Question Bank

- 3.1 What is the difference between a program and a process?
- 3.2 What is CPU utilization?
- 3.3 What is the motivation for
 - a. Multi-programming and
 - b. Time sharing.
- 3.4 What is "response time"?
- 3.5 With the help of a state transition diagram, explain various states of a process.
- 3.6 What is a zombie process and how it may manifest itself?
- 3.7 Explain the architecture of the simple operating system employing queue data structures?
- 3.8 Describe a queue based state transition model. Assume that OUR_OS, a new OS is designed to support processes with two levels of priority "high" and "low".
 - a. How would you redraw the queue based state transition model?
 - b. If we have additionally, three devices that provide the services in FCFS
 - c. Mode then how will we modify the state transition diagram.
- 3.9 Explain the difference between busy waiting and blocking.
- 3.10 Explain the role of a Process control block (PCB).
- 3.11 Show the changes in the process control Block(PCB) when
 - a. A new process is created and
 - b. A running process is suspended.
- 3.12 What is the use of a process control block? Discuss the changes in the PCB chains when
 - a. A process makes an I/O request
 - b. A process completes an I/O Operation.
- 3.13 With the help of block diagrams, explain the flow of control between two processes during process switching.
- 3.14 What happens when process context is switched? Is it an over-head?
- 3.15 Explain the function of the system calls along with the process state diagrams.
- 3.16 Compare preemptive and non preemptive scheduling methods and explain in details the priority based scheduling technique.

- 3.17 Explain why real-time systems require a pre-emptive scheduling policy.
- 3.18 In a dynamic situation how is the next burst of processing time estimated?
- 3.19 Explain the concepts of multitasking.
- 3.20 What are the motivations for short term, medium term and long term scheduling levels? Explain with block schematics.
- 3.21 Compare and contrast the round-robin, pre-emptive policy with shortest job first pre-emptive policy.
- 3.22 Define throughput and turn around time.
- 3.23 Explain starvation. When and how starvation may occur?
- 3.24 Typically what is the process information Unix OS maintains?
- 3.25 Explain the procedure to kill a process.