

Unit 2 - Week 1: Introduction to sprays and atomization

Register for Certification exam	Assignment 1
Course outline	The due date for submitting this assignment has passed. As per our records you have not submitted this assignment. Due on 2019-02-13, 23:59 IST.
How to access the portal	1) The evaporation rate of liquid by increasing the surface 1 point area of the liquid.
Week 1: Introduction to sprays and atomization Introduction to sprays and their	 increases decreases remains constant become zero
applications	No, the answer is incorrect. Score: 0
Temporal Sampling	increases
 Spatial Vs Temporal Sampling example problem 	2) The initial diameter of the liquid droplet is 1mm and it breaks into 1 point 1 point 1 point 10 ²
Steady vs unsteady spray	$0 10^{5}$ 10^{6}
Week - 1 Feedback Form	10^9
Quiz : Assignment 1	Score: 0 Accepted Answers:
Week 2: Drop size and velocity distributions	 10⁶ 3) For the above question, what is the order of increase in surface area? <i>1 point</i>
Week 3: Atomizers and their designs	10 100

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Spray Theory - - Unit 2 - Week 1: Introduction to...

theory	4) The properties of the spray are considered to be when 1 point
Week 6: Atomization theory	the time stamp of instantaneous spray image is indistinguishable.
	steady
Week 7: Spray theory	uniform
	non-uniform
Week 8: Spray theory	No, the answer is incorrect.
Week 9: Practical aspects of atomizer	Accepted Answers: steady 5) what are the scalar properties of the spray 1 point
fabrication and manufacturing	O drop size and velocity
Week 10:	drop size and temperature
Multiphase flow	velocity and concentration
models of sprays	
Week 11: Multiphase flow	No, the answer is incorrect. Score: 0
sprays	Accepted Answers:
Week 12: Spray evaporation and	6) Among the following which are microscopic measure of a spray? 1 point
combustion	Rate of evaporation and penetration length
DOWNLOAD	Velocity distribution and spray angle
VIDEOS	Size and velocity distribution
	mass flow rate and spray (width or spread)
	No, the answer is incorrect.
	Accepted Answers:
	Size and velocity distribution
	⁷⁾ Consider a semi-infinite pipe with the entry to the pipe located at 1 point $x=0$. Into this pipe, three classes of drops are being injected: 10μ m drops are being injected at 100 drops per second with a velocity $1m/s$, 20μ m drops are being injected at 200 drops per second with a velocity $0.2m/s$ and 50μ m drops are being injected at 500 drop per second with a velocity $0.5m/s$. If the drops are sampled temporally for a time of 1 second, what is the arithmetic mean diameter of the sample?
	36.5μm
	🤍 37.5μm
	🤍 38.5μm
	💭 39.5μm
	No, the answer is incorrect. Score: 0
	Accepted Answers:
	37.5μm

8) For the above question, if the drops are sampled spatially with the **1** point frame containing 1m of the pipe, what will be the sample mean diameter?

 33.8µm 21.2µm 46.5µm 12.8µm 	
No, the answer is incorrect. Score: 0 Accepted Answers:	ß
33.8μm 9) For the above question, the sampling frame increased to 5m then the mean diameter	1 point
 Increases 5 times Increases 25 times remains same 	fa fa
 Decreases 5 times No, the answer is incorrect. Score: 0 Accepted Answers: remains same 10%t what condition the spatial and temporal sampling will be same? 	1 point
 The velocity of the droplets are all same The production rates of droplets are all same The size of the droplets are all same None of the above. 	1 point
No, the answer is incorrect. Score: 0 Accepted Answers: None of the above.	

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