

Self evaluation
Lecture 33: Social Change-IV: Theory of Natural Selection

Objective questions

Instructions: Please read the following instructions carefully before writing your answers:

- 1) Each Question carries 1 mark.
 - 2) There are four alternatives - (A), (B), (C), (D) given against each question out of which only one is the most appropriate answer. If (A) is correct, round on the correct alternative like (A).
 - 3) **The discarded answer, if any, must be crossed properly and supported by initial of the candidate.**
 - 4) If a question is answered wrongly or more than one answers are marked, 0.25 marks will be deducted for each such question.
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Q.1. In 14th century in several Christian majority countries Jews were associated with plague and tortured because:

- (A) Jews were a trading community and through them plague virus was believed to have travelled from one country to another
- (B) Jews were poor
- (C) Jews were biologically more susceptible to plague
- (D) None of the above

Q.2. In India urban areas are distinguished from rural areas on the basis of:

- (A) Size and density of population
- (B) Percentage of population engaged in non-agricultural activities
- (C) Seat of local administration
- (D) All of the above

Q.3. According to 2011 population census the level of urbanization in India is:

- (A) Less than 10 percent
- (B) Around 30 percent
- (C) Between 40-50 percent
- (D) Above 50 percent

Q.4. According to Emile Durkheim the source of integration in traditional (i.e. village) society was:

- (A) Organic solidarity
- (B) Inorganic solidarity
- (C) Mechanical solidarity
- (D) All of the above

Q.5. Due to colonial policies in developing countries the connectivity is better:

- (A) Between cities

- (B) Between villages
- (C) Between villages and cities
- (D) None of the above

Q.6. The two causes of expansion of urban population are:

- (A) Births and deaths
- (B) Natural increase and wars
- (C) Natural increase and rural-urban migration
- (D) Rural-urban migration and the pull factors

Q.7. The push factors responsible for rural-urban migration include:

- (A) Relationship between religion and caste
- (B) Unemployment and poverty in rural areas
- (C) Relationship between education and homicide rate
- (D) All of the above

Q.8. In ancient times the Indian cities were:

- (A) Industrial cities
- (B) Political and religious cities
- (C) Cybernetic cities
- (D) None of the above

Q.9. Urbanization is closely associated with development and modernization because:

- (A) Urbanization leads to development
- (B) The relationship between urbanization and development is symmetrical or two way
- (C) Development and modernization cause urbanization
- (D) None of the above

Q.10. The term PURA refers to:

- (A) Abdul Kalam's idea of ideal city
- (B) Old city which has grown more due to rural-urban migration
- (C) A walled city of the Mogul period
- (D) Providing urban amenities to rural areas

Subjective question

- Q.1. Argue that social integration is as much responsible to social survival as natural resources and health.
- Q.2. What is over-urbanization thesis? How is it related to the theory of dual city?
- Q.3. Explain the meaning of rurban localities. Identify one rurban locality and discuss why is it rurban and not rural or urban.
- Q.4. Why are less developed countries over-urbanized.
- Q.5. Explain the difference between mechanical solidarity and organic solidarity.

Exercises

- E.1. Distinguish between urbanization, urbanism and modernization.
- E.2. What kinds of differences do you find in the socio-economic and cultural milieus of Mumbai and a small tribal village?
- E.3. Can a city like Kolkata grow indefinitely? See the website of the Ministry of Urban Affairs and write a note on Jawaharlal Nehru National Urban Renewal Mission.
- E.4. Does migration affect health? How?
- E.5. Use the website of Registrar General India to write an essay on urbanization in India.