Detailed Assignment Solution

O D)

Score: 0

D)

No, the answer is incorrect.

Accepted Answers:

Live Interactive session

Progress Week 9: Assignment 9 The due date for submitting this assignment has passed. Due on 2021-09-29, 23:59 IST. As per our records you have not submitted this assignment. 1) 2 points Find out the correct statement (A) Strength of internal potential energy for a solid stationary object is ≈ 0 . (B) Strength of internal potential energy > strength of internal kinetic energy in gas. (C) Strength of internal potential energy of liquid > Strength of internal potential energy of solids. (D) Strength of internal potential energy of solid > Strength of internal potential energy of liquid. (A) B) (C) (D) No, the answer is incorrect. Score: 0 Accepted Answers: 2 points Pick up the wrong statement (A) Heat dissipation requires a temperature gradient. (B) Energy generated in a system is non-zero only if it involves a nuclear reaction. (C) For a system to do work on the surrounding, the system must be able to expand. (D) A temperature gradient is mandatory for heat transfer. (A) ○ B) O C) O D) No, the answer is incorrect. Accepted Answers: 2 points Which of the following will be inexact differential? (A) Enthalpy (B) Internal energy (C) Heat (D) Temperature (A) B) O C) O D) No, the answer is incorrect. Score: 0 Accepted Answers: 4) 2 points For most of the problems in thermodynamics we consider a frictionless piston cylinder. The reason for this is (A) A frictionless piston cylinder always leads to a reversible process. (B) A frictionless piston cylinder is always insulated. (C) A frictionless piston cylinder ensures heat transfer is zero. (D) A frictionless piston cylinder ensures heat dissipation is zero. (A) ○ B) (C) O D) No, the answer is incorrect. Score: 0 Accepted Answers: D) 2 points When 1kg of ice at -30°C heated to steam at 100°C and 1 atm pressure. How many physical parameters would be necessary to perform the calculation? (A) 5 (B)4(C)3(D)6 (A) ○ B) (C) O D) No, the answer is incorrect. Score: 0 Accepted Answers: 2 points For an ideal gas (A) The internal kinetic energy of the system = internal potential energy. (B) The internal energy of the system comprises only internal potential energy. (C) The internal energy of the system comprises only internal kinetic energy. (D) The internal energy of the system comprises only the internal potential energy of the system. (A) ○ B) (C) O D) No, the answer is incorrect. Score: 0 Accepted Answers: 2 points The most likely candidate for the ideal gas is (A) Monoatomic elemental gases (like Neon). (B) Diatomic elemental gases (like O2). (C) Compounds that are gases (like CO₂). (D) All of the above. (A) ○ B) O C) O D) No, the answer is incorrect. Score: 0 Accepted Answers: 2 points Kopp rule is related to (A) Specific heat capacity of gaseous compounds. (B) Specific heat capacity of solid compounds. (C) Specific heat capacity of solid elements. (D) Latent heat of vaporization. (A) B) (C) O D) No, the answer is incorrect. Accepted Answers: B) 9) 2 points Which of the following is not an example of phase transformation? (A) Melting of ice. (B) Eutectic transformation. (C) Ferromagnetic to paramagnetic transition (D) Eutectoid transformation (A) B) (C) O D) No, the answer is incorrect. Score: 0 Accepted Answers: 2 points By increasing the temperature of a liquid, (A) Its vapour pressure decreases. (B) Its Boiling point increases. (C) Its Boiling point reduces. (D) Its vapour pressure increases. (A) B) (C)