Module 4 : Theory of covering spaces Lecture 19 : Deck transformations

Exercises:

1. Suppose that G and \tilde{G} are topological groups and $p: \tilde{G} \longrightarrow G$ is a covering

projection that is also a group homomorphism then ker $p = \text{Deck}(\tilde{G}, G)$.

2. Determine the deck transformations for the covering

$$\sin: \mathbb{C} - \left\{\frac{\pi}{2} + k\pi : k \in \mathbb{Z}\right\} \longrightarrow \mathbb{C} - \{\pm 1\}$$

3. Determine the deck transformations for the covering

$$p: \mathbb{C} - \{\pm 1, \pm 2\} \longrightarrow \mathbb{C} - \{\pm 2\}$$

given by $p(z) = z^3 - 3z$. Show that this covering is not regular. Hint: Use Riemann's

removable singularities theorem to show that a deck transformation must be analytic on the whole plane.

4. If p is a prime, what can you say about the group of deck transformations of a p-

sheeted covering space?

5. Show using the universal property that the universal covering, if it exists is unique upto isomorphism of covering projections.