Course outline

Introduction and

Nonlinear Effects

Nonlinear Effects

How to access the portal?

Mathematical Representation

Nonlinear Effects (Continued)

Nonlinear Effects (Continued)

Nonlinear Effects (Continued)

Nonlinear Effects (Continued)

Nonlinear Effects (Continued)

Nonlinear Effects (Continued)

Quiz : Week2 Assessment

Transverse Electromagnetic

Construction of Ultrafast Laser and Measurement of

Measurement Techniques in Ultrafast Spectroscopy, and their kinetic and quantum

Photochemistry, Solid State, **Transition Metal Complexes**

Ab Initio Molecular Dynamics

Ab Initio Molecular Dynamics

Dynamics - Theoretical Point

mechanical models

Photophysics,

and Biomolecules

Maxwell's Equations

of Photochemistry and Photophysics - Part 1

of Photochemistry and Photophysics - Part 2

Attosecond Chemical

Attosecond Chemical

Femtochemistry of

Dynamics - Experimental

of View

Point of View

Nanocatalysis

Ultrafast Processes in Physical Chemistry -

Dispersion Effects and

Mode

Pulses





Announcements

About the Course

Ask a Question

Progress Mentor

Unit 3 - Nonlinear Effects

NPTEL » Ultrafast Optics and Spectroscopy

The due date for submitting this assignment has passed. As per our records you have not submitted this assignment.	Due on 2019-08-21, 23:59 IS
In Vacuum, phase velocity of red light	1 p
 is higher than blue light is equal to blue light is lower than blue light cannot be compared with that of blue light. 	
No, the answer is incorrect. Score: 0	
Accepted Answers: is equal to blue light	
2) In a dispersive medium, phase velocity of red light	1 p
 is higher than that of blue light is equal to that of blue light is lower than that of blue light cannot be compared with that of blue light. 	
No, the answer is incorrect. Score: 0	
Accepted Answers: is higher than that of blue light	
3) What is the unit of GDD?	1 pc
fs fs² fs²/mm mm	
No, the answer is incorrect.	
Score: 0 Accepted Answers: fs²/mm	
All laser beams are of following quality:	1 pc
 TEM₀₁ TEM₁₁ TEM₂₁ TEM₀₀ 	
No, the answer is incorrect.	
Score: 0 Accepted Answers: TEM ₀₀	
5) Which of the following items exhibits –GVD?	1 pc
Glass Quartz Water grating pair	
No, the answer is incorrect. Score: 0	
Accepted Answers: grating pair	
6) Which of the following is correct?	1 pc
Focal length for a red light is equal to that for blue light	

In Vacuum, phase velocity of red light	1 point
 is higher than blue light is equal to blue light is lower than blue light cannot be compared with that of blue light. 	
No, the answer is incorrect. Score: 0 Accepted Answers:	
is equal to blue light	
2) In a dispersive medium, phase velocity of red light	1 point
 is higher than that of blue light is equal to that of blue light is lower than that of blue light cannot be compared with that of blue light. 	
No, the answer is incorrect. Score: 0 Accepted Answers: is higher than that of blue light	
3) What is the unit of GDD?	1 point
fs fs² fs²/mm mm	
No, the answer is incorrect. Score: 0 Accepted Answers: fs²/mm	
All laser beams are of following quality:	1 point
TEM ₀₁ TEM ₁₁ TEM ₂₁	r point
○TEM ₀₀	
No, the answer is incorrect. Score: 0 Accepted Answers: TEM ₀₀	
5) Which of the following items exhibits –GVD?	1 point
Glass Quartz Water	
Ograting pair No, the answer is incorrect.	
Score: 0 Accepted Answers: grating pair	
6) Which of the following is correct?	1 point
 Focal length for a red light is equal to that for blue light Focal length for a red light is longer than that for blue light Focal length for a red light is shorter than that for blue light Focal length for a red light cannot be compared with that for blue light 	
No, the answer is incorrect. Score: 0	
Accepted Answers: Focal length for a red light is longer than that for blue light	
7) A Gaussian beam represents	1 point
TEM ₁₁ mode TEM ₁₀ mode TEM ₀₁ mode	i point
TEM ₀₀ mode No, the answer is incorrect.	
Score: 0 Accepted Answers: TEM ₀₀ mode	
8) Knife-edge measurement is used to measure	1 point
opulse duration beam diameter kinetics of a reaction cross-correlation	
No, the answer is incorrect. Score: 0 Accepted Answers: beam diameter	
9) An error function is obtained from a normalized Gaussian function which is centered at t=0. Which one is correct?	d materi
This error function reaches maximum at t=0	1 point
This error function does not reach maximum at t=0 his error function reaches minimum at t=0 Error function follows a Gaussian profile.	
No, the answer is incorrect. Score: 0	
Accepted Answers: This error function does not reach maximum at t=0	
10) Beam diameter refers to a Gaussian beam diameter for which intensity drops down to	1 point
1/e² of its maximum	
zero 1/4 of its maximum 1/e of its maximum	
No, the answer is incorrect.	
Score: 0 Accepted Answers: 1/e² of its maximum	