

Unit 5 - Week 4

Course outline

How does an NPTEL online course work?

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Week 4

● Cascaded H-Bridge Converters: Phase-Shifted PWM

● Cascaded H-Bridge Converters: Level-Shifted PWM

● Fault Tolerant Operation of Cascaded H-Bridge Converter: Part-I

● Fault Tolerant Operation of Cascaded H-Bridge Converter: Part-II

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Assignment 4

The due date for submitting this assignment has passed. As per our records you have not submitted this assignment.

Due on 2020-02-26, 23:59 IST.

Group A (From 1 to 5)

A three-phase cascaded h-bridge converter is having 4 number of cells in each phase of the converter. The converter is operated using phase shifted PWM technique with carrier frequency (f_c) = 4 kHz and the fundamental frequency = 50 Hz. The DC-link voltage of each cell is 1000 V.

1) The switching frequency of each device in the converter is kHz.

No, the answer is incorrect. Score: 0

Accepted Answers: (Type: Range) 3.9,4.1

1 point

2) The first band of switching frequency harmonic at the output voltage of each cell is at,

- 2 kHz
 4 kHz
 8 kHz
 16 kHz

No, the answer is incorrect. Score: 0

Accepted Answers: 8 kHz

1 point

3) The first band of switching frequency harmonic at the output pole voltage of a phase is at,

- 4 kHz
 8 kHz
 16 kHz
 32 kHz

No, the answer is incorrect. Score: 0

Accepted Answers: 32 kHz

1 point

4) The total number of carriers required are

No, the answer is incorrect. Score: 0

Accepted Answers: (Type: Range) 7.9,8.1

1 point

5) The required phase shift between the carriers is,

- 30°
 45°
 60°
 90°

No, the answer is incorrect. Score: 0

Accepted Answers: 45°

1 point

6) The main disadvantage of using level-shift PWM in a cascaded H-bridge converter is,

- Unequal loss distribution
 Higher device voltage rating
 Higher device current rating
 High dv / dt stress

No, the answer is incorrect. Score: 0

Accepted Answers: Unequal loss distribution

1 point

7) A cascaded H-bridge converter with 10 number of cells in each phase of the converter and having DC-link voltage of each cell as V_D . The converter can produce a maximum balanced fundamental line voltage peak as,

- $5V_D$
 $10V_D$
 $20V_D$
 $40V_D$

No, the answer is incorrect. Score: 0

Accepted Answers: $20V_D$

1 point

8) In a cascaded h-bridge converter, there are 6 number of cells in each phase. Which among the following combination of the operating healthy cells (after bypassing faulty cells) can not produce an equilateral triangle of balanced line voltage,

- (6,5,0)
 (6,4,3)
 (6,3,3)
 (5,6,1)

No, the answer is incorrect. Score: 0

Accepted Answers: (6,5,0)

1 point

Group B (From 9 to 10)

A cascaded H-bridge converter with 2 number of cells in each phase of the converter is operated using level-shift PWM technique with the carrier frequency (f_c) = 10 kHz.

9) The height of each carrier is, (assume that the peak of sinusoidal reference is between ± 1).

- 1
 2
 0.25
 0.5

No, the answer is incorrect. Score: 0

Accepted Answers: 0.5

1 point

10) The first band of switching frequency harmonic at the output pole voltage of a phase is at,

- 5 kHz
 10 kHz
 20 kHz
 40 kHz

No, the answer is incorrect. Score: 0

Accepted Answers: 10 kHz

1 point