

Phase retardation, $\phi = \frac{2\pi}{\lambda} (n_e - n_o) d$

If $\phi = \pi/2$

Quarter Wave Plate

$$\left(\hat{a}_x E_x + \hat{a}_y E_y e^{j\phi} \right)$$

Input
 $\phi = 0 \Rightarrow$ Linear

$$\hat{a}_x E_x + \hat{a}_y E_y e^{j\pi/2}$$

Left
Circular Polarization

If $\phi = \pi/2 \Rightarrow$
 $\theta = 45^\circ$
 $E_x = E_y$

If $\phi = \pi$

Half wave plate

$$\hat{a}_x E_x + \hat{a}_y \hat{E}_y e^{j\pi}$$

$$= \hat{a}_x E_x - \hat{a}_y E_y$$

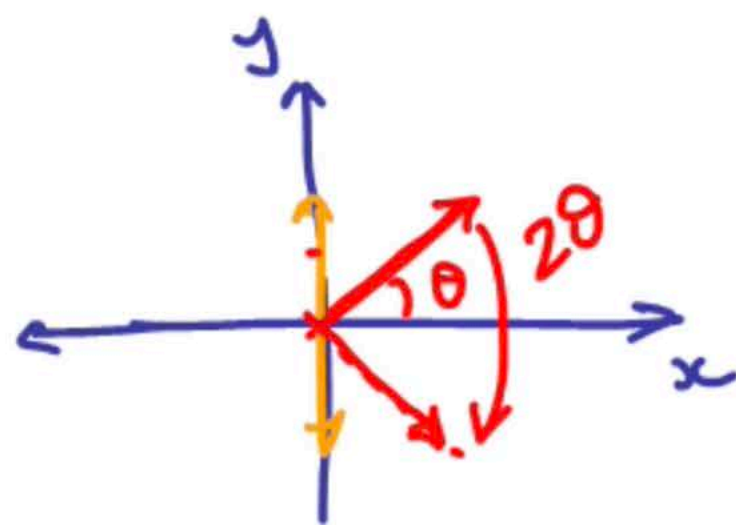
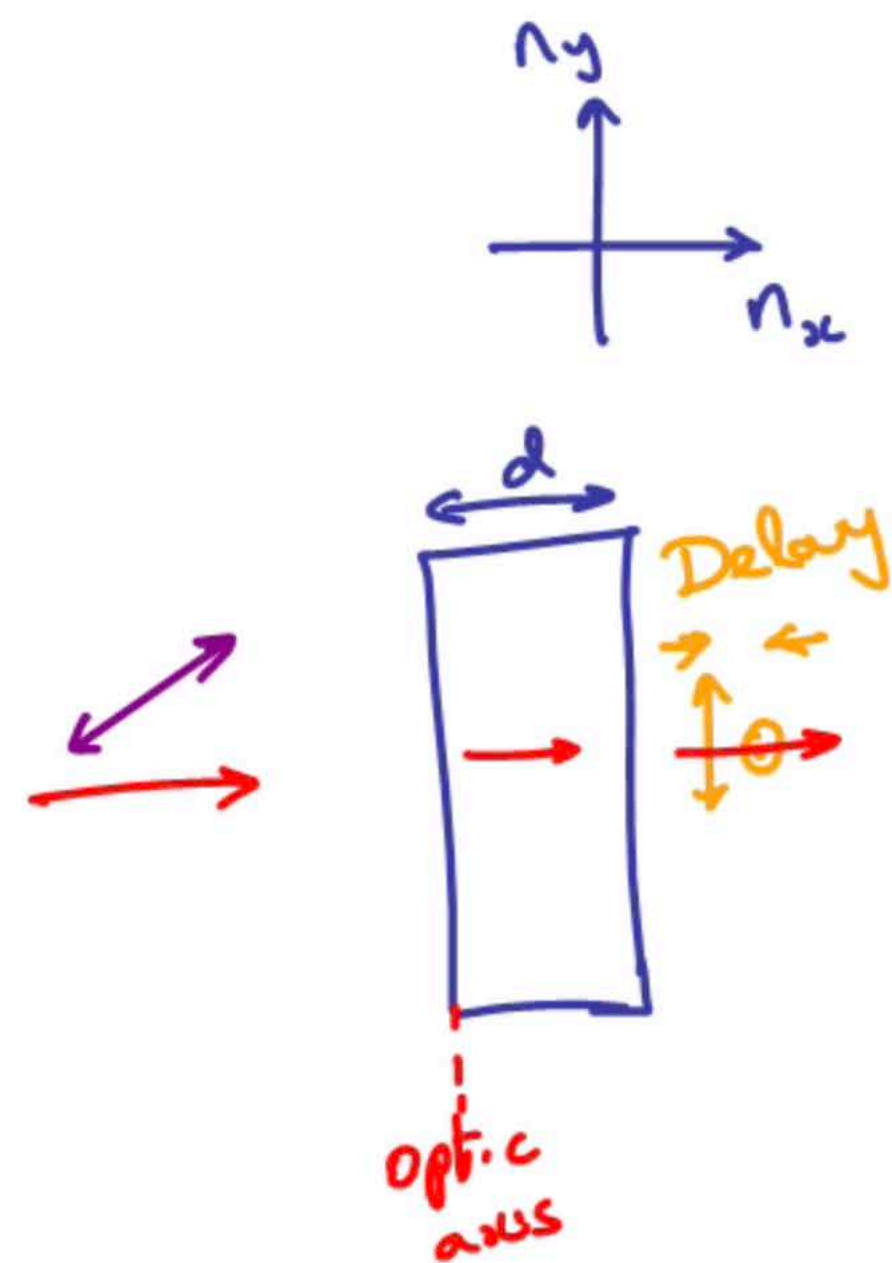
Polarization

Rotator



Lab Quiz I Quiz II Tutorial Total Marks Attendance

Lab Quiz I Quiz II Tutorial **Total Marks** Attendance +



Phase retardation, $\phi = \frac{2\pi}{\lambda} (n_e - n_o) d$

If $\phi = \frac{\pi}{2}$

Quarter Wave Plate

$$\left(\hat{a}_x E_x + \hat{a}_y E_y e^{j\phi} \right)$$

Input
 $\phi = 0 \Rightarrow$ Linear

$$\hat{a}_x E_x + \hat{a}_y E_y e^{j\pi/2}$$

Left
Circular Polarization

If $\underbrace{E_x = E_y}_{\theta = 45^\circ}, \phi = \pi/2 \Rightarrow$

If $\phi = \pi$

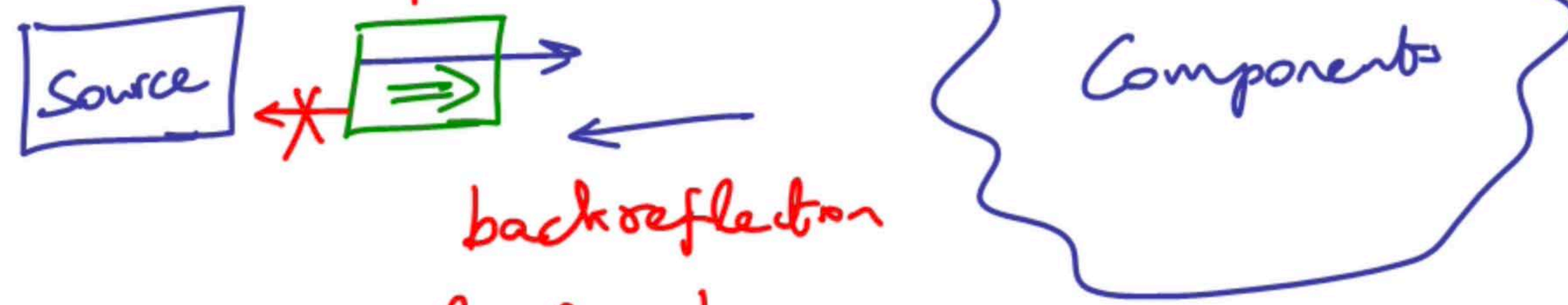
Half wave plate

$$\hat{a}_x E_x + \hat{a}_y \hat{E}_y e^{j\pi}$$

$$= \hat{a}_x E_x - \hat{a}_y E_y$$

Polarization
Rotator

Optical Isolator

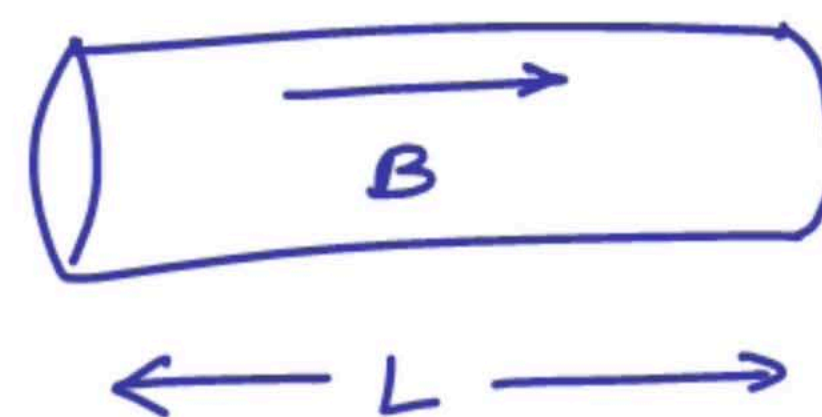
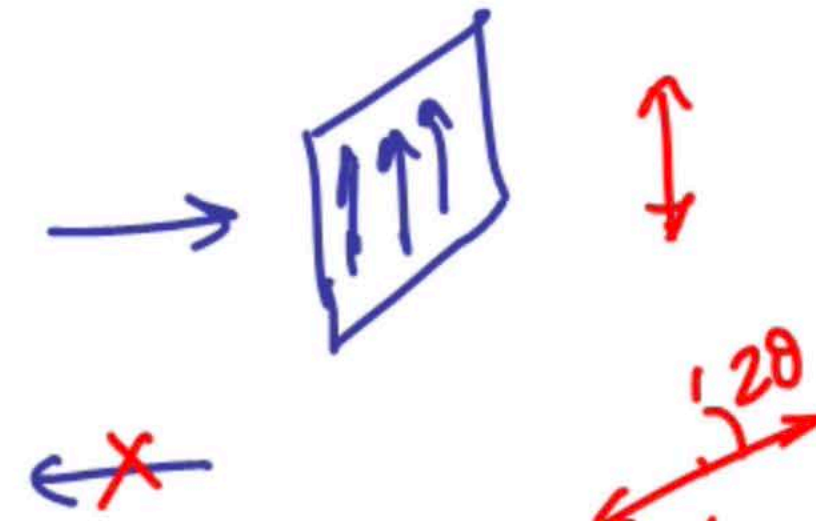


backreflection leads to power/spectral instability of laser

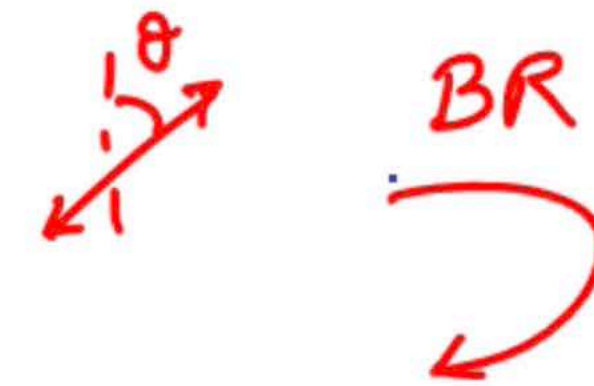
Faraday Effect

$$\vec{D} = \epsilon \vec{E} + j\epsilon_0 \gamma (\vec{B} \times \vec{E})$$

↘ Magneto-gyration coeff.



Non-reciprocal



$\theta = 45^\circ$

$$\theta = -\frac{\pi \gamma}{\lambda_0 n_0} B \cdot L$$

$\theta = VBL$

$V \rightarrow$ Verdet const.

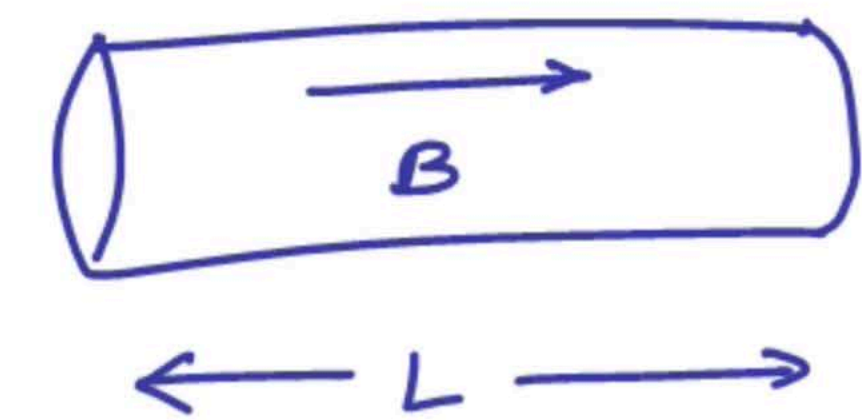
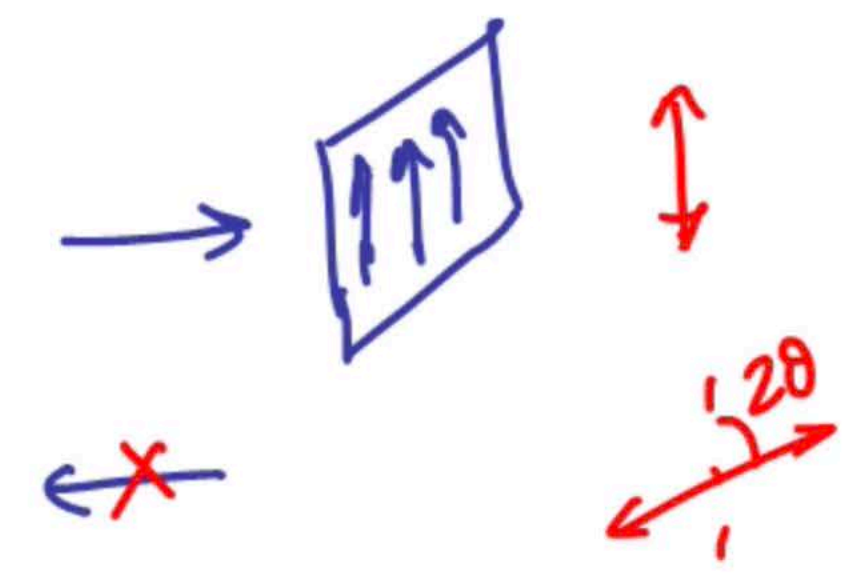
backreflection
leads to
power/spectral instability of laser

$$\vec{D} = \epsilon \vec{E} + j \epsilon_0 \gamma (\vec{B} \times \vec{E})$$

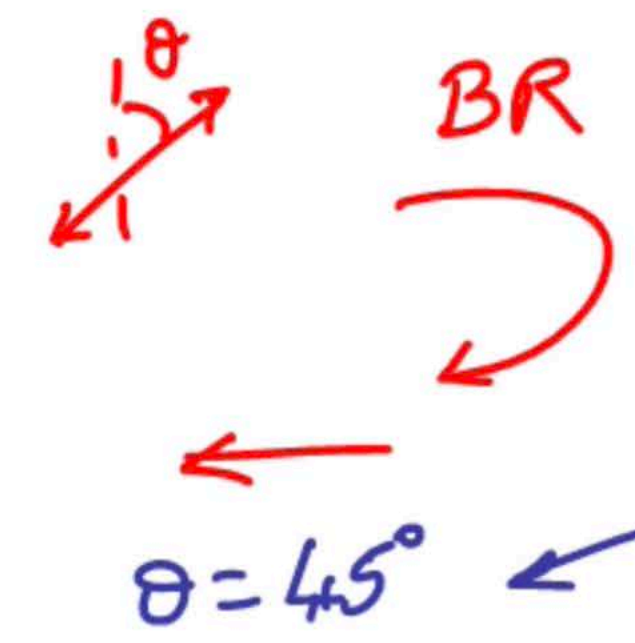
→ Magneto-gyration coeff.

Faraday Effect

Polarization-Sensitive Isolator



Non-reciprocal

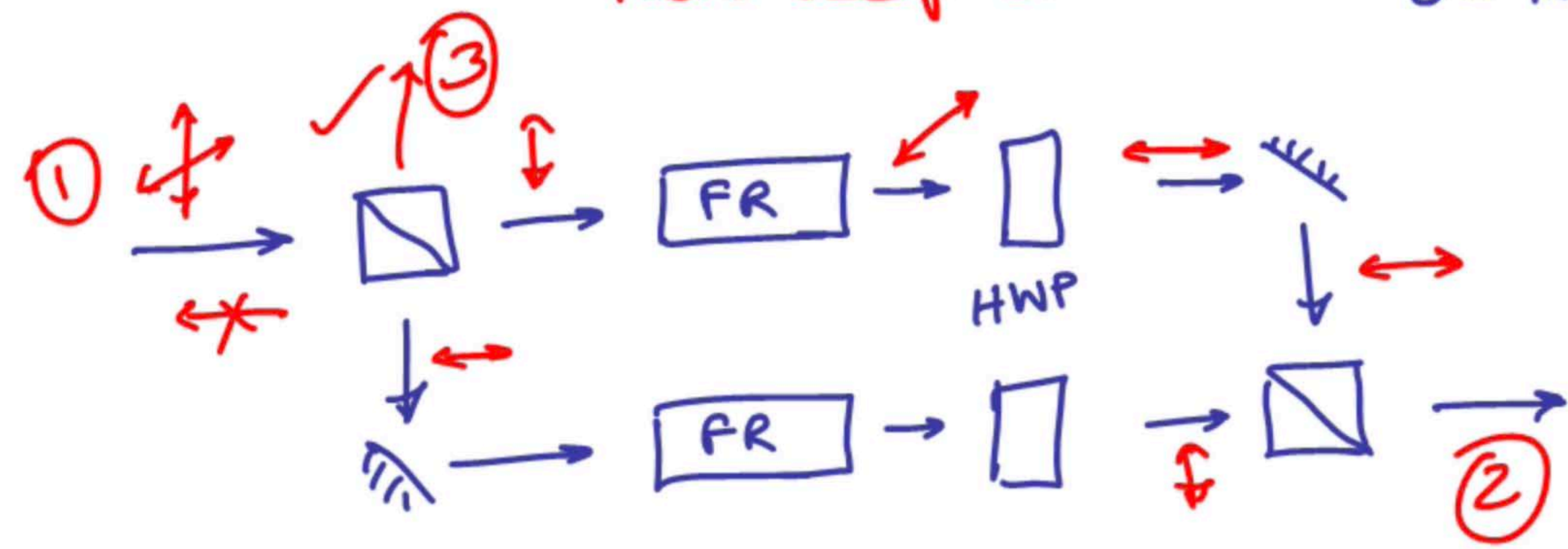


$$\theta = -\frac{\pi \gamma}{\lambda_0 n_0} B \cdot L$$

$$\theta = V B L$$

V → Verdet const.

Polarization-insensitive Isolator



① → ② → ③
Circulator