

X

NPTEL

reviewer4@nptel.iitm.ac.in ▼

Courses » Advanced Topics in Probability and Random Processes

Announcements **Course** Ask a Question Progress Mentor FAQ

Unit 8 - Week 7: Continuous Time Markov Chain

Course outline

How to access the portal

Week 1: Introduction to probability and Random Variable

Week 2: Random process basics and infinite sequence of events

Week 3: Convergence of Sequence of Random Variables

Week 4: Applications of Convergence Theory

Week 5: Markov Chain

Week 6: Discrete Time Markov Chain

Week 7: Continuous Time Markov Chain

Assignment 7

The due date for submitting this assignment has passed.

As per our records you have not submitted this assignment. **Due on 2018-09-26, 23:59 IST.**

1) Consider a DTMC with the state space $V = \{0, 1, 2, 3\}$ and characterized by **1 point** the transition probability matrix

$$P = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{3} & \frac{2}{3} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & \frac{1}{5} & \frac{4}{5} \end{bmatrix}$$

Let $f_{j,j}$ is the probability that the chain eventually returns to state j , given that it is at state j at $n = 0$. Then the value of $f_{1,1}$ is

- $\frac{1}{3}$
- $\frac{1}{2}$
- $\frac{2}{3}$
- 1

No, the answer is incorrect.

Score: 0

Accepted Answers:

1

2) Consider a DTMC with the state space $V = \{0, 1, 2, 3\}$ and characterized by **1 point** the transition probability matrix

$$P = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{3} & \frac{2}{3} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & \frac{1}{4} & \frac{3}{4} \end{bmatrix}. \text{ Then the state 3 is}$$

© 2014 NPTEL - Privacy & Terms - Honor Code - FAQs -



A project of



NPTEL

National Programme on
Technology Enhanced Learning

In association with

NASSCOM®

Funded by

Time Markov
Chain-3

Quiz :
Assignment 7

Week 8:
Martingale
Process

New Unit

Assignment
Solutions

No, the answer is incorrect.

Score: 0

Accepted Answers:

Transient

3) Consider a DTMC with the state space $V = \{0, 1, 2, 3\}$ and characterized by **1 point**
the transition probability matrix

$$P = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0.4 & 0.6 & 0 \\ 0.3 & 0.5 & 0 & 0.2 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

The communicating class(es) of the chain is (are)

- $\{0, 2\}$ and $\{1, 3\}$
- $\{0, 1\}$ and $\{2, 3\}$
- $\{1, 2, 3\}$
- $\{0, 1, 2, 3\}$

No, the answer is incorrect.

Score: 0

Accepted Answers:

$\{0, 1\}$ and $\{2, 3\}$

4) Suppose $\{X_n, n \geq 0\}$ is a DTMC with state space $V = \{0, 1, 2\}$ and the state **1 point**
transition matrix

$$P = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{3}{4} & \frac{1}{4} & 0 \\ \frac{1}{4} & \frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{4} \\ 0 & \frac{3}{4} & \frac{1}{4} \end{bmatrix}. \text{ The probability } P(X_1 = 1, X_2 = 2 | X_0 = 0) \text{ is equal to}$$

- $\frac{1}{16}$
- $\frac{1}{8}$
- $\frac{1}{4}$
- $\frac{1}{2}$

No, the answer is incorrect.

Score: 0

Accepted Answers:

$\frac{1}{16}$

5) Suppose $\{X_n, n \geq 0\}$ is a DTMC with state space $V = \{0, 1, 2\}$ and the state **1 point**
transition matrix

$$P = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{4} & \frac{1}{4} \\ \frac{1}{4} & \frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{4} \\ 0 & \frac{3}{4} & \frac{1}{4} \end{bmatrix}$$

If $p_0^{(0)} = P(X_0 = 0) = 1$, then the probability $p_1^{(2)} = P(X_2 = 1)$ is equal to

$\frac{1}{16}$

$\frac{1}{8}$

$\frac{5}{16}$

$\frac{7}{16}$

No, the answer is incorrect.

Score: 0

Accepted Answers:

$\frac{7}{16}$

← Previous Page

End →