Mentor

Unit 9 - Week 8

NPTEL » Modern Application Development

Course outline How does an NPTEL online course work? Week 1 Week 2 Week 3 Week 4 Week 5 Week 6 Week 7 Week 8 Week8 Session1 Week8 Session2 Week8 Session3 Modern Application Development: Week 8 Feedback Form Quiz : Assignment 8 Week 9 Week 10 Week 11 Week 12 Download videos **Text Transcripts**

Assignment 8 Due on 2020-05-02, 23:59 IST. The due date for submitting this assignment has passed. As per our records you have not submitted this assignment. Choose the correct statement about Web deployment descriptor as per Servlet API specification. 1 point web.xml resides in the web application under the WEB-INF/ directory. web.xml resides in the web application under the WEB-INF/lib directory. В. C. It maps the URL of the request to the code that can handle the request. Web application can have multiple web.xml. \bigcirc A,D B,C, D A, B O A,C No, the answer is incorrect. Score: 0 Accepted Answers: A,C Please refer to sample web.xml file of a web application 1 point < web-app xmlns="http://xmlns.jcp.org/xml/ns/javaee" xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance" xsi:schemaLocation="http://xmlns.jcp.org/xml/ns/javaee http://xmlns.jcp.org/xml/ns/javaee/web-app_3_1.xsd" version="3.1" > < servlet > < servlet-name >helloservlet< / servlet-name > < servlet-class>nptel.server.HelloServlet</servlet-class> </servlet> <servlet-mapping> <servlet-name>helloservlet</servlet-name> <url-pattern>/helloservlet.html</url-pattern> </servlet-mapping> </web-app> What would happen, if we add one more tag <url-pattern>/</url-pattern> under servlet mapping in the above web.xml file. Runtime exception is thrown. Servlet-mapping can have only one url-pattern tag helloservlet servlet would be invoked for request url with only root context http://localhost:8080/helloservlet/ Error page is displayed for request url with only root context http://localhost:8080/helloservlet/ 404 Error page is displayed for request url with helloservlet.html http://localhost:8080/helloservlet/helloservlet.html No, the answer is incorrect. Score: 0 Accepted Answers: helloservlet servlet would be invoked for request url with only root context http://localhost:8080/helloservlet/ 3) What should be done if there is a change in web.xml of a WebApplication? 1 point Web Application code should be re-compiled first and then repackaged to create new web archive file Web.xml file changes are automatically copied to deployment folder. Web Application should be repackaged to create new web archive file. No, the answer is incorrect. Score: 0 Accepted Answers: Web Application should be repackaged to create new web archive file. 4) We set a variable using request.setAttribute() in Servlet . Please select the correct option which explains the scope of variable. 1 point Object created with request scope is accessible only from the pages which are processing the same request Object created with request scope is accessible only from the page in which they are created Object created with request scope is accessible only from the pages which are in same session Object created with request scope is accessible only from the pages which reside in same application No, the answer is incorrect. Score: 0 Accepted Answers: Object created with request scope is accessible only from the pages which are processing the same request Choose the incorrect statement from the options given below: 1 point < % % > is used for java code inclusion in JSP. Code written inside scriptlet is executed only once when first time JSP program is executed. JASPER is complier of JSP. No, the answer is incorrect. Score: 0 Accepted Answers: Code written inside scriptlet is executed only once when first time JSP program is executed. Choose the correct answer from the options given below: 1 point JSPs are converted to servlet on runtime. JSPs are converted to servlet during code compilation time. When we use < %= request.getAttribute("title") % > in JSP, the complied servlet class would have content value of title. When we use < %= request.getAttribute("title") % > in JSP , the complied servlet class would have request.getAttribute("title") code ○ B, D O A , B O B,C A,D No, the answer is incorrect. Score: 0 Accepted Answers: A,D Refer to html code of Registration.jsp given below. On submit, it posts form data to formShow servlet. 1 point <html> <body> <form action="/Register/formShow" method="POST"> First Name: <input type="text" id="f_name" name="first_name">
Last Name: <input type="text" name="last_name" id="l_name" /> <input type="submit" value="Submit" /> </form> </body> </html> What code should be used in formShow servlet to get textbox values entered by user? request.getParameter("first_name"); request.getParameter("I_name"); request.getParameter("f_name"); request.getParameter("I_name"); request.getParameter("first_name"); request.getParameter("last_name"); request.getParameter("f_name"); request.getParameter("I_name"); No, the answer is incorrect. Score: 0 Accepted Answers: request.getParameter("first_name"); request.getParameter("last_name"); 8) Which of the following are JSP objects which are created by web container and that are available in all the jsp pages? A. request B. out C. pageContext D. application B, D A,B,C,D O A,C \bigcirc A,B No, the answer is incorrect. Accepted Answers: A,B,C,D 9) Which of the following are true statement about JSTL tag libraries? 1 point A. JSTL tag libraries help in separation of business logic from JSP B. JSTL Tags are NOT compiled into Servlets. C. Import tag library before use < %@ taglib prefix = "c" uri = "http://java.sun.com/jsp/jstl/core" % > D. JSTL implicit objects are param and header. ○ A,B B,C, D A, C,D O A,C No, the answer is incorrect. Score: 0 Accepted Answers: A, C,D Select the objects which can be enumerated directly using <c:forEach> tag alone in JSTL. 1 point A. request parameters B. request attributes C. http headers \bigcirc A,B O A,B,C O B,C O A,C No, the answer is incorrect. Score: 0 Accepted Answers: A,C