



Total Wave amplitude

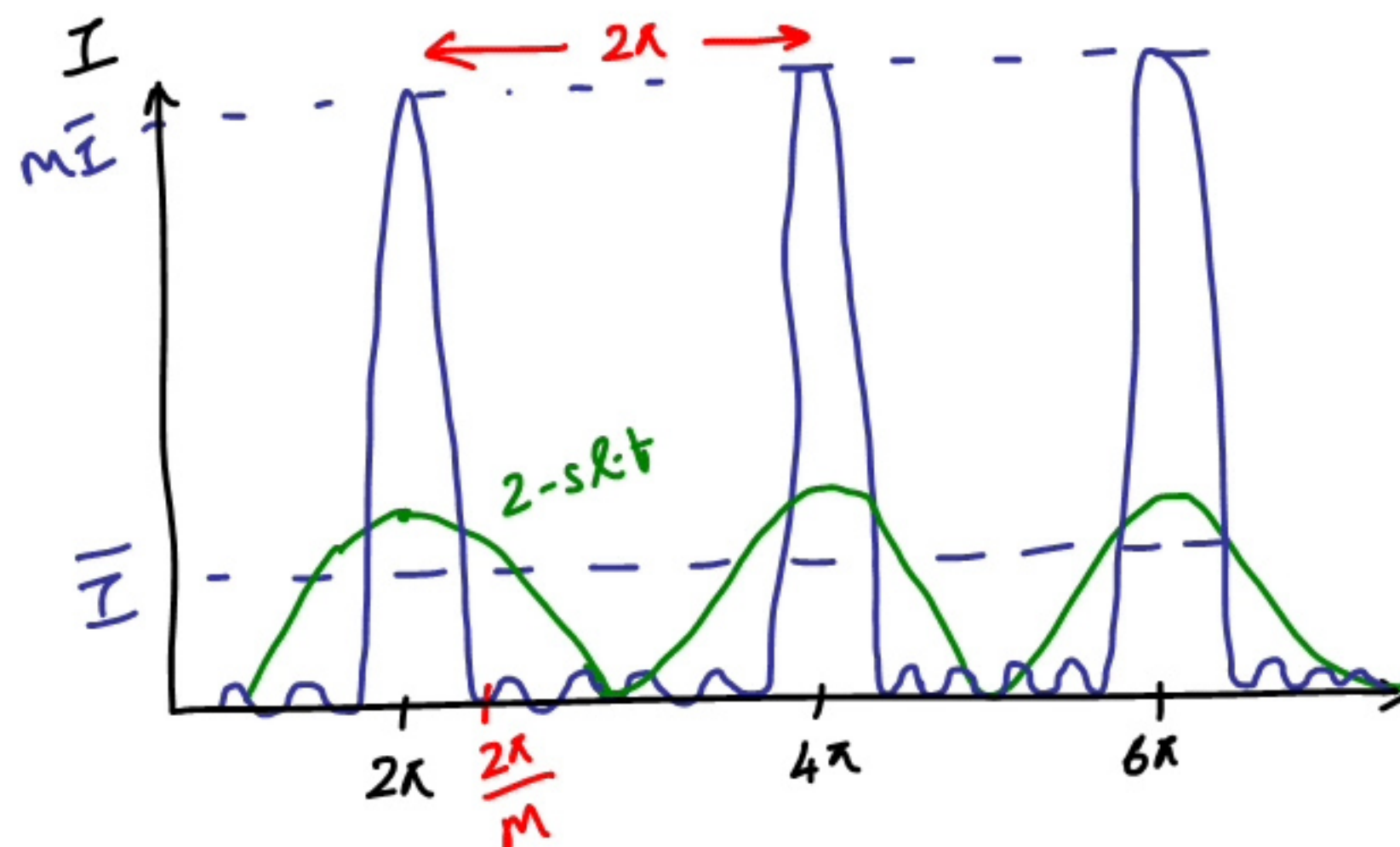
$$U = \sqrt{I_0} (1 + h + h^2 + \dots + h^{M-1}) \quad \text{where } h = e^{j\phi}$$

$$= \sqrt{I_0} \cdot \frac{1 - h^M}{1 - h} = \sqrt{I_0} \cdot \frac{1 - e^{jM\phi}}{1 - e^{j\phi}}$$

Total Intensity

$$I = |U|^2 = I_0 \cdot \left| \frac{1 - e^{jM\phi}}{1 - e^{j\phi}} \right|^2 = I_0 \cdot \left| \frac{e^{-jM\phi/2} - e^{jM\phi/2}}{e^{-j\phi/2} - e^{j\phi/2}} \right|^2$$

$$I = I_0 \cdot \frac{\sin^2(M\phi/2)}{\sin^2(\phi/2)}$$



$$\phi = \frac{2\pi}{\lambda} d \sin \theta_m$$

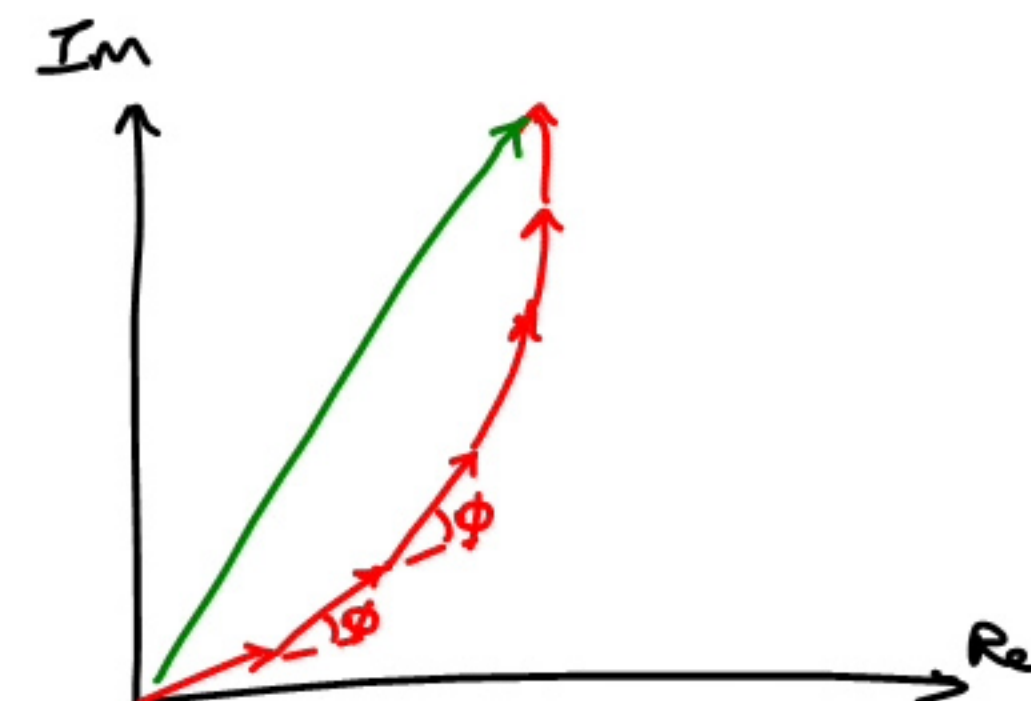
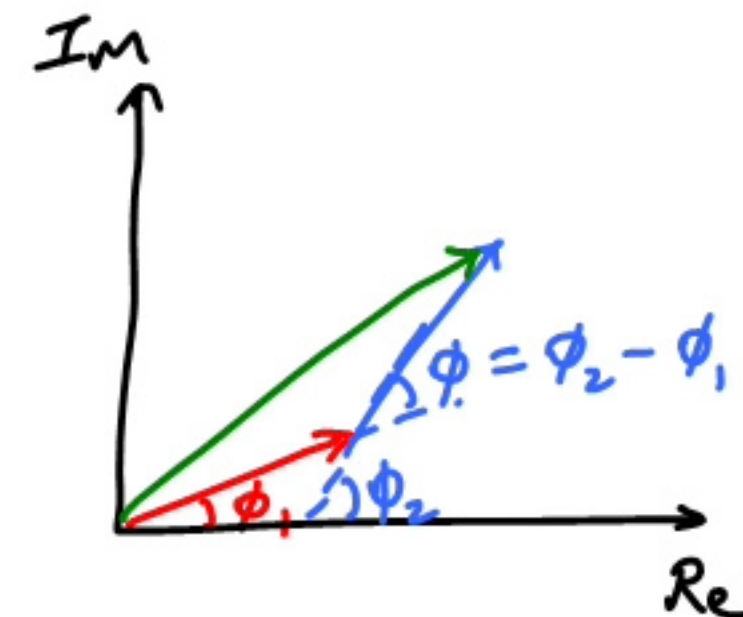
More # of interfering sources

⇒ Narrower spectral selectivity

$M = \#$ of slits
 $\phi =$ phase difference
from successive slits

When
 $\phi = \pi$

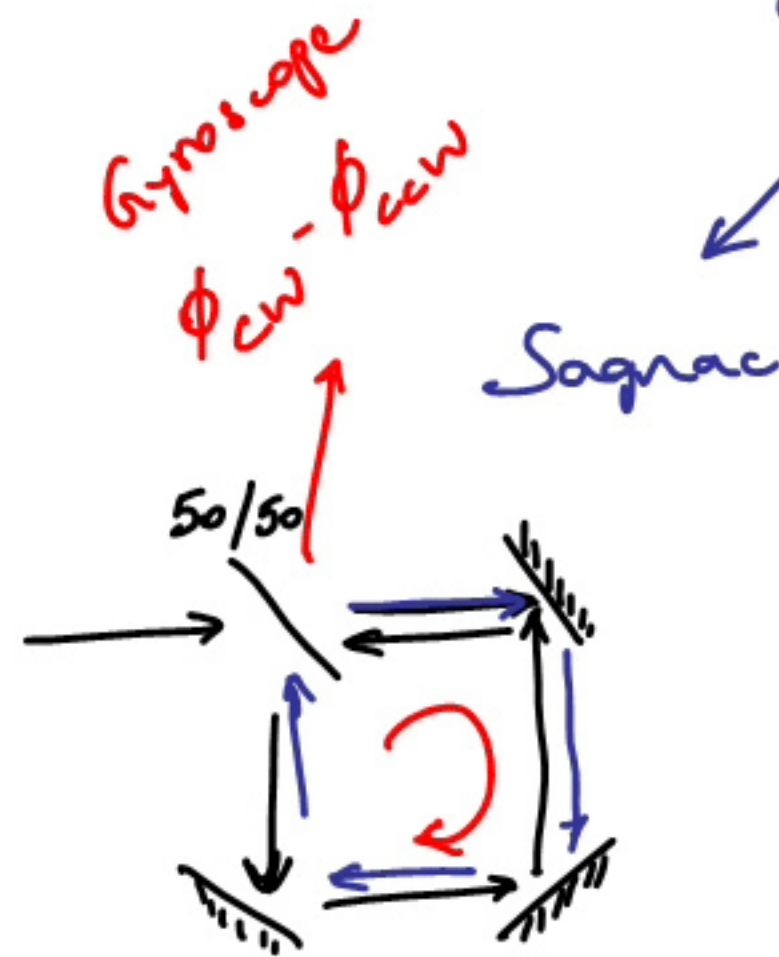
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Interferometers

Common Path

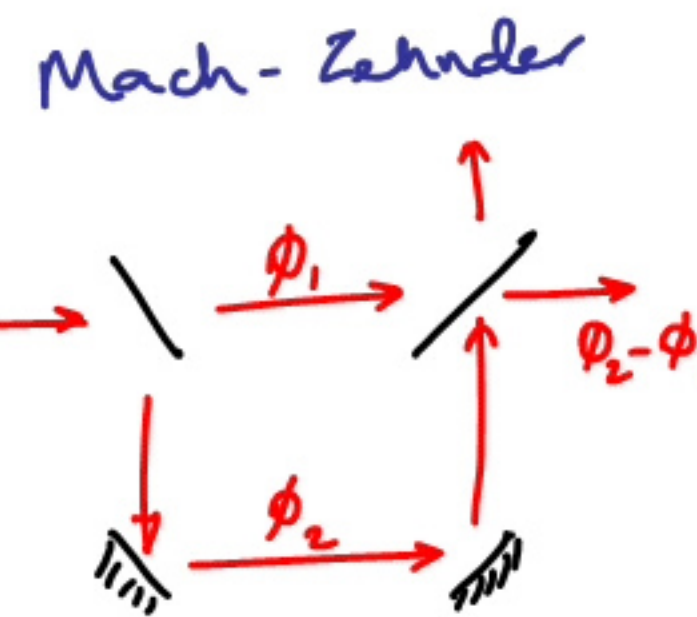
Differential Path



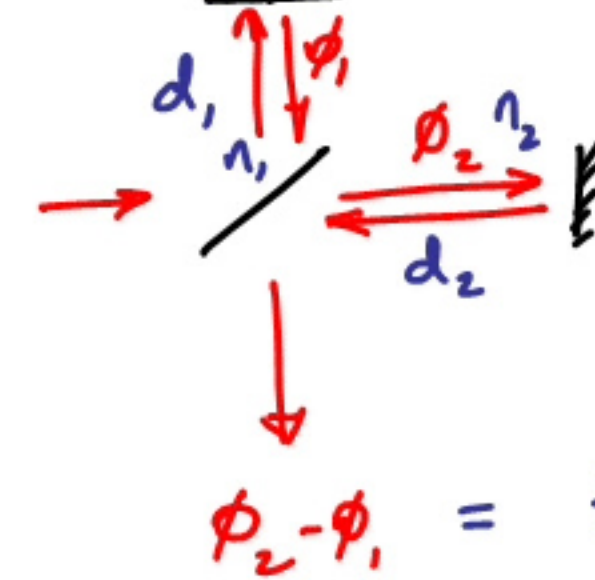
Fabry-Perot



$n=1$, $d = m \cdot \frac{\lambda}{2}$



Michelson



$$\phi_2 - \phi_1 = \frac{2\pi}{\lambda} 2n_2 d_2 - \frac{2\pi}{\lambda} 2n_1 d_1$$

$$= \frac{2\pi}{\lambda} 2(n_2 d_2 - n_1 d_1)$$

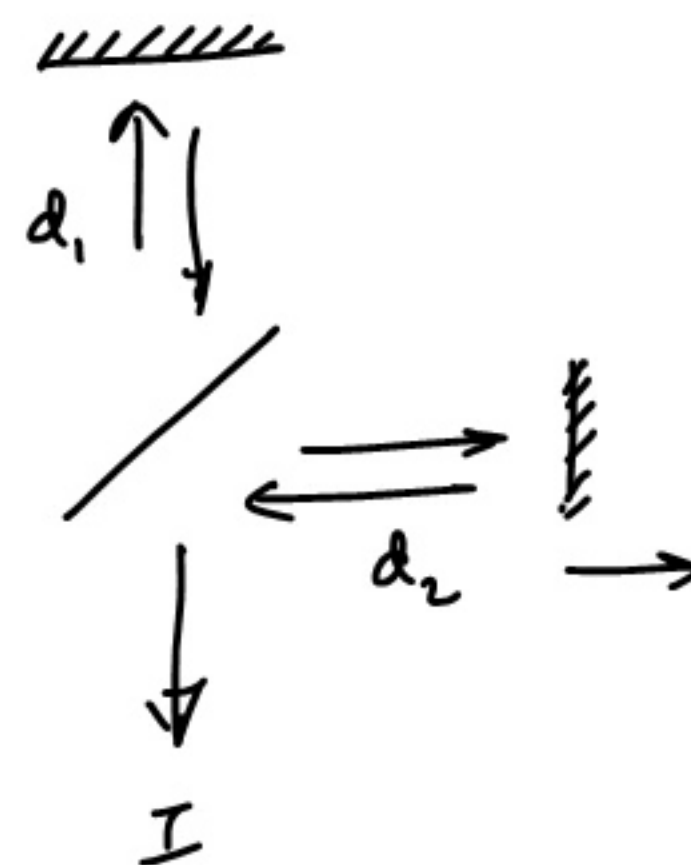
Optical path length difference

Constructive Interference, $\phi_2 - \phi_1 = 2\pi m$

If $n_1 = n_2 = 1$, $d_1 - d_2 = \frac{m\lambda}{2}$

Coherence of light:

Plane, monochromatic



$$\langle U_1^*(t) U_2(t) \rangle$$

Auto correlation

$$\langle U_1^*(t) U_1(t+\tau) \rangle$$

$$U_0 e^{-j\omega_0 t} U_0 e^{j\omega_0(t+\tau)} = U_0^2 e^{j\omega_0 \tau}$$

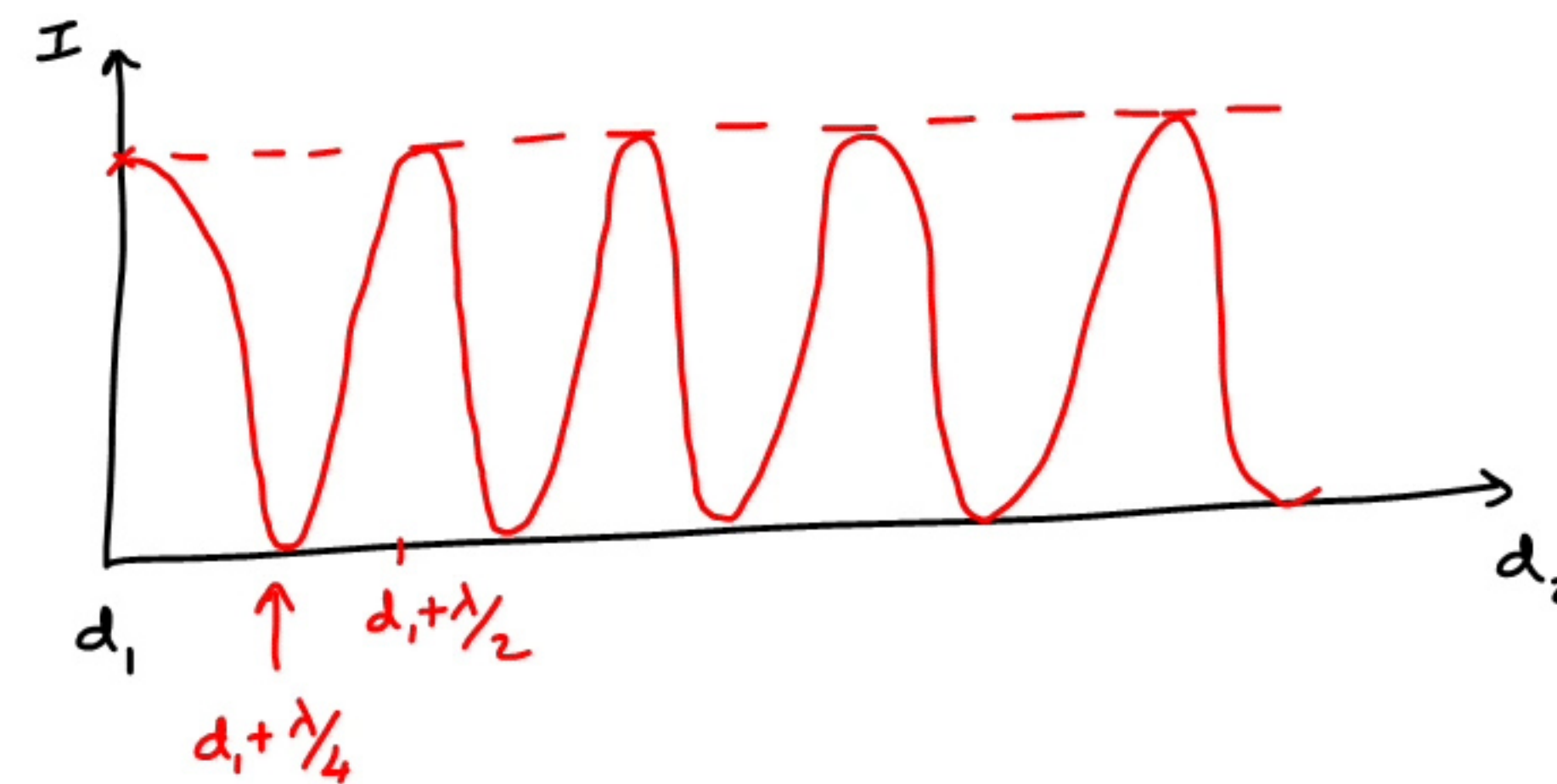
$$\text{Degree of coherence } g(\tau) = \frac{G(\tau)}{\langle U^*(t) U(t) \rangle}$$

$$0 \leq |g(\tau)| \leq 1$$

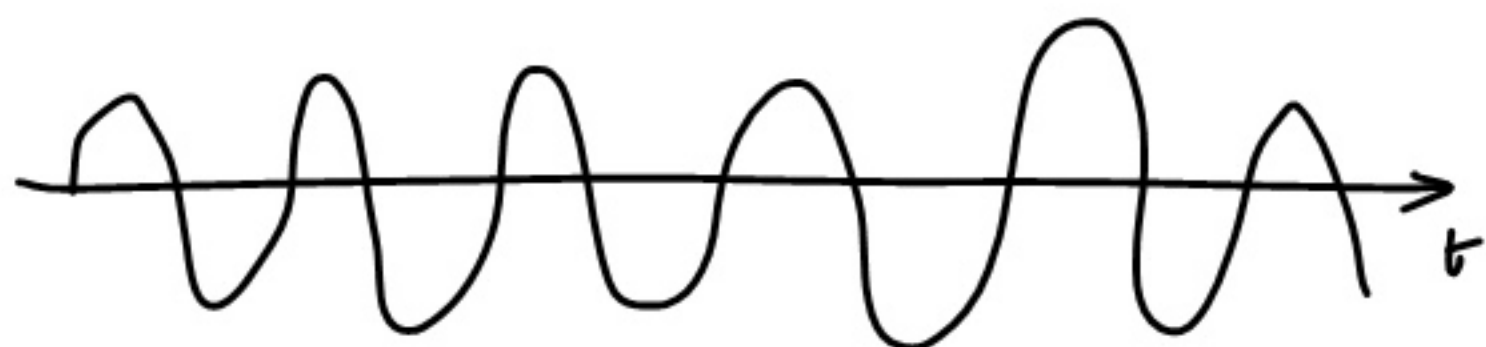
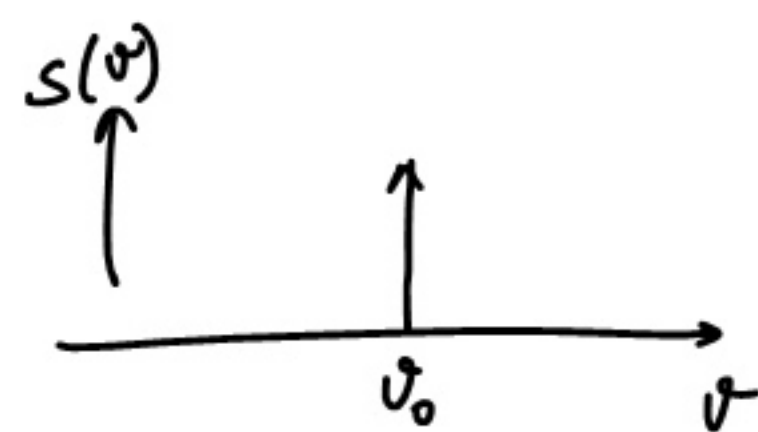


$$\Delta\phi = \frac{2\pi}{\lambda} 2(d_2 - d_1) = 2\pi m$$

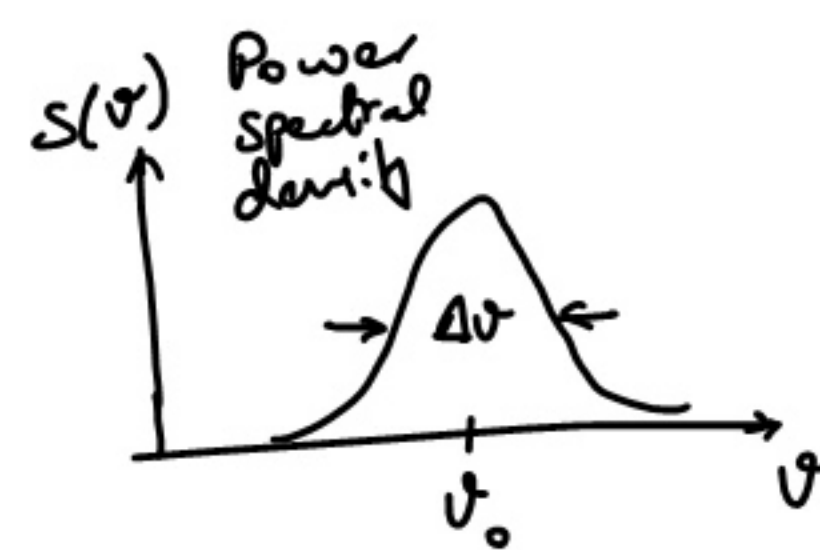
$$d_2 - d_1 = \frac{m\lambda}{2}$$



Monochromatic

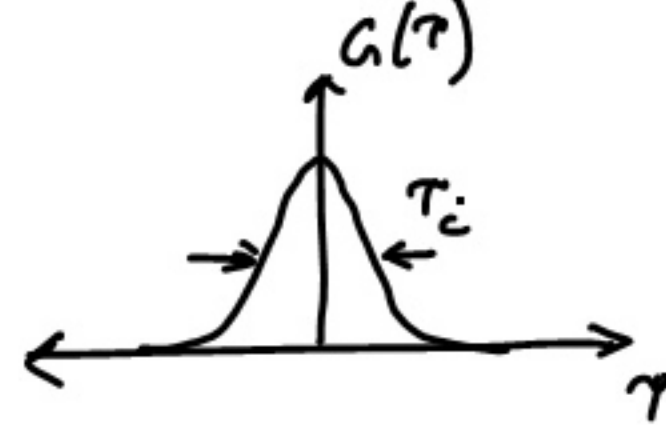
 \Rightarrow 

Non-ideal
(practical)

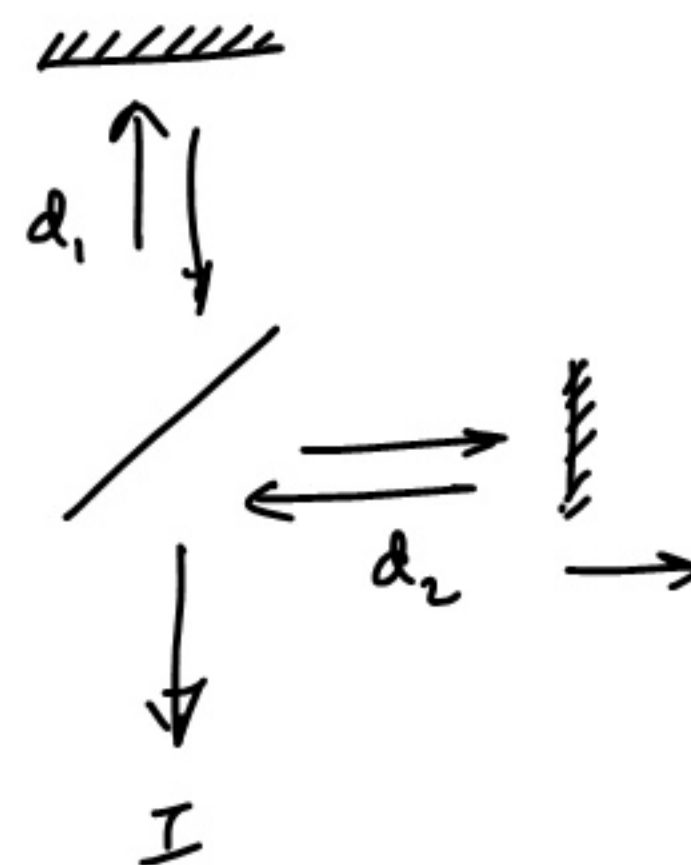
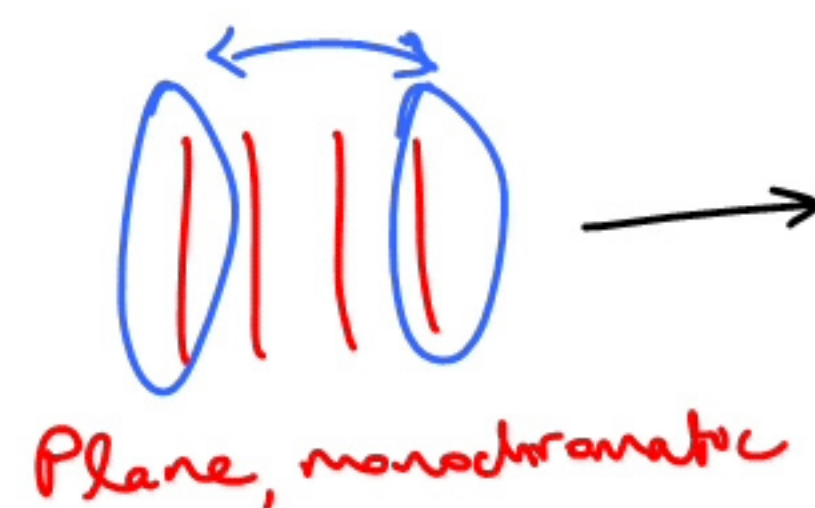
 \Rightarrow 

Weiner - Khinchin
Theorem

$$S(\nu) = \int_{-16}^{16} g(\tau) \exp(-j2\pi\nu\tau) d\tau$$



Coherence of Light:



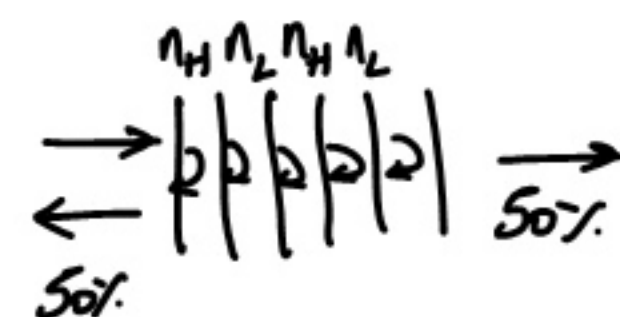
$$\langle U_1^*(t) U_2(t) \rangle$$

Auto $G(\tau)$
correlation $\langle U_1^*(t) U_1(t+\tau) \rangle$

$$U_0 e^{-j\omega_0 t} U_0 e^{j\omega_0(t+\tau)} = U_0^2 e^{j\omega_0 \tau}$$

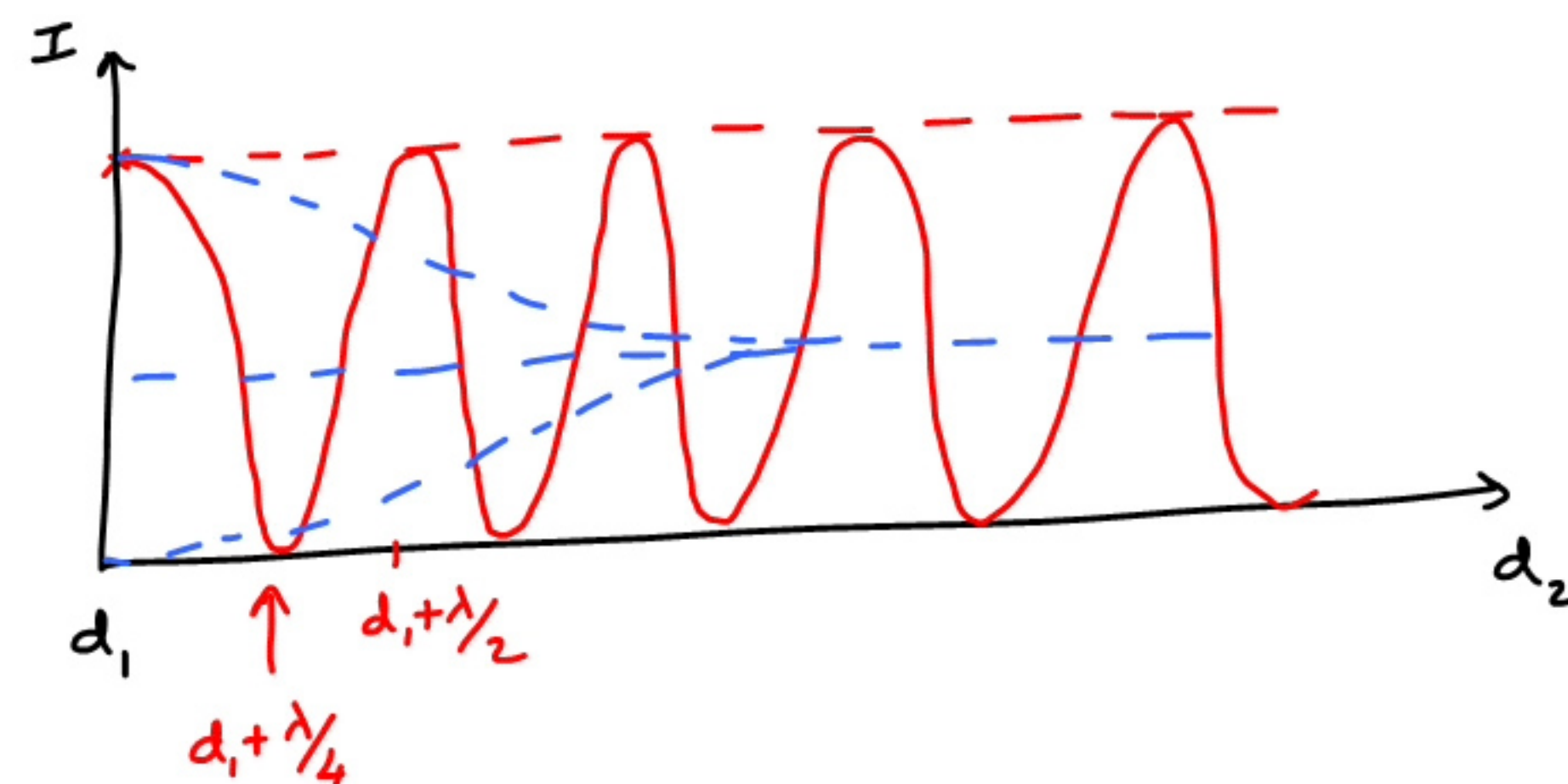
$$\text{Degree of coherence } g(\tau) = \frac{G(\tau)}{\langle U^*(t) U(t) \rangle}$$

$$0 \leq |g(\tau)| \leq 1$$




$$\Delta\phi = \frac{2\pi}{\lambda} 2(d_2 - d_1) = 2\pi m$$

$$d_2 - d_1 = \frac{m\lambda}{2}$$



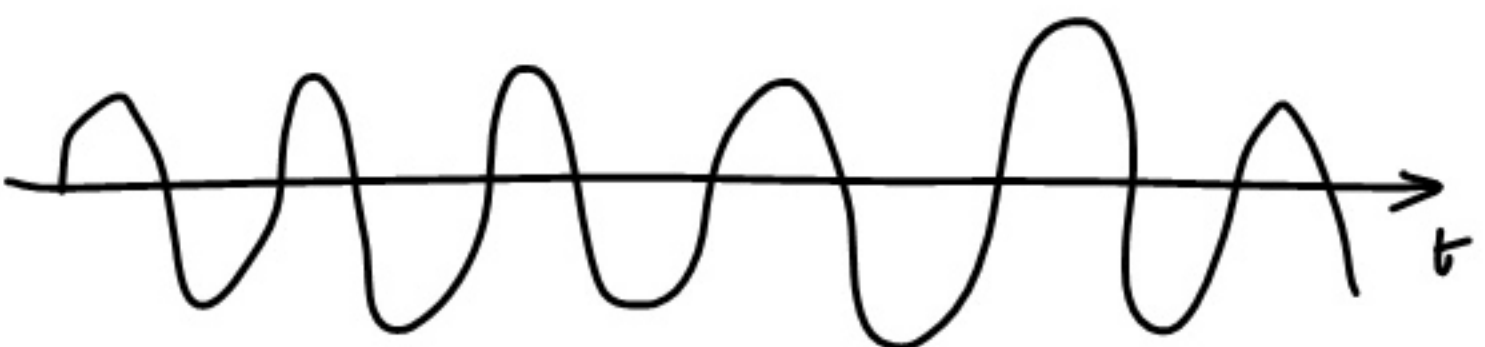
Lec 04 Interferometers - Windows Journal

File Edit View Insert Actions Tools Help




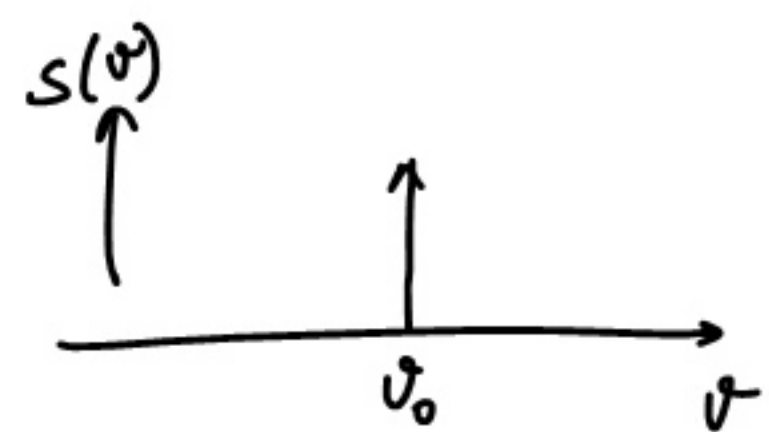
0 ≤ |g(τ)| ≤ 1

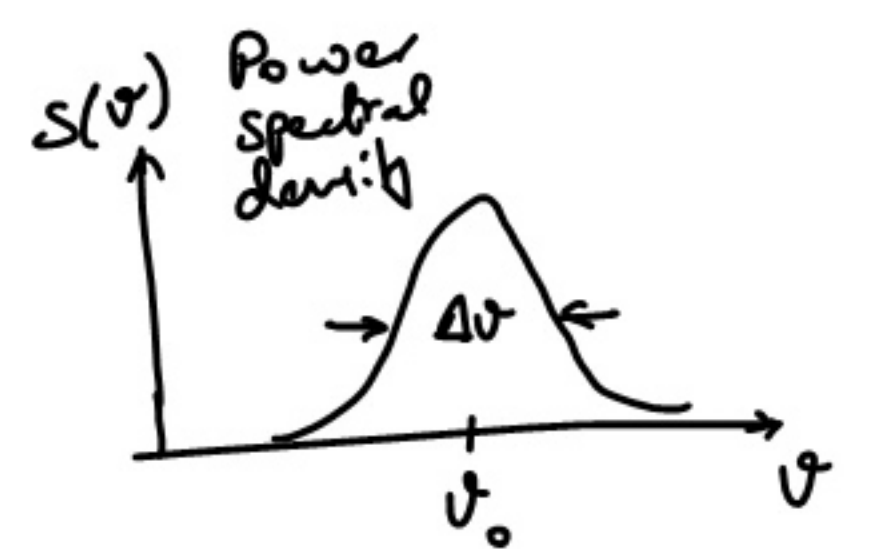
Monochromatic



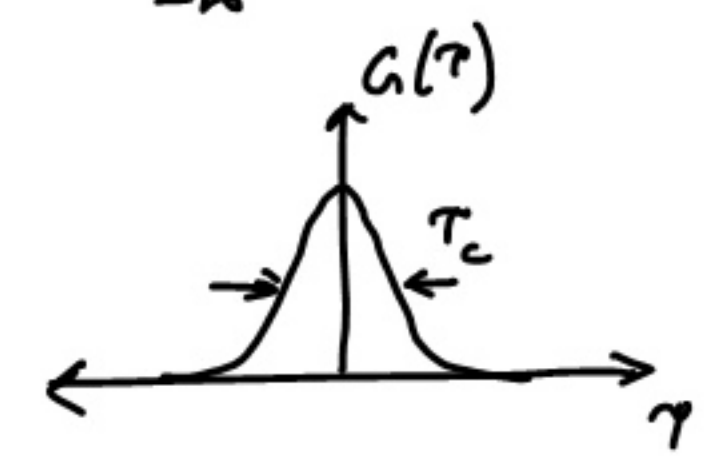
Non-ideal (practical)



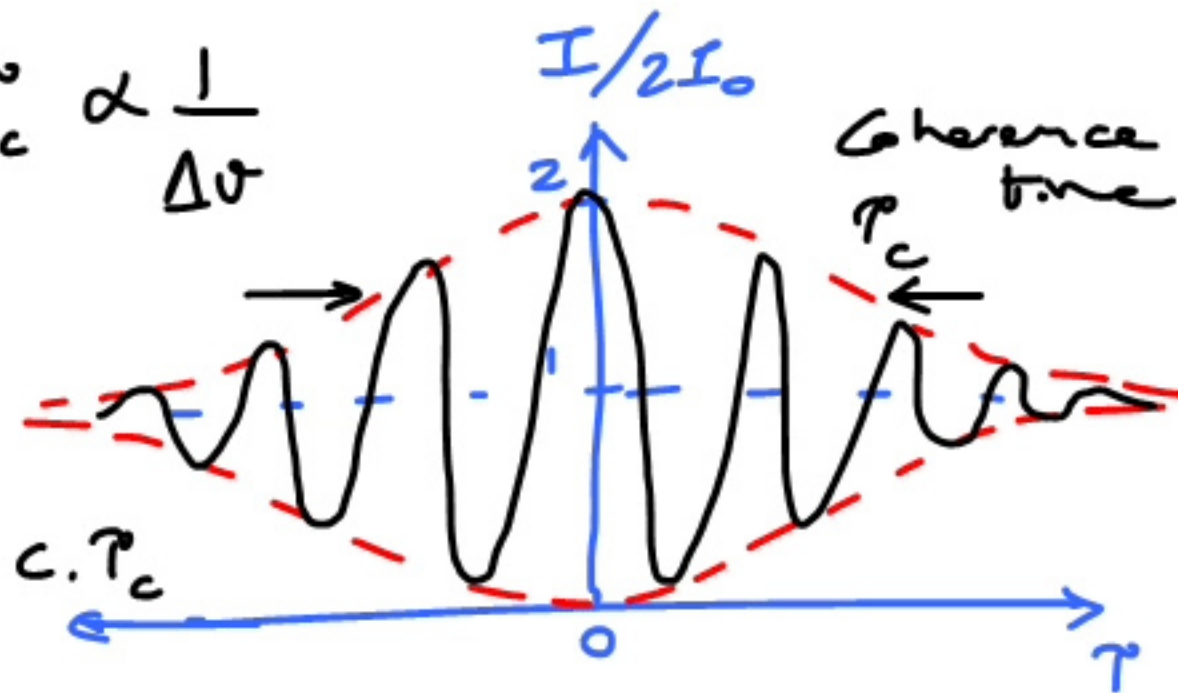




Weiner - Khinchin theorem

$$S(\nu) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} g(\tau) \exp(-j2\pi\nu\tau) d\tau$$


Coherence time $\tau_c \propto \frac{1}{\Delta\nu}$



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10:47 AM 8/9/2018