## Quiz

- 1. What is diffusion?
- 2. What are the two necessary conditions for diffusion to occur?
- 3. What are the mechanisms of diffusion?
- 4. What is self-diffusion?
- 5. What is steady state diffusion? Describe Fick's first law of diffusion.
- 6. What is Fick's second law of diffusion?
- 7. What is the effect of temperature on diffusion? How is the activation energy obtained?
- 8. What other factors affect diffusion rate in metals?
- 9. Give an example of an industrial process which uses diffusion.
- 10. Calculate the diffusivity of carbon in  $\gamma$ -Fe at 927 °C.  $D_0 = 2 \times 10^{-5} \text{ m}^2/\text{s}$  and Q = 142 kJ/mol
- 11. The diffusivity of Ag atoms in Ag metal is  $1.0 \times 10^{-17} \text{ m}^2/\text{s}$  at  $500 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$  and  $7.0 \times 10^{-13} \text{ m}^2/\text{s}$  at  $1000 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ . Calculate the activation energy for diffusion of Ag atoms in the temperature range  $500 1000 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ .
- 12. A plain carbon steel (0.18% C) is to be carburized at 927 °C. What is the time needed to make the carbon content 0.35% at a depth of 0.4 mm? Take C content at surface to be 1.15 wt%.  $D = 1.28 \times 10^{-11} \text{ m}^2/\text{s}$ .
- 13. If the same steel is carburized for 7 hrs at 927 °C what will be the carbon content at a depth of 1mm from the surface?