

Unit 3 - Week 2

Course outline

How does an NPTEL online course work?

Week 1

Week 2

Two Stroke Engine and Engine Cycles - Part 01

Two Stroke Engine and Engine Cycles - Part 02

Otto Cycle and Diesel Cycle - Part 01

Otto Cycle and Diesel Cycle - Part 02

Dual Cycle and Engine Performance - Part 01

Dual Cycle and Engine Performance - Part 02

Quiz : Assignment 2

Week 2 Feedback

Solution - Assignment 2

Week 3

Week 4

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Lecture Material

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Assignment 2

The due date for submitting this assignment has passed.
As per our records you have not submitted this assignment.

Due on 2020-02-12, 23:59 IST.

Note to Learners: Take $\gamma = 1.4$. For numerical multiple-choice questions, choose the nearest possible answer(s).

1) In a two stroke SI engine, the _____ port is used to take the fuel-air mixture from the crankcase to the combustion chamber. **1 point**

- inlet
 exhaust
 intermediate
 transfer

No, the answer is incorrect.
Score: 0

Accepted Answers:
transfer

2) Which one of the following is TRUE about a two stroke engine when compared with a four stroke engine? **1 point**

- It has a higher thermal efficiency.
 It has a higher effective expansion stroke.
 It has a higher chance of exhaust gas dilution.
 It has lower specific fuel consumption.

No, the answer is incorrect.
Score: 0

Accepted Answers:
It has a higher chance of exhaust gas dilution.

3) Which one of the following is FALSE about air standard engine cycles? **1 point**

- The working fluid is air.
 All processes are internally irreversible.
 Air is treated as an ideal gas.
 Combustion process is described by a heat addition process.

No, the answer is incorrect.
Score: 0

Accepted Answers:
All processes are internally irreversible.

4) Which one of the following is not a process in the air standard Otto cycle? **1 point**

- Isentropic compression.
 Constant volume heat addition.
 Isentropic expansion.
 Constant pressure heat rejection.

No, the answer is incorrect.
Score: 0

Accepted Answers:
Constant pressure heat rejection.

5) For a compression ratio of 8, the air standard Otto cycle thermal efficiency (in %) is **1 point**

- 56
 48
 28
 32

No, the answer is incorrect.
Score: 0

Accepted Answers:
56

6) For a compression ratio of 8 and a cut-off ratio of 2, the air standard Diesel cycle thermal efficiency (in %) is **1 point**

- 60
 49
 40
 24

No, the answer is incorrect.
Score: 0

Accepted Answers:
49

7) For a compression ratio of 8, a cut-off ratio of 2 and a pressure ratio of 2, the air standard Dual cycle thermal efficiency (in %) is **1 point**

- 62
 36
 47
 51

No, the answer is incorrect.
Score: 0

Accepted Answers:
51

8) Which of the following is constant during the heat addition process of the air standard Diesel cycle? **1 point**

- pressure
 volume
 entropy
 enthalpy

No, the answer is incorrect.
Score: 0

Accepted Answers:
pressure

9) For a compression ratio of 8 and an initial cycle temperature of 300 K, the temperature (in K) at the end of the compression process in an air standard Diesel cycle is **1 point**

- 2400
 689
 5514
 1200

No, the answer is incorrect.
Score: 0

Accepted Answers:
689

10) For a compression ratio of 8, a cut-off ratio of 2 and an initial cycle temperature of 300 K, the temperature (in K) at the end of the heat addition process in an air standard Diesel cycle is **1 point**

- 2400
 4800
 1378
 2757

No, the answer is incorrect.
Score: 0

Accepted Answers:
1378

11) For a compression ratio of 8, a cut-off ratio of 2 and an initial cycle temperature of 300 K, the temperature (in K) at the end of the expansion process in an air standard Diesel cycle is **1 point**

- 792
 600
 562
 396

No, the answer is incorrect.
Score: 0

Accepted Answers:
792

12) If the pressure ratio is equal to one, the thermal efficiency of the air standard Dual cycle becomes equal to that of the air standard _____ cycle. **1 point**

- Otto
 Diesel
 Rankine
 Lenoir

No, the answer is incorrect.
Score: 0

Accepted Answers:
Diesel

13) The _____ power is indicative of the energy obtained as the engine output that can be used to drive the vehicle. **1 point**

- brake
 indicative
 thermal
 friction

No, the answer is incorrect.
Score: 0

Accepted Answers:
brake

14) The ratio of the actual engine thermal efficiency to the air standard cycle thermal efficiency is called as _____ efficiency. **1 point**

- indicative
 brake
 volumetric
 relative

No, the answer is incorrect.
Score: 0

Accepted Answers:
relative

15) The ratio of the brake power to the indicated power is called as _____ efficiency. **1 point**

- relative
 volumetric
 mechanical
 friction

No, the answer is incorrect.
Score: 0

Accepted Answers:
mechanical