Department of Physics Indian Institute of technology Madras Select/Special Topics in Classical Mechanics Self-Assessment-1 (Questions)

1. State whether the following statements are 'TRUE' or 'FALSE' and give reason. The reason should be short, but as rigorous as you can provide.
a. The vector $\vec{A}=(\overrightarrow{\mathrm{v}} \times \vec{H})-c \hat{e}_{\rho}$ (wherein c is a constant), defined for a two body mechanical system interacting through a force $\mathrm{cf}(|\overrightarrow{\mathrm{r}}|) \hat{\mathrm{e}}_{\mathrm{r}}$, is necessarily a constant of motion as long as the force between the two objects is essentially radial (i.e., it is isotropic and has no component along $\hat{\mathrm{e}}_{\theta}$ or along $\hat{\mathrm{e}}_{\varphi}$ ).
b. The work done $\delta \mathrm{W}=\mathrm{q} \overrightarrow{\boldsymbol{v}} \times \overrightarrow{\mathrm{B}} \bullet \overrightarrow{\delta \mathrm{r}}$ by a magnetic field $\overrightarrow{\mathrm{B}}$ in displacing an electric charge q , which is moving at a velocity $\vec{v}$, through an infinitesimal displacement $\overrightarrow{\delta \mathrm{r}}$, is a pseudo-scalar.
c. If the Lagrangian of a mechanical system which is free to move in the Cartesian XY plane is independent of the coordinate ' $y$ ' but depends on ' $x$ ', then $\dot{p}_{x}=0$.
2. A particle is subjected to a radial force $\vec{F}=f(|\vec{r}|) \hat{e}_{r}$.

For this force, prove that: $\vec{F} \times \vec{L}=-m f(r)[-\vec{r} \dot{r}+r \dot{\vec{r}}]$.
3. If the Lagrangian of a system is independent of one of the generalized coordinate q , prove that the generalized momentum canonically conjugate to this coordinate is conserved.
4. An Atwood's machine (shown in the figure) has two masses $m_{1}$ and $\mathrm{m}_{2}$ connected by an inextensible string of length $l$, passing over a frictionless pulley. The potential energy of this system is $V=-m_{1} g x-m_{2} g(l-x)$. We consider for the purpose of this problem the pulley's size to be infinitesimal, so no length of the string is unaccounted from the portion that goes over the pulley.
 Find the generalized momentum conjugate to $x$, and set up the Euler-Lagrange equation for this system.
5. A centrifuge operates at an angular velocity $\vec{\omega}=\omega \hat{e}_{z}$. Consider the origin of a frame of reference to be at the center of the centrifuge. A particle is located at $\vec{r}=a \hat{e}_{\rho}+b \hat{e}_{z}$ in the centrifuge; $a$ and $b$ being positive constants of dimensions [L]. Obtain the magnitudes of the components of the centrifugal force in cylindrical polar coordinate system and fill in the blank spaces in the following expression:

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\vec{F}_{\text {centrifugal }}=\ldots \hat{e}_{\rho}+\ldots \hat{e}_{\varphi}+\ldots \hat{e}_{z}
$$

