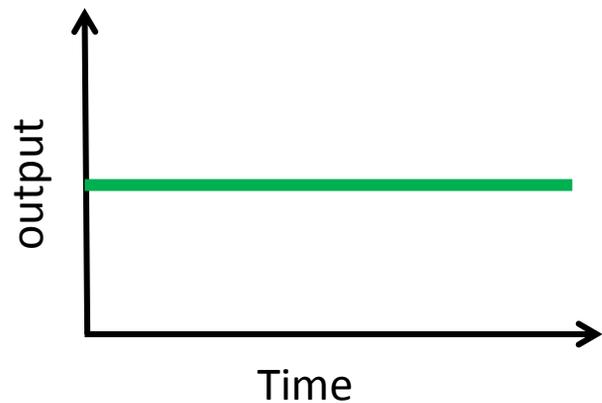
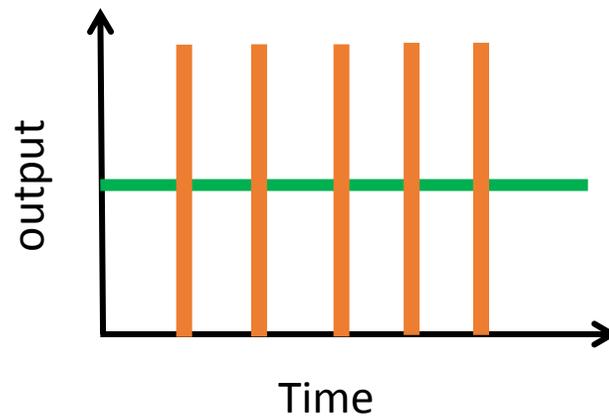


# Type Of LASER

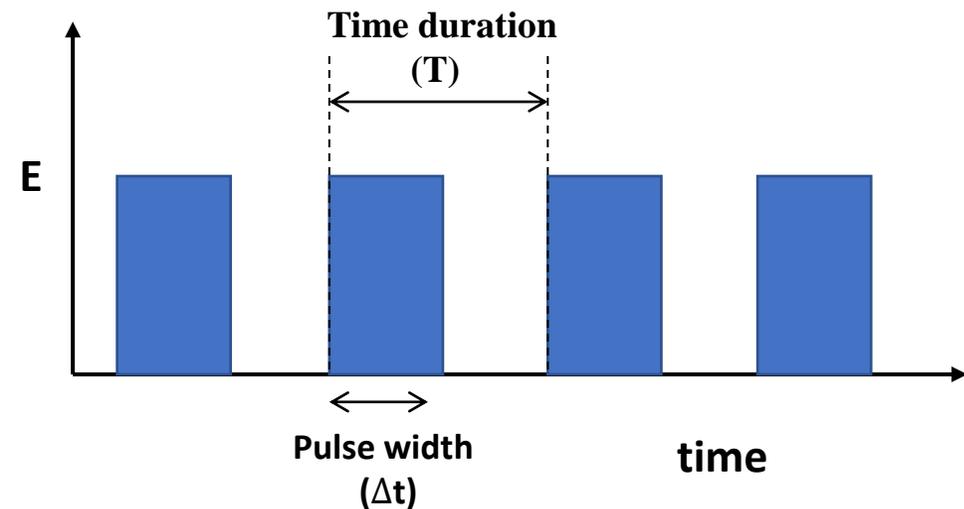
- Depending upon output, Laser are of two types:
  - Continuous Wave(CW)
  - Pulsed Laser



**Continuous Wave LASER**



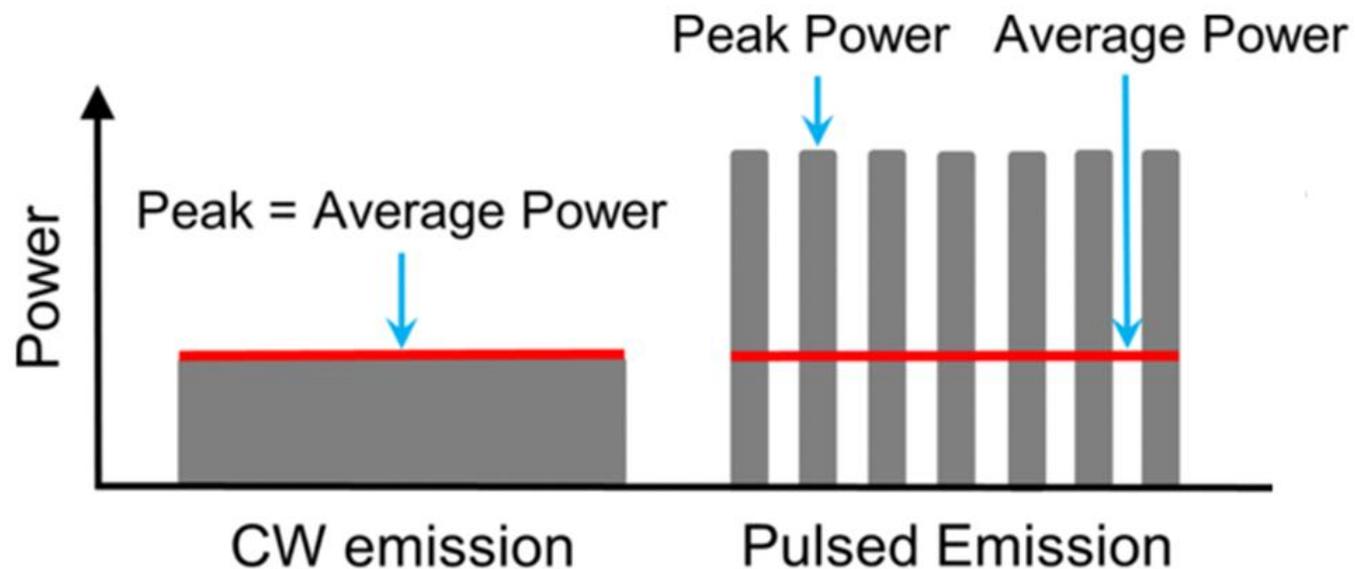
**Pulse LASER**



**Characteristic of Pulsed Laser**

# Peak Power and Average power

- Average Power( $P_{avg}$ ) =  $\frac{E}{T}$       E = Energy, T = time duration
- Peak Power( $P_{peak}$ ) =  $\frac{E}{\Delta t}$        $\Delta t$  = Pulse width
- Duty cycle of Laser is time for which Laser is on, over a period of time(T) and it is define as:  $\frac{\Delta t}{T} = \frac{P_{avg}}{P_{peak}}$



# Pulse Shape

- Pulse shape is temporal profile of pulse.
- Time bandwidth product =  $\Delta t \times \Delta \nu$

$\Delta t$  = pulse width     $\Delta \nu$  = spectral band width

This time bandwidth product sets a limit on minimum temporal width for a given spectral width and vice versa, known as transformation limit. For example hyper secant pulses have time bandwidth product = 0.31

