

Unit 14 - Week 12

Course outline

How does an NPTEL online course work?

Assignment Zero

Week 1

Week 2

Week 3

Week 4

Week 5

Week 6

Week 7

Week 8

Week 9

Week 10

Week 11

Week 12

● Detection : Performance of Non - Coherent Systems Systems

● Detection : Fading Channel

○ Quiz : Assignment 12

○ Week 12 Feedback Form

Text Transcripts

Download Videos

Assignment Solution

Assignment 12

The due date for submitting this assignment has passed. As per our records you have not submitted this assignment.

Due on 2020-04-22, 23:59 IST.

1) The probability of symbol error (P_e using union bound estimate) for 64-ary orthogonal signaling scheme using non-coherent detection is **1 point**

- $P_e \leq 63 \exp\left(-\frac{6E_b}{N_0}\right)$
 $P_e \leq \frac{63}{4} \exp\left(-\frac{3E_b}{N_0}\right)$
 $P_e \leq 63 \exp\left(-\frac{3E_b}{N_0}\right)$
 $P_e \leq \frac{63}{2} \exp\left(-\frac{3E_b}{N_0}\right)$

No, the answer is incorrect. Score: 0

Accepted Answers:

$$P_e \leq \frac{63}{2} \exp\left(-\frac{3E_b}{N_0}\right)$$

2) The probability of bit error (P_b) using union bound estimate for 64-ary orthogonal signaling scheme using coherent detection is **1 point**

- $P_b \approx 32Q\left(\sqrt{\frac{6E_b}{N_0}}\right)$
 $P_b \approx \frac{63}{2}Q\left(\sqrt{\frac{6E_b}{N_0}}\right)$
 $P_b \approx 63Q\left(\sqrt{\frac{3E_b}{N_0}}\right)$
 $P_b \approx \frac{63}{2}Q\left(\sqrt{\frac{3E_b}{N_0}}\right)$

No, the answer is incorrect. Score: 0

Accepted Answers:

$$P_b \approx 32Q\left(\sqrt{\frac{6E_b}{N_0}}\right)$$

3) The Rician pdf approximates to X pdf at small E_b/N_0 and approximates to Y pdf at large E_b/N_0 . X and Y are **1 point**

- Rayleigh and Gaussian respectively
 Gaussian and Rayleigh respectively
 Rayleigh and Rayleigh respectively
 Gaussian and Gaussian respectively

No, the answer is incorrect. Score: 0

Accepted Answers:

Rayleigh and Gaussian respectively

4) Assuming coherent reception, the E_b/N_0 required by 2-PPM and BPSK modulation schemes to achieve the probability of error of 10^{-8} in the presence of Rayleigh fading channel is **2 points**

- 74 dB and 74 dB respectively
 77 dB and 77 dB respectively
 77 dB and 74 dB respectively
 74 dB and 77 dB respectively

No, the answer is incorrect. Score: 0

Accepted Answers:

77 dB and 74 dB respectively

5) If $Z = \sqrt{X^2 + Y^2}$ where X and Y are Gaussian iid random variables, with a mean of 0 and 2 respectively and both with a variance of 1, then $f_Z(2)$ is **2 points**

- $0.0366I_0(2)$
 $0.0366I_0(4)$
 0.0215
 0.043

No, the answer is incorrect. Score: 0

Accepted Answers:

$0.0366I_0(4)$

6) Which of the following modulation schemes have been matched to the correct symbol error rate, given that they are using non-coherent receiver in an AWGN channel? **2 points**

- DPSK $\rightarrow \frac{1}{2}e^{-\frac{E_b}{2N_0}}$
 FSK $\rightarrow \frac{1}{2}e^{-\frac{E_b}{N_0}}$
 OOK $\rightarrow \frac{1}{2}e^{-\frac{E_b}{2N_0}}$
 Binary PPM $\rightarrow e^{-\frac{E_b}{N_0}}$

No, the answer is incorrect. Score: 0

Accepted Answers:

$$\text{OOK} \rightarrow \frac{1}{2}e^{-\frac{E_b}{2N_0}}$$

7) The probability of error for 16-ary orthogonal modulation scheme for $\frac{E_b}{N_0} = 10$ dB using exact method and union bound in a non-coherent system are **2 points**

- $1.54 \times 10^{-8}, 1.55 \times 10^{-8}$
 $1.54 \times 10^{-10}, 1.55 \times 10^{-10}$
 $1.54 \times 10^{-6}, 1.55 \times 10^{-6}$
 $1.54 \times 10^{-4}, 1.55 \times 10^{-4}$

No, the answer is incorrect. Score: 0

Accepted Answers:

$1.54 \times 10^{-8}, 1.55 \times 10^{-8}$

8) The difference in E_b/N_0 requirement to achieve the same probability of error for DQPSK and QPSK scheme is **2 points**

(where P_e for DQPSK scheme is given by $\approx \exp\left(-\frac{E_b}{N_0}(2 - \sqrt{2})\right)$)

- 1.3 dB
 -2.3 dB
 -0.3 dB
 -3.3 dB

No, the answer is incorrect. Score: 0

Accepted Answers:

-2.3 dB

9) For BPSK over an AWGN channel, the log-likelihood ratio is **2 points**

(where log-likelihood ratio can be computed as $r = \ln\left(\frac{p(y/x=0)}{p(y/x=1)}\right)$ and $0 \rightarrow A, 1 \rightarrow -A$)

- $\frac{2yA}{\sigma^2} + \frac{2}{\sigma^2}$
 $\frac{yA}{\sigma^2}$
 $\frac{4yA}{\sigma^2}$
 $\frac{2yA}{\sigma^2}$

No, the answer is incorrect. Score: 0

Accepted Answers:

$$\frac{2yA}{\sigma^2}$$