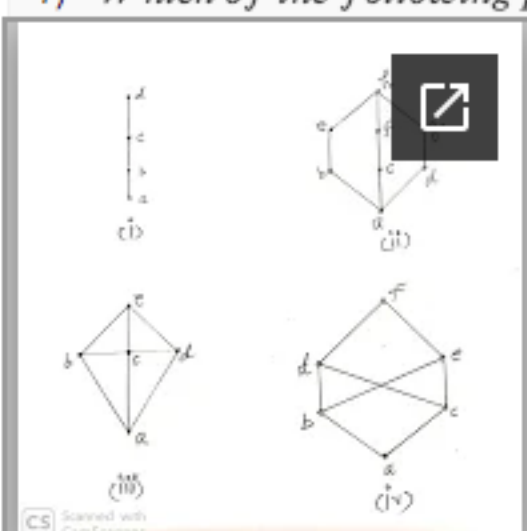
No, the answer is incorrect.

Score: 0

Accepted Answers:

36, 1

7) Which of the following posets represented by Hasse diagrams are lattices? 0 points



- only (i) and (ii)
 only (i), (iii) and (iv)
 only (i), (ii) and (iii)
 all (i), (ii), (iii) and (iv)

No, the answer is incorrect.

Score: 0

Accepted Answers:

only (i), (ii) and (iii)

8) Consider the sets $C = \{1, 3, 4, 12\}$ and $D = \{1, 2, 3, 9, 18\}$ ordered by divisibility. Then which of these sets is/are a lattice(s)? 1 point

- only C
 only D
 both C and D
 neither C nor D

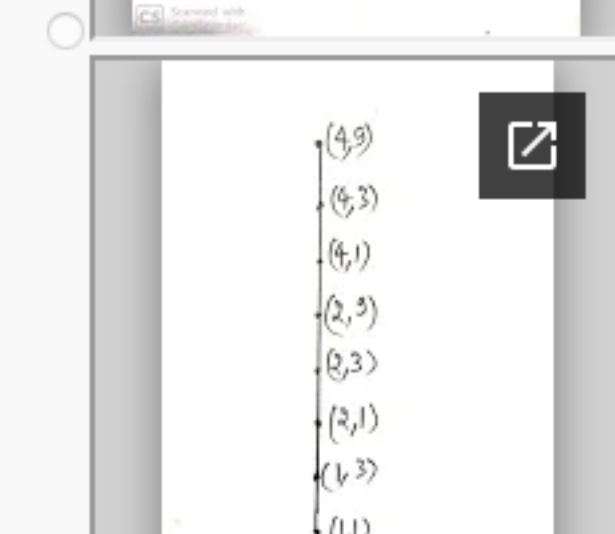
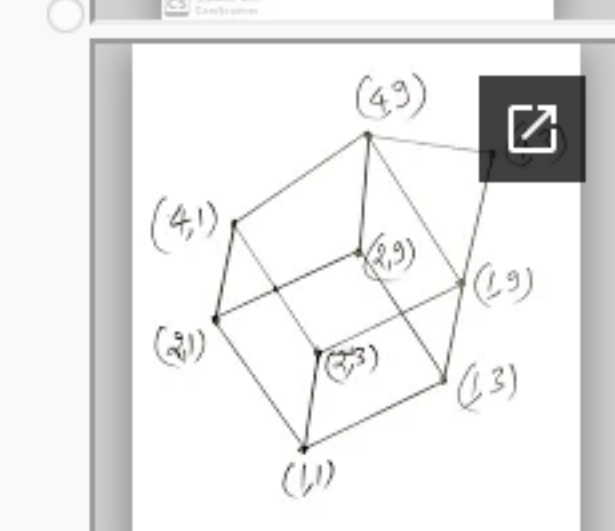
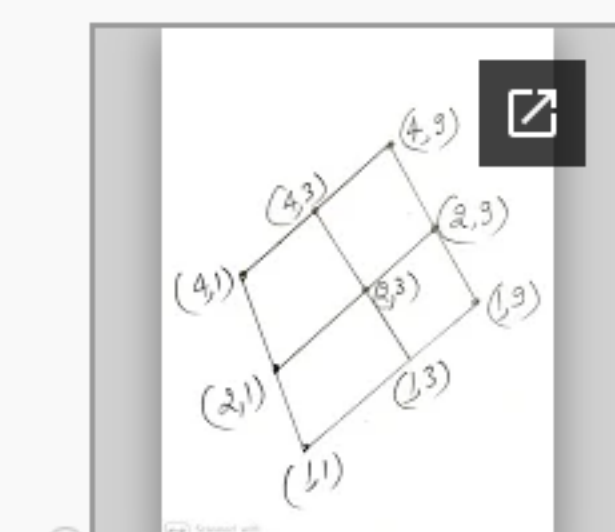
No, the answer is incorrect.

Score: 0

Accepted Answers:

only C

9) Let $L_1 = \{1, 2, 4\}$, $L_2 = \{1, 3, 9\}$ be ordered by divisibility. Then the lattice $L_1 \times L_2$ is given by 1 point

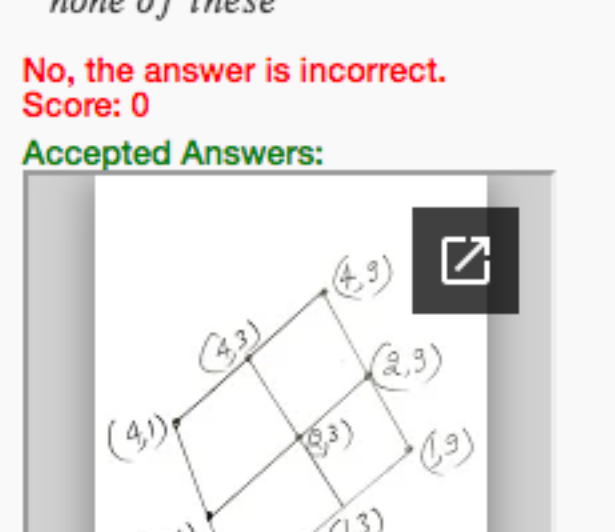


none of these

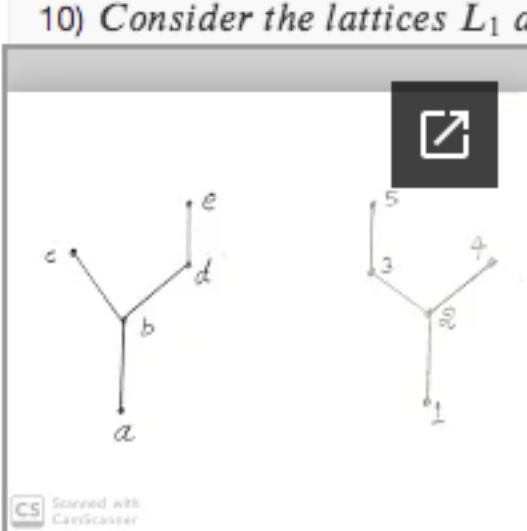
No, the answer is incorrect.

Score: 0

Accepted Answers:



10) Consider the lattices L_1 and L_2 shown below. Define a bijective function f from L_1 to L_2 so that L_1 and L_2 are isomorphic 1 point



- $f = \{(a, 1), (b, 2), (c, 5), (d, 3), (e, 4)\}$
 $f = \{(a, 1), (b, 2), (c, 4), (d, 3), (e, 5)\}$
 $f = \{(a, 2), (b, 1), (c, 4), (d, 3), (e, 5)\}$
 $f = \{(a, 5), (b, 3), (c, 4), (d, 2), (e, 1)\}$

No, the answer is incorrect.

Score: 0

Accepted Answers:

$f = \{(a, 1), (b, 2), (c, 4), (d, 3), (e, 5)\}$